

#### ABOUT THE COVER



**Criminalistics Laboratory** 

The Criminalistics Laboratory was dedicated in March 2012 by the Johnson County Sheriff's Office. At the dedication of the Crime Lab, Sheriff Frank Denning said, "Forensic science is the future of law enforcement and with this facility we not only will continue to keep our community safe through the latest technology and expertise but also continue to be the national model for forensic sciences."

The Crime Lab, accredited by ASCLD/LAB-International, provides forensic science services to all law enforcement agencies within Johnson County, including approximately 26 Johnson County police and fire departments. The project was funded by revenue from a quarter-cent sales tax for public safety uses approved by Johnson County voters in 2008. The new state-of-the-art, two-story Criminalistics Laboratory features nine specialized laboratories.

Johnson County has applied for LEED Platinum certification from the United States Green Building Council for the new public safety facility. LEED Platinum certification is the highest rating a building can achieve under the council's Leadership Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Green Building System. LEED certification is the nationally accepted benchmark for the design, construction, and operation of high performance sustainable buildings.



# JOHNSON COUNTY, KANSAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended December 31, 2012

Prepared by:

Treasury and Financial Management

Accounting and Financial Reporting Division

### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

#### Johnson County, Kansas For the year ended December 31, 2012

#### **Table of Contents**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	8
Organizational Chart	9
Elected Officials	10
Appointed Officials	11
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	17
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	29
Statement of Activities	30
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	31
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	33
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	35
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	
Net Position – Proprietary Funds	38
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	39
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	41
Notes to the Financial Statements	43
Required Supplementary Information	89
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	95
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue	96
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue	98
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Debt Service	100
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Debt Service	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Projects	102
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Capital Projects	103

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Funds:	404
Developmental Supports Fund	
Library Fund	
Stream Maintenance Fund	
Mental Health Fund	
Developer Fees	
Public Health Fund	
911 Fund	
911 Telephone Fund	
District Attorney Forfeited Property	
Sheriff Forfeited Property	
Controlled Substance	
Alcohol Tax Fund	
Prosecutor Training Fund	
911 Wireless Telephone Fund	
Weapons Licensure Fund	118
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Debt Service Funds:	
Debt Service Fund	
Library Special Use Fund	120
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Stormwater Fund	
Public Works Fund	
County Building Fund	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Non-Major Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Positi	
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Non-Major Enterprise Funds	129
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	131
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	400
Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds	136
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	137
STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Net Position by Component	140
Changes in Net Position	141
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	142
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	143
Government-wide Revenues	144
Government-wide Expenses by Function	145
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property	148
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates and Levies	150
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and	
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	152
Special Assessment Billings and Collections	154
Legal General Obligation Debt Margin Computation	155
Direct and Overlapping Debt Computation	156
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Legal Debt Margin Information	160

Public Building Commission Revenue Bond Coverage	161
Demographic Statistics	
Principal Taxpayers and Employers	164
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	165
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	
Value of New Construction	167
Bank and Savings and Loan Deposits	168
Miscellaneous Statistics:	
Gross Sales and Sales Tax Collections	169
Payroll by Industry	170
Tax Rates for Selected Kansas Counties	170
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	171
Number of Employees	
County Road System	173
Unified Wastewater District	173
Summary of Insurance in Force	

(This page left blank intentionally)

# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

#### Johnson County, Kansas



June 10, 2013

To the Honorable Chair and Commissioners of the Governing Board, and the Citizens of Johnson County:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Johnson County, Kansas (the County), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. Kansas statutes require the County to publish a complete set of annual financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) of the United States, and audited by an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants. The CAFR is prepared in accordance with GAAP and with the principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and it is audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted (GAAS) in the United States of America.

#### **Accounting and Internal Controls**

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

#### **Independent Audit**

The County's basic financial statements have been audited by Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C., an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants that has issued an unqualified opinion that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the County is part of a broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a document titled *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors in the *Financial Section* of this CAFR.

#### PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

Johnson County was organized as a county on September 7, 1857. The County was named for the Reverend Thomas Johnson, founder of the Shawnee Methodist Mission and Indian Manual Labor School in 1830. The County encompasses about 477 square miles and includes twenty incorporated cities and nine townships within its boundaries. The City of Olathe, located in the center of the County, was named as the County seat in 1858. Three major westward migration routes traversed Johnson County: the Santa Fe Trail, the Oregon Trail, and the California Road.

The highest authority in the Johnson County Government is the electorate. Voters choose the Board of County Commissioners (the Board). The Board consists of a Chairman and six district commissioners. The Chairman of the Commission is elected on a countywide basis and serves as a full-time County official. The six District Commissioners serve as part-time County officials and are elected by residents in specific geographical areas, or districts, of the County. The Board meets in regular business session once each week. The Commissioners serve staggered, four-year terms with no term limitations.

In addition to the Board of County Commissioners, the voters elect the District Attorney and the Sheriff. These positions are elected at large and serve four-year terms with no term limitations.

Johnson County government has a Council-Manager form of government. Under this form of government, the Board appoints a professional County Manager to administer a variety of County functions. The County Manager is responsible for policy implementation, budget development and implementation, and the appointment and supervision of certain department directors.

In addition to the County Manager, the Board also appoints members to serve in an advisory capacity for five agency governing boards: Airport Commission; Developmental Supports Board; Library Board; Mental Health Board; and the Parks and Recreation District Board. The governing boards for these five agencies are responsible for a number of items, including the appointment and direction of an Executive Director for their respective agency and the submission by each agency of an annual budget request to the Board of County Commissioners.

The County provides a full range of services, including public safety and judiciary, health and human services, cultural and recreational activities, and public works and transportation.

#### THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

This CAFR includes the financial activities of the primary government, which also encompasses several enterprise activities, and the financial activities of the County's

component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and/or legally separate organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Public Building Commission (PBC) is a component unit of Johnson County. The PBC Board is comprised of the same members as the Board of County Commissioners. For financial reporting purposes, the PBC's operations are presented as a blended component unit (i.e., as though it was a fund of the County).

The Parks and Recreation District (the District) is also a component unit of Johnson County. The District is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County is financially accountable for the District, because the County's Board approves the District's operating budget and levies taxes to fund the District. For financial reporting purposes, the District is shown as a discretely presented component unit.

Other independent agencies exist for schools and municipal utilities. They do not meet the definition of a component unit and are not included in this report. The County cannot impose its will on these agencies, nor is there any financial benefit or burden to the County, nor any fiscal dependency on the County by these agencies.

#### **Budgetary Information**

The Board of County Commissioners plans for the orderly operation of the County by the adoption of a balanced annual budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures, as required by Kansas statutes. It is the responsibility of all elected officials, agency directors, governing boards, and employees to exercise good stewardship in the management of public funds and resources for which they are responsible according to applicable statutes, the Board policy and priorities, and approved budgets. The County maintains an encumbrance accounting system as another method of accomplishing budgetary control.

Since budgets must be formulated well in advance of their execution, the Board recognizes that it can become necessary to amend a fund's budget. Budgets will be amended only for an emergency or other unanticipated need. In such cases, budgets will only be amended in accordance with Kansas statutes.

The statutes establish the overall legal level of control at the fund level by prohibiting expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### **Local Economy**

Johnson County's economy has experienced nearly unprecedented growth and diversification over the last several decades and has become one of the most dynamic metro-centers in the nation's heartland. Johnson County is a thriving force in the metropolitan Kansas City area and continues to be an attractive location for both families and businesses. According to the County Economic Research Institute Inc. (CERI), Johnson County enables the State of Kansas and the Kansas City metropolitan area to

successfully compete with the nation's other premier business locations, attracting investment from throughout the world.

Johnson County's population has grown dramatically in the recent decades and has become the state's largest county with an estimated population of approximately 559,000 in 2012. Johnson County has also grown in its proportion of population of both the State of Kansas and the Kansas City region. Johnson County leads the State in population density with more than 1,100 residents per square mile.

Between 2003 and 2012, the number of full and part-time jobs increased from 290,619 to 296,704 - a 2.1% increase. At the end of 2012, Johnson County's civilian labor force totaled 283,455 members and the unemployment rate was 5.2%, as compared to the national unemployment rate of 8.1%.

The number of businesses with payroll employment in the County grew from 16,281 establishments in 2003 to 17,033 in 2012 - an increase of 752 businesses or 4.6%. At this pace, Johnson County adds 75 new businesses annually or 6.3 per month. Numerous Fortune 1,000 companies have located offices in the greater Kansas City area, with a few headquartered in Johnson County, including Sprint Nextel Corporation.

Over \$603 million dollars in Kansas State sales tax was collected in Johnson County. This amounted to approximately 25% of the state's total revenue from this source.

In 2012, Johnson County had the highest assessed valuation in the State of Kansas. However, the assessed valuation for Johnson County decreased .417% from the previous year. This downturn in assessed valuations is only the third time in Johnson County's history to show a decline in valuations. The County saw a slight increase in 2011 after two previous years of decline in assessed valuations. Wealth levels and housing values still exceed state averages as Johnson County continues to weather the national recession.

Johnson County has the lowest mill levy rate of all 105 counties in Kansas. The Board of County Commissioners was successful in maintaining a constant mill levy for 2012. The second lowest county in terms of mill levy rate is almost 50 percent higher than the 17.717 mills levied in Johnson County.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives**

The Board of County Commissioners has developed several strategic goals to align financial decisions for the County to the services being provided to the community. The Board is committed to be responsible stewards of the taxpayers' money, to provide the best possible mandatory and discretionary services, to build a "Community of Choice," and to advance a positive organizational work environment.

The fiscal year 2013 budget reflects a prudent and realistic approach, with an emphasis on maintaining existing services and capital assets. Overall, the adopted budget maintains the quality of life for Johnson County residents, including a reasonable tax burden. The 2013 budget was developed in accordance with the Board of County Commissioner's strategic goals, which align financial decisions to the services provided to the community. The FY2013 budget accomplishes two of the Board's highest fiscal priorities: (1) maintain a constant mill levy for FY 2013 and (2) position the County to eliminate its remaining structural deficit in FY 2014.

The Board's first goal is to be "responsible stewards of the taxpayers' money." The 2013 budget was adopted with a total mill levy of 23.209. The mill levy broken down by taxing

district is 17.717 for Johnson County, 3.149 for the Library, and 2.343 for the Park and Recreation District. The Board is also committed to funding continuing operating expenditures with on-going revenue sources, to maintaining sufficient General Fund reserves for unanticipated and unusual circumstances, and to estimating revenues conservatively to avoid budget shortfalls.

The second goal for the Board is to "provide the best possible mandatory and discretionary services." Providing quality services to residents is at the heart of what makes Johnson County government an excellent organization. The FY 2013 Budget continues to meet the needs of the community, while planning for the future. Preserving the quality of services provided was one of the guiding principles behind the development of the FY2013 Budget. Every effort was made to preserve the quality and level of services when budget reductions were considered.

The Board's third goal is to "build a Community of Choice where people want to live and work." The Board's commitment to this goal is demonstrated by allocating \$12.7 million to the County Assistance Road System (CARS), a joint partnership with local cities in 2013. The County has contributed over \$72 million to this successful partnership with the cities during the past five years. Continued support to public libraries and park and recreation activities are secure in the FY 2013 Budget as well. The Park and Recreation District mill levy remained at 3.149 mills.

The fourth goal for the Board is to "empower employee innovation and productivity." Maintaining adequate employee compensation and benefits during a slowed economy and during a time when departments are asked to reduce budgets is not an easy task. Johnson County recognizes that its employees are its greatest asset. Merit based pay increases were not given in fiscal year 2009, halved in 2010 and postponed in 2011 due to budget constraints. The 2012 budget allocated funds for a modest 1.5% merit increase pool for employees while the 2013 budget provides a merit pool of 2.5%. The 2013 budget also includes a recommendation to allocate \$30.8 million for the employer contribution to the Health Care Fund, along with some plan design changes which should result in no 2013 employee contribution rate increases. The County's benefits program continues to place an increased emphasis on wellness programs, which have been shown to reduce costs in the long range.

As a result of the past few years of reducing the overall workforce at the County, current priorities going forward include retaining core service area staff, managing workload concerns, addressing morale issues and stemming healthcare costs. The pace of recovery is slow and the County continues to take a cautious approach to filling only positions deemed essential for service delivery.

The long-term financial forecast presents a number of challenges for Johnson County. The County's tax base is forecasted to decrease slightly in 2013 after a relatively small increase in 2012, preceded by two years of decreases in 2010 and 2011. The reduction in 2013 is due to State legislation which decreased the personal property portion of assessed valuation, and countywide declines in value in the residential and commercial real estate market. Management of the County is optimistic that the largest revenue source, property taxes, will hit bottom sometime in 2013 and will then recover slowly to pre-recession levels over the next four to five years.

The multi-year projections show a constant mill levy of 23.209 mills for FY 2013 through FY 2017. This is accomplished through use of carryover of \$5.4 million in 2013. Original projections in the 2013 budget called for the use of \$7.1 million of carryover in 2014. However, improved revenue projections have eliminated the need for budget reductions

and the use of carryover for FY 2014. Use of carryover as projected would reduce fund balances to their required minimum levels plus some additional margin to allow for potential revenue volatility, including future budgetary actions at the State level. Revised projections indicate that over the next five years, a balanced budget will be obtained for the FY 2014 to FY 2018 budgets, assuming no significant changes to legislation that would impact County expenditures.

For the 2013 budget preparation cycle, the County implemented a new program to solicit citizen input on budgetary issues. A budget simulator was designed and posted on the County's website. Citizens were invited to provide input on various County services and how they would rank them. Additionally, the County held a series of focus groups throughout the County to get additional feedback from the community. While the focus of the citizen engagement process was to determine which services citizens viewed as high priorities, it also gave insight into respondents' underlying values. Looking forward, it will be critical for County government to stay in tune with the overall values and standards of the community.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The County's policy is to fund on-going expenditures with on-going revenues. For 2013, the adopted General Fund budget includes the use of reserves to balance the operating budget. This use of reserves to balance the budget is a temporary measure that is available due to the significant fund balance in the General Fund. Even with the use of reserves, the projected fund balance for the year ending December 31, 2013 is anticipated to be approximately \$66.4 million, or 26% of the General Fund revenues (excluding intra-fund transfers and the General Fund cost allocations), exceeding County policy of a reserve calculated to be from 20% to 25% of revenues.

Recently, the Board of County Commissioners approved a revised Reserves Policy that will take effect for 2013. This new policy is expected to generate a reserve amount that ranges between 20% and 25% of estimated annual General Fund net revenues. This will account for fluctuations throughout the year and will address the recent changes in rating agency criteria.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements:**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded its *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2011. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year the County applied for and received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a *Certificate of Achievement*, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A *Certificate of Achievement* is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the 2012 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the *Certificate of Achievement* program requirements, and we will submit it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for certification.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's *Distinguished Budget Award* for its annual Capital and Operating Budgets document for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2013. The County has received this award twenty-three times. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Our appreciation is extended to the Board of County Commissioners for their continued support in maintaining the highest standards for financial reporting. Our gratitude is also expressed to the various elected officials, agency and department heads, as well as employees responsible for contributing to the sound financial position of Johnson County. In particular, special thanks are extended to all Treasury and Financial Management staff for their contributions to this year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Special gratitude is due to the Accounting staff of Treasury and Financial Management: Deputy Director Kevin Hiskey, Accounting and Financial Reporting Manager Nancy Torneden, Senior Accountants Jim Longmire, Julie Highfill, and Lisa Yu and Accountants Jerry Verhulst, and Gary Doggett and Cash Manager Tom Robben; for their hours of commitment to excellence. We would also like to acknowledge the accounting firm of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. for their review and comments in the preparation of this report.

Thomas G. Franzen, CTP, CPFO
Director of Treasury and
Financial Management

Hannes Zacharias County Manager

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Johnson County Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial
Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers
Association of the United States and Canada to
government units and public employee retirement
systems whose comprehensive annual financial
reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest
standards in government accounting
and financial reporting.

OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA OPRPORATION SEAT OF THE OPRPORATION OPRPORATION SEAT OF THE OPPORATION OPRPORATION SEAT OF THE OPPORATION OPPORATION SEAT OF THE OPPORATION OPPORATION SEAT OF THE OPPORATION OPP

Updated 8/29/12

# **Elected Officials**

**As of December 31, 2012** 

Board	l of
-------	------

0 1 0 1	1	<b>-</b>	<b>D</b>
County Commissioners	Length of Service	Term Expires	<u>Position</u>
Ed Eilert	5 years	2015	Chairman
C. Edward Peterson	9 years	2015	1st District
James P. Allen	3 years	2013	2nd District
David A. Lindstrom	9 years	2013	3rd District
Jason L. Osterhaus	1 year	2015	4th District
Michael L. Ashcraft	1 year	2015	5th District
Calvin Hayden	3 years	2013	6th District
Elected Officials			
Frank Denning	7 years	2013	Sheriff
Stephen M. Howe	3 years	2013	District Attorney

# **Appointed Officials**

as of December 31, 2012

Appointed Officials	Position	Length of Service to Johnson County	Other Government Service
Hannes Zacharias	County Manager	11 years	23 years
Penny Postoak Ferguson	Deputy County Manager	3 years	8 years
Don Jarrett	Director of Legal Services/Chief Counsel	27 years	
Ted McFarlane	Chief of Emergency Medical Service	12 years	26 years
Paul Welcome	County Appraiser	21 years	11 years
Bill Miller	County Auditor	8 years	39 years
Sean Casserley	County Librarian	7 months	
Scott Neufeld	Director of Budget and Financial Planning	18 years	7 years
Elizabeth Gillespie	Director of Corrections	6 years	33 years
Walt Way	Director of Emergency Management & Communications	40 years	
Joe Waters	Director of Facilities	18 years	5 years
Lougene Marsh	Director of Health and Environmental	4 years	25 years
Becky Salter	Director of Human Resources	5 years	10 years
Deborah Collins	Director of Human Services	27 years	
Mindi Love	Director of Museum	14 years	4 years
Michael Meadors	Director of Parks and Recreation	27 years	4 years
Dean Palos	Director of Planning	24 years	10 years
Brian Pietig - Interim	Director of Public works & Infrastructure/County Engineer	13 years	1.5 years
John Bartolac	Director of Records and Tax Administration	19 years	11 years
Paul Haugan	Director of Technology & Innovation	6 months	10 years
Alice M. Amrein	Director of Transportation	24 years	1 year
Tom Franzen	Director of Treasury and Financial Management/County Treasurer	14 years	
Brian Newby	Election Commissioner	8 years	7 years
Lee Metcalfe	Executive Director of Airports	24 years	4 years
Maury Thompson	Executive Director of Developmental Supports	21 years	2 years
Maureen Womack	Executive Director of Mental Health	1 year	
John O'Neil	Wastewater General Manager	24 years	8 years

(This page left blank intentionally)

# FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Johnson County, Kansas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County, Kansas (County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County, Kansas, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2013 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 10, 2013 Wichita, Kansas (This page left blank intentionally)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Johnson County, Kansas (the County) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$690,991,846 (net position). Of this amount, \$213,405,246 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$31,044,269 during the fiscal year.
- As of December 31, 2012, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$215,500,988. Approximately 80 percent of this total amount, \$172,339,129, is available to meet the County's current and future needs.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the County's primary operating fund, the General Fund, was \$93,186,749 or 35 percent of total general fund expenditures of \$265,913,192. Approximately 85 percent of this total amount, \$79,414,779 is available to meet the County's current and future needs.
- The County's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation increased by \$31,687,751 or 4 percent.
- The County's total long-term debt increased by \$27,854,998 (6 percent) during the current fiscal year. This was due to the issuance of debt for various Unified Wastewater projects.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements include three components: 1) **Government-wide** financial statements, 2) **Fund** financial statements and 3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position is measured as the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public works, public safety, health and human services, planning and economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include an airport, wastewater treatment, transportation operations and the Public Building Commission.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Parks and Recreation District for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize their status as legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The Parks and Recreation District is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

Included within the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements are the operations of the Johnson County Public Building Commission (PBC). Although legally separate from the County, this component unit is blended with the primary government for the following reasons: the County is financially accountable for the PBC, the PBC has substantially the same governing board as the County, and the PBC provides services entirely to the County. Accordingly, the PBC is reported as an enterprise fund of the primary government.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into the following three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.* 

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements (i.e., most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental

funds). However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances both provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the County charges customers. These customers include both external customers and internal units or departments of the County. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as
   business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The
   County uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of its airport,
   transportation operations, wastewater services and the Public Building
   Commission. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate
   information for the Unified Wastewater District and for the PBC, both of
   which are considered to be major funds of the County.
- Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for certain County programs and activities. The County uses internal service funds to account for its risk management and self-insured health care. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. The County's agency funds are reported under the fiduciary funds. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs, they are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's and the Parks and Recreation District Component Unit's progress in funding their other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) obligations to their employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on OPEB obligations.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Johnson County's Net Position									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal			
	2012	2011	2012	2011					
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$424,474,431	\$427,391,714	\$168,060,738	\$164,380,524	\$ 592,535,169	\$ 591,772,238			
Capital assets	180,983,266	180,630,572	726,707,756	695,372,699	907,691,022	876,003,271			
Total assets	605,457,697	608,022,286	894,768,494	859,753,223	1,500,226,191	1,467,775,509			
Deferred Outflows	34,175	-	2,732,984	-	2,767,159	-			
Liabilities:									
Long-term liabilities outstanding	42,671,980	38,315,916	554,904,481	517,719,196	597,576,461	556,035,112			
Other liabilities	38,360,314	192,541,493	19,673,526	59,251,327	58,033,840	251,792,820			
Total liabilities	81,032,294	230,857,409	574,578,007	576,970,523	655,610,301	807,827,932			
Deferred Inflows	149,336,565	-	7,054,638	-	156,391,203	-			
Net position:									
Net investment in									
capital assets	169,788,763	169,561,067	261,009,918	245,440,082	430,798,681	415,001,149			
Restricted	41,550,230	51,984,899	5,237,689	2,937,327	46,787,919	54,922,226			
Unrestricted	163,784,020	155,618,911	49,621,226	34,405,291	213,405,246	190,024,202			
Total net position	\$375,123,013	\$377,164,877	\$315,868,833	\$282,782,700	\$ 690,991,846	\$ 659,947,577			

**Analysis of Net Position.** As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the County, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$690,991,846 at the close of the current fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position (62 percent) reflects its investment of \$430,798,681 in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$46,787,919 (7 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$213,405,246 (31 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As stated earlier, at the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report an increase in total net position of \$31,044,269. The following table reflects the revenues and expenses for the County's activities for the year ended December 31, 2012, and illustrates the comparison between 2012 and the prior year:

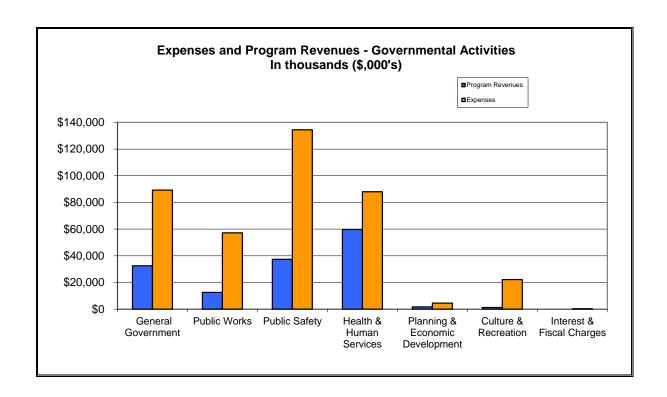
Johnson County's Changes in Net Position											
	Government	Governmental Activities   Business-type Activities   Total     2012   2011   2012   2011   2012   2011									
	2012	2012 2011		2011	2012	2011					
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 100,892,823	\$ 96,803,304	\$118,206,182	\$102,341,174	\$ 219,099,005	\$199,144,478					
Operating grants and contributions	43,176,763	44,051,060	5,508,995	10,870,046	48,685,758	54,921,106					
Capital grants and contributions	1,090,021	600,946	9,062,916	2,042,248	10,152,937	2,643,194					
General revenues:											
Property taxes	172,891,220	171,345,442	1,562	-	172,892,782	171,345,442					
Sales taxes	64,721,509	63,692,635	-	-	64,721,509	63,692,635					
Other taxes	3,748,232	1,192,532	-	-	3,748,232	1,192,532					
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,428,183	5,943,838	170,818	1,753,568	2,599,001	7,697,406					
Miscellaneous	9,453,724	7,886,283	-	43	9,453,724	7,886,326					
Total revenues	398,402,475	391,516,040	132,950,473	117,007,079	531,352,948	508,523,119					
Expenses, net of indirect cost allocation	n:										
General government	89,260,248	95,017,843	-	-	89,260,248	95,017,843					
Public w orks	57,263,096	40,142,917	-	-	57,263,096	40,142,917					
Public safety	134,415,158	130,269,355	-	-	134,415,158	130,269,355					
Health and human services	88,050,197	91,043,276	-	-	88,050,197	91,043,276					
Planning and economic development	4,539,943	5,833,935	-	-	4,539,943	5,833,935					
Culture and recreation	22,176,410	22,622,847	-	-	22,176,410	22,622,847					
Interest on long term debt	372,224	436,366	-	-	372,224	436,366					
Airport	-	-	4,751,998	5,472,916	4,751,998	5,472,916					
Unified w astew ater district	-	-	71,307,574	65,773,781	71,307,574	65,773,781					
Transportation	-	-	10,702,588	13,449,367	10,702,588	13,449,367					
Public Building Commission	-	-	17,469,243	17,977,394	17,469,243	17,977,394					
Total expenses	396,077,276	385,366,539	104,231,403	102,673,458	500,308,679	488,039,997					
Increase (decrease) in net											
position before transfers	2,325,199	6,149,501	28,719,070	14,333,621	31,044,269	20,483,122					
Transfers	(4,367,063)	(4,328,863)	4,367,063	4,328,863		· · · · ·					
Change in net position	(2,041,864)	1,820,638	33,086,133	18,662,484	31,044,269	20,483,122					
Net position - 1/1/12	377,164,877	375,344,239	282,782,700	264,120,216	659,947,577	639,464,455					
Net position - 12/31/12	\$ 375,123,013	\$377,164,877	\$315,868,833	\$282,782,700	\$ 690,991,846	\$659,947,577					

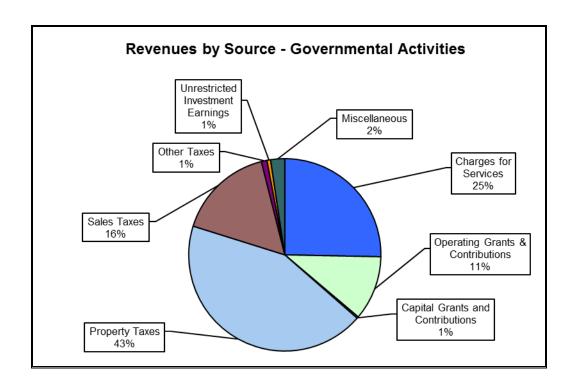
#### Analysis of Changes in Net Position.

#### **Governmental Activities**

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position related to governmental activities decreased by \$2,041,864. This decrease from the prior year is primarily due to increases in Public Works spending for capital outlay.

Total governmental expenses increased from 2011 to 2012. Expenses increased in the areas of public works and public safety. This is mainly due to increases in cost allocation of support services and maintenance of new facilities.



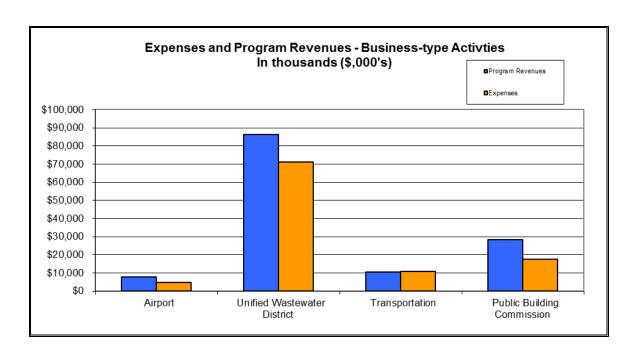


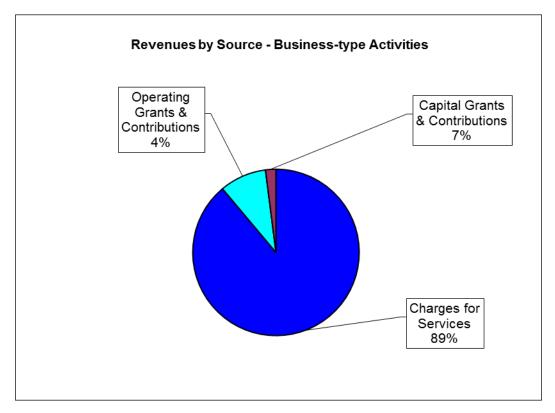
The chart above illustrates the County's governmental expenses and revenues by function, and revenues by source. As shown, public safety is the largest function in expense (34 percent), followed by general government (23 percent), health and human services (22 percent), and public works (14 percent). General revenues such as property, business, and sales taxes are not shown by program, but are effectively used to support program activities countywide. For governmental activities overall, without regard to program, property taxes is the largest single source of funds (43 percent), followed by charges for services (25 percent) and sales taxes (16 percent).

#### **Business-type Activities**

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position related to business-type activities increased by \$33,086,133, up from an increase of \$18,662,484 in net position for 2011. These increases are primarily the result of increased fees recorded in charges for services and increased capital grants received. Charges for services for business-type activities increased by 15.50%. The Public Building Commission accounts for a portion of the increase as building rents increased by approximately \$7.9M. Unified Wastewater District revenues were up approximately \$8.4M due to rate increases and increased usage.

Expenses increased only in the Unified Wastewater District, due to rising operating costs and increased depreciation expense.





The charts above and on the previous page illustrate the County's business-type activities' expenses and revenues by department, and its revenues by source. As expected, the primary source of revenue for business-type activities results from charges for services.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of Governmental funds reported by the County include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$215,500,988, an increase of \$4,552 from the prior year. Approximately 80% of this total amount, or \$172,339,129 constitutes fund balance that is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of the fund balance totaling \$43,161,859 is either non-spendable or restricted for specific spending; including \$1.6 million "not in spendable form" for items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items, and \$41.6 million restricted for programs at various levels.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the available fund balance of the general fund was \$79,414,779, while total fund balance was \$93,186,749. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 30 percent of total general fund expenditures of \$265,913,192, while total fund balance represents 35 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance in the County's general fund has decreased by \$5,933,915 during the current fiscal year. Total revenue in the general fund was \$269 million, an increase of \$6.9 million over the previous year. Total expenditures increased in the areas of general government and public safety, but were still less than total revenues received. The decrease in fund balance is primarily due to the planned use of reserves.

The capital projects fund had an increase in fund balance of \$4,549,308 during the current fiscal year. This increase is due to the timing of capital project spending.

**Proprietary funds.** The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the business-type activities at the end of the year amounted to \$49,621,226. The total increase in net position during the current fiscal year was \$33,086,133. This is largely due to the \$15,865,008 increase in the charges for services category.

The total change in net position for the Unified Wastewater District was \$14,492,335 and \$11,059,401 for the Public Building Commission, respectively. The increases in net position for the Unified Wastewater District and Public Building Commission are primarily due to the increases in charges for services.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was no variance between the original budget and the final budget. Actual revenues were below the final budget by \$2,533,966. Due to the County's effective budget controls expenditures were \$85,251,713 less than budgeted, which resulted in a positive variance of \$82,717,747 in the General Fund. A summary of the significant differences between budgetary estimates for revenues and expenditures is as follows:

- Tax revenue was \$5,442,209 more than anticipated due to the increase in sales and use tax revenues. This is due to a slight improvement in economic conditions.
- Intergovernmental revenues were \$4,469,513 less than expected as the County received fewer ARRA Federal Stimulus Funds and fewer block grants.
- Investment earnings were down \$3,795,227 due to reduced interest rates in the investment market.
- General fund reserves of \$65,552,158 remain available at the end of 2012.
- Actual expenditures increased by \$7,977,436 over the previous year. The most significant increase over the prior year was general government, \$7,445,638.
   This increase was primarily due to the cost allocation of support services.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2012 amounted to \$907,691,022 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges.

Johnson County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)													
		Governmen	tal	Activities		Business-ty	ре	Activities		To	otal		
		2012		2011		2012	2011			2012		2011	
Land	\$	26,074,510	\$	24,224,181	\$	6,340,415	\$	6,340,415	\$	32,414,925	\$	30,564,596	
Buildings		55,053,013		57,538,837		307,035,006		218,099,957		362,088,019		275,638,794	
Improvements other than buildings		2,932,063		3,021,363		210,697,474		226,788,624		213,629,537		229,809,987	
Machinery and equipment		7,898,443		6,692,342		24,937,254		28,699,059		32,835,697		35,391,401	
Infrastructure		35,646,725		39,037,661		2,017,362		2,066,871		37,664,087		41,104,532	
Construction in progress		53,378,512		50,116,188		175,680,245		213,377,773		229,058,757		263,493,961	
Total	\$	180,983,266	\$	180,630,572	\$	726,707,756	\$	695,372,699	\$	907,691,022	\$	876,003,271	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

**Long-Term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$515,574,998. This amount was comprised of \$281,591,088 of general obligation and \$6,650,000 of special obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Special Assessment debt in the amount of \$33,910 is debt for which the County is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the

assessment. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

					າty's Outstandi ion and Reveກເ	•		
	G	overnmen	tal	Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal
		2012		2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
General obligation bonds	\$	1,790,000	\$	2,790,000	\$279,801,088	\$239,281,245	\$281,591,088	\$242,071,245
Special obligation bonds		6,650,000		8,280,000	-	-	6,650,000	8,280,000
Special assessment debt		-		-	33,910	38,755	33,910	38,755
Revenue bonds		-		-	227,300,000	237,330,000	227,300,000	237,330,000
Total	\$	8,440,000	\$	11,070,000	\$507,134,998	\$476,650,000	\$515,574,998	\$487,720,000

The County's total long-term debt increased by \$27,854,998 during the fiscal year. This was due to the issuance of debt for various Unified Wastewater projects.

Johnson County is one of approximately 40 counties in the United States to earn the "Triple AAA" designation from Standard & Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch Ratings. The County maintains an AAA rating from Standard & Poor's, an Aaa rating from Moody's, and an AAA from Fitch Ratings for general obligation debt. The Public Building Commission, a blended component unit of the County, maintains an AAA rating from Standard and Poor's, and an Aaa rating from Moody's for revenue bonds.

Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to three percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$634,977,376, which is significantly in excess of the County's outstanding general obligation debt. Detailed information on the County's debt limit can be found in the Statistical Section of this report.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Johnson County continues to be an attractive location for both families and businesses. According to the U.S. Census, the County's population increased from 486,943 in 2003 to 559,913 in 2012 (an increase of 72,970 or 15 percent). On average, the County's population grows by approximately 8,108 persons per year, or 676 per month. Unemployment rates are currently at 5.2% as compared to a national level of 8.1% and a state level of 5.7%.

The AAA rating referenced above continues to reflect the County's:

- Diverse and expanding local economy, participating in the larger Kansas City Metropolitan Statistical Area;
- Above-average wealth levels;
- Strong financial operations supported by conservative management and established fiscal policies; and
- Moderate debt levels that should remain manageable through on-going planning.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for 2013. During the current year, the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund is \$79,414,779. The 2013 budget anticipated the use of approximately \$16.2 million of this fund balance to avoid the need to raise additional taxes. The Unified Wastewater District increased the capital finance charge by 7.25 percent and user fees by 6.75 percent, but maintained a constant rate for other fees for 2012.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Treasury and Financial Management, 111 South Cherry Street, Suite 2400, Olathe, Kansas 66061. The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and financial publications can be found on the internet at <a href="http://treasurer.jocogov.org/fin/accounting.aspx">http://treasurer.jocogov.org/fin/accounting.aspx</a>. Separately issued financial statements for the discretely presented component unit, the Parks and Recreation District, may be obtained at 7900 Renner Road, Lenexa, Kansas 66218.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Johnson County, Kansas Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

		PR	· IM 4	RY GOVERNME	NT		Component Unit
	_	Governmental		Business Type	•		 Park and
	Ĭ	Activities		Activities		Total	Recreation
		71011711100		71011711100	_	10141	 Roorounon
ASSETS							
Deposits including investments	\$	251,524,196	\$	67,013,490	\$	318,537,686	\$ 13,423,423
Receivables (net of allowance							.= .=
for uncollectibles):		171,361,877		14,212,923		185,574,800	17,951,410
Internal balances		(2,454,186)		2,454,186		-	-
Inventories		1,309,757		113,195		1,422,952	38,710
Prepaids		414,365		33,692		448,057	137,796
Restricted cash and investments		2,318,422		84,233,252		86,551,674	8,661,473
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):							
Land		26,074,510		6,340,415		32,414,925	56,447,183
Buildings		55,053,013		307,035,006		362,088,019	17,098,066
Improvements other than buildings		2,932,063		210,697,474		213,629,537	25,079,237
Machinery and equipment		7,898,443		24,937,254		32,835,697	1,545,450
Infrastructure		35,646,725		2,017,362		37,664,087	423,139
Construction in progress		53,378,512		175,680,245		229,058,757	274,213
TOTAL ASSETS		605,457,697	_	894,768,494		1,500,226,191	141,080,100
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							 
Unamortized portion of refunding gain		34,175		2,732,984		2,767,159	 742,255
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		15,141,968		9,950,221		25,092,189	394,364
Salaries and wages payable		5,986,853		431,321		6,418,174	-
Accrued liabilities		10,203,341		44,091		10,247,432	431,139
Interest payable		106,424		6,873,089		6,979,513	539,906
Unearned revenue		6,921,728		2,374,804		9,296,532	583,366
Customer deposits payable		-		-		-	36,050
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within one year		3,897,458		32,590,062		36,487,520	4,172,874
Due in more than one year		38,774,522		522,314,419		561,088,941	 41,728,435
TOTAL LIABILITIES		81,032,294		574,578,007		655,610,301	 47,886,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property tax receivable		149,336,565		-		149,336,565	17,212,467
Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU) Fees Receivable		-		7,054,638		7,054,638	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		149,336,565		7,054,638		156,391,203	 17,212,467
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		170,038,955		261,009,918		431,048,873	58,285,257
Restricted for:		170,030,933		201,009,910		431,040,073	38,283,237
General government		6,152,465		_		6,152,465	_
Public works		7,039,999		_		7,039,999	_
Public safety		19,405,137		<u>-</u>		19,405,137	-
Health and human services		4,054,777		<u>-</u>		4,054,777	-
Planning and economic development		21,130		-		21,130	-
Culture and recreation		1,760,619		-		1,760,619	5,350,153
Capital projects		1,526,711		5,237,689		6,764,400	4,833,412
Debt service		1,589,392		-, -,,		1,589,392	40,581
Unrestricted		163,533,828		49,621,226		213,155,054	8,214,351
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	375,123,013	\$	315,868,833	\$	690,991,846	\$ 76,723,754

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 Johnson County, Kansas

				1	1		Net (E)	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Changes in Net Pos	ition
				ī	Program Revenues			Primary Government		Component Unit
			Indirect	200000	Operating	Capital		F		7
	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Expenses	Service	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Dusiness-rype Activities	Total	Recreation
Prin	Primary Government:									
<u>စ်</u>	Governmental Activities: General government	\$ 121 428 691	\$ (32 168 443)	32 162 077	327 696	<del>U</del>	(56 770 475)	υ. •	(56 770 475)	<del>υ</del>
3 2	Public works				10	963.343	_			·
Pu	Public safety	115,395,790	19,019,368	32,136,708	5,170,728	126,678	(96,981,044)	•	(96,981,044)	
Не	Health and human services	79,336,842	8,713,355	32,662,181	27,049,779	. '	(28,338,237)		(28,338,237)	
Pla	Planning and economic development	4,101,588	438,355	1,664,603			(2,875,340)	•	(2,875,340)	
ฮิ	Culture and recreation	21,970,790	205,620	1,043,562	201,551		(20,931,297)	•	(20,931,297)	•
Int	Interest on long term debt	372,224					(372,224)		(372,224)	
	Total governmental activities	398,807,312	(2,730,036)	100,892,823	43,176,763	1,090,021	(250,917,669)	•	(250,917,669)	•
,	:									
Bus Air	Business Type activities: Airport	4,596,542	155,456	5,116,115	250,156	2,332,746		2,947,019	2,947,019	
	Unified Wastewater District	69,116,271	2,191,303	83,260,718	2,927,989			14,881,133	14,881,133	•
30	Transportation	10,319,311	383,277	1,627,122	2,042,071	6,730,170		(303,225)	(303,225)	
	Public Building Commission	17,469,243	•	28,202,227	288,779		•	11,021,763	11,021,763	
	Total business type activities	101,501,367	2,730,036	118,206,182	5,508,995	9,062,916	-	28,546,690	28,546,690	-
Tot	Total Primary Government	\$ 500,308,679	- \$	\$ 219,099,005	\$ 48,685,758	\$ 10,152,937	(250,917,669)	28,546,690	(222,370,979)	
•										
2 2 8	Component unit: Park and Recreation	\$ 30,581,441	\$	\$ 15,593,191	\$ 686,340	· \$				(14,301,910)
		General revenues:								
		Property taxes					172.891.220	1.562	172.892.782	19.620.148
		Sales taxes					64,721,509	. '	64,721,509	
		Other taxes					3,748,232		3,748,232	21,701
		Unrestricted inve	Unrestricted investment earnings				2,428,183	170,818	2,599,001	30,133
		Miscellaneous					9,453,724		9,453,724	595,976
		Transfers					(4,367,063)	4,367,063	-	-
		Total general re	Total general revenue and transfers	ars			248,875,805	4,539,443	253,415,248	20,267,958
		Change in net position	position				(2,041,864)	33,086,133	31,044,269	5,966,048
		Net position - beginning	inning				377,164,877	282,782,700	659,947,577	71,135,759
		Prior period adjustments	tments						•	(378,053)
		Net position - begi	Net position - beginning of year restated	ated			i	282,782,700		
		Net position - ending	ing				\$ 375,123,013	\$ 315,868,833	\$ 690,991,846	\$ 76,723,754

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Johnson County, Kansas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2012

	General	Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Deposits including investments	\$ 93,901,055	\$ 89,669,428	\$	34,739,532	\$	218,310,015
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):	108,729,086	60,140		62,450,988		171,240,214
Inventories	576,445	-		733,312		1,309,757
Prepaids	240,638	-		61,234		301,872
Restricted cash and investments	-	 1,526,711		791,711		2,318,422
Total assets	\$ 203,447,224	\$ 91,256,279	\$	98,776,777	\$	393,480,280
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,925,958	\$ 5,408,707	\$	1,509,254	\$	9,843,919
Salaries and wages payable	4,238,103			1,740,766		5,978,869
Due to others	3,443,534	-		491		3,444,025
Due to other funds	2,454,186	-		-		2,454,186
Unearned revenue	3,297,424	 -		1,012,955		4,310,379
Total liabilities	16,359,205	5,408,707		4,263,466		26,031,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property tax receivable	91,601,714	_		57,734,851		149,336,565
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable	2,299,556	_		311,793		2,611,349
Total deferred inflows of resources	93,901,270	-		58,046,644		151,947,914
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	817,083	-		794,546		1,611,629
Restricted	12,954,887	1,526,711		27,068,632		41,550,230
Committed	3,596,762	84,320,861		1,082,555		89,000,178
Assigned	3,311,732	· ,		7,520,934		10,832,666
Unassigned	72,506,285	-		-		72,506,285
Total fund balances	93,186,749	85,847,572		36,466,667		215,500,988
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 203,447,224	\$ 91,256,279	\$	98,776,777	\$	393,480,280

## Johnson County, Kansas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

Total fund balance - all governmental funds \$ 215,500,988

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, including infrastructure, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

180,983,266

Less Internal Services Fund Capital Assets (13,584)

Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and

therefore are not reported in the funds:

Interest Payable \$ (106,424)

Bonds:

General obligation, net of unamortized premium of \$118,678, and deferred

refundings of \$34,175 (1,874,503)
Special obligation (6,650,000)
Compensated absences (17,316,058)
Other post employment benefits (10,247,436)
Voluntary Retirement Incentive Package (3,149,808)

Capital lease obligations (3,400,000)

Total (42,744,229)

Less Internal Services Fund Long Term Debt 3,169,678

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of risk management and self-insured health care to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

18,226,894

Net position of governmental activities \$ 375,123,013

#### Johnson County, Kansas

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 161,463,124	\$ -	\$ 79,895,393	\$ 241,358,517
Intergovernmental	22,018,616	963,343	21,284,825	44,266,784
Charges for services	75,251,972	100,000	23,153,017	98,504,989
Investment earnings	1,800,228	56,295	384,888	2,241,411
Licenses and permits	2,041,394	-	1,696,768	3,738,162
Other	5,931,087	895,692	2,626,945	9,453,724
Total revenues	268,506,421	2,015,330	129,041,836	399,563,587
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	84,772,306	-	61,035	84,833,341
Public works	-	-	10,805,967	10,805,967
Public safety	129,679,729	-	2,748,329	132,428,058
Health and human services	26,793,953	-	60,755,964	87,549,917
Planning and economic development	4,494,903	-	-	4,494,903
Culture and recreation	1,134,357	-	19,895,269	21,029,626
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	=	-	3,360,000	3,360,000
Interest and fiscal charges	24,577	-	358,468	383,045
Capital outlay	19,013,367	31,053,550	4,791,794	54,858,711
Total expenditures	265,913,192	31,053,550	102,776,826	399,743,568
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	2,593,229	(29,038,220)	26,265,010	(179,981)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,966,433	32,182,472	3,137,765	38,286,670
Transfers out	(11,493,577	(2,244,944)	(28,812,084)	(42,550,605)
Proceeds from capital lease	-	3,650,000	-	3,650,000
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	730,000	730,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	68,468	68,468
Total other financing sources and uses	(8,527,144	33,587,528	(24,875,851)	184,533
Net change in fund balances	(5,933,915	4,549,308	1,389,159	4,552
Fund balances - beginning	99,120,664	81,298,264	35,077,508	215,496,436
Fund balances - ending	\$ 93,186,749	\$ 85,847,572	\$ 36,466,667	\$ 215,500,988

# Johnson County, Kansas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Net change in fund balances - all governmental funds	\$ 4,552
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital assets exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital Outlay \$ 12,667,409  Depreciation Expense (10,198,464)  Net change	2,468,945
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and other similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal Retirement 3,360,000 Proceeds from refunding bonds (730,000) Proceeds from capital leases (3,650,000) Premium from bonds issued (68,468)	(4.009.469)
Net change	(1,088,468)
Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets, infrastructure and other reconciling items.	1,891,685
The net change in accrued interest on general obligation bonds is not a current source or use of financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	10,821
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(546,789)
OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(664,476)
Voluntary Retirement Incentive Package expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(3,149,808)
Payment on capital leases. Repayment of capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	255,499
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of risk management and self-insured health care to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(1,223,825)

 $\label{thm:company} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

Changes in net position of governmental activities

(2,041,864)

#### Johnson County, Kansas

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### **General Fund**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 156,020,915	\$ 156,020,915	\$ 161,463,124	\$ 5,442,209
Intergovernmental	26,488,129	26,488,129	22,018,616	(4,469,513)
Charges for services	75,273,171	75,273,171	75,251,972	(21,199)
Investment earnings	5,924,687	5,924,687	2,129,460	(3,795,227)
Licenses and permits	2,461,251	2,461,251	2,041,394	(419,857)
Other	5,643,340	5,643,340	6,372,961	729,621
Total revenues	271,811,493	271,811,493	269,277,527	(2,533,966)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	99,078,486	99,078,486	92,533,233	6,545,253
Public safety	129,352,547	129,352,547	122,021,944	7,330,603
Health and human services	30,748,319	30,748,319	26,809,958	3,938,361
Planning and economic development	6,271,677	6,271,677	4,493,056	1,778,621
Culture and recreation	1,383,085	1,383,085	1,134,602	248,483
Capital outlay	19,085,127	19,085,127	19,226,893	(141,766)
Reserves	65,552,158	 65,552,158	 	 65,552,158
Total expenditures	351,471,399	351,471,399	266,219,686	85,251,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		 	 	
over (under) expenditures	 (79,659,906)	 (79,659,906)	 3,057,841	 82,717,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,534,968	1,534,968	2,966,433	1,431,465
Transfers out	(10,870,002)	(10,870,002)	(11,493,577)	(623,575)
Total other financing sources and uses	(9,335,034)	(9,335,034)	(8,527,144)	807,890
Net change in fund balances	(88,994,940)	 (88,994,940)	(5,469,303)	\$ 83,525,637
Fund balances - beginning	88,994,940	88,994,940	96,275,595	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,806,292	

## Johnson County, Kansas Statement of Net Position

#### **Proprietary Funds**

December 31, 2012

	Bu	siness-type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fu	nds	Governmental
	Ma	jor			Activities-
	Unified	Public			Internal
	Wastewater	Building	Non-Major		Service
	District	Commission	Total	Total	Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Deposits including investments	\$ 44,297,660	\$ 8,606,834	\$ 14,108,996	\$ 67,013,490	\$ 33,214,181
Receivables					
(net of allowance for uncollectibles):	12,969,127	145,942	1,097,854	14,212,923	121,663
Due from other funds	-	2,454,186	=	2,454,186	-
Inventories	113,195	-	-	113,195	-
Prepaid items	5,081	-	28,611	33,692	112,493
Total current assets	57,385,063	11,206,962	15,235,461	83,827,486	33,448,337
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and investments	59,719,346	23,106,752	1,407,154	84,233,252	-
Capital assets:					
Land	655,258	804,966	4,880,191	6,340,415	-
Buildings	54,740,732	333,297,645	14,621,874	402,660,251	-
Improvements other than buildings	300,409,023	6,752,631	26,858,698	334,020,352	-
Machinery and equipment	250,331,289	-	18,232,702	268,563,991	36,035
Construction in progress	156,618,427	8,271,619	10,790,199	175,680,245	-
Infrastructure	-	-	2,187,980	2,187,980	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(372,625,109)	(48,874,052)	(41,246,317)	(462,745,478)	(22,451)
Total capital assets	390,129,620	300,252,809	36,325,327	726,707,756	13,584
Total noncurrent assets	449,848,966	323,359,561	37,732,481	810,941,008	13,584
TOTAL ASSETS	507,234,029	334,566,523	52,967,942	894,768,494	33,461,921
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
	1,874,300	791.008	67,676	2,732,984	
Unamortized portion of refunding gain	1,074,300	791,008	070,10	2,132,984	

#### Johnson County, Kansas **Statement of Net Position**

## Proprietary Funds December 31, 2012

_	Bu	siness-type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fι	ınds	Governmental
_	Ma				Activities-
	Unified	Public			Internal
	Wastewater	Building	Non-Major		Service
<u>-</u>	District	Commission	Total	Total	Funds
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	5,537,725	2,344,997	2,067,499	9,950,221	5,298,049
Salaries and wages payable	375,050	-	56,271	431,321	7,984
Interest payable	3,836,773	2,989,043	47,273	6,873,089	-
Loans payable	5,030,764	-	16,686	5,047,450	-
Due to others	-	-	44,091	44,091	-
Unearned revenue	503,232	-	1,871,572	2,374,804	-
Compensated absences	94,052	-	16,233	110,285	1,365
Voluntary retirement healthcare benefits	-	-	-	-	992,743
Insurance claims payable	-	-	-	-	6,759,316
Bonds, capital leases, and other payables	12,692,986	14,344,186	395,155	27,432,327	
Total current liabilities	28,070,582	19,678,226	4,514,780	52,263,588	13,059,457
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	1,274,853	-	220,036	1,494,889	18,505
Loans payable	24,517,557	-	-	24,517,557	-
Voluntary retirement healthcare benefits	-	-	-	-	2,157,065
Bonds, capital leases, and other payables	274,034,218	219,219,024	3,048,731	496,301,973	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	299,826,628	219,219,024	3,268,767	522,314,419	2,175,570
TOTAL LIABILITIES	327,897,210	238,897,250	7,783,547	574,578,007	15,235,027
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU) Fees Receivable	7,054,638	_	_	7,054,638	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,054,638			7,054,638	
Total deletted filliows of resources	7,034,036			7,034,038	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	133,198,952	94,878,535	32,932,431	261,009,918	13,584
Restricted for capital projects	2,248,789	1,581,746	1,407,154	5,237,689	-
Unrestricted	38,708,740		10,912,486	49,621,226	18,213,310
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 174,156,481	\$ 96,460,281	\$ 45,252,071	\$ 315,868,833	\$ 18,226,894

Johnson County, Kansas

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Bı	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	ties - Enterpr	ise Funds		Governmental
	Major					Activities-
	Unified	Public				Internal
	Wastewater	Building	Non-Major	lajor		Service
	District	Commission	Total	al	Total	Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 83,029,499 \$	28,202,227	\$	4,417,347 \$	115,649,073 \$	41,290,732
Other	231,219	•	2,	2,325,890	2,557,109	71,741
Total operating revenues	83,260,718	28,202,227	6,	6,743,237	118,206,182	41,362,473
Operating expenses:						
Public works	39,486,089				39,486,089	
Transportation		•	12,	12,338,015	12,338,015	
Risk management						4,564,997
Self-insured health care						38,144,260
Depreciation	20,284,756	6,435,150	2,	2,967,615	29,687,521	3,544
Total operating expenses	59,770,845	6,435,150	15,	5,305,630	81,511,625	42,712,801
Operating income (loss)	23,489,873	21,767,077	(8)	(8,562,393)	36,694,557	(1,350,328)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Taxes				1,562	1,562	2,444
Investment earnings	132,875	37,638		305	170,818	186,772
Intergovernmental	2,927,989	288,779	,2	2,292,227	5,508,995	
Interest expense	(10,929,170)	(9,376,166)	Ŭ	(145,258)	(20,450,594)	
Other	(607,559)	(1,657,927)		(3,698)	(2,269,184)	•
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(8,475,865)	(10,707,676)	2,	2,145,138	(17,038,403)	189,216
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	<b>s</b> 15,014,008	11,059,401	(6,	(6,417,255)	19,656,154	(1,161,112)
Capital Contributions	25,068	•	<b>о</b>	9,062,916	9,087,984	
Transfers in	188,629	•	4	4,968,532	5,157,161	15,347
Transfers out	(735,370)	•		(79,796)	(815,166)	(78,060)
Change in net position	n 14,492,335	11,059,401	7,	7,534,397	33,086,133	(1,223,825)
Total net position - beginning	159,664,146	85,400,880	37,	37,717,674	282,782,700	19,450,719
Total net position - ending	<b>g</b> \$ 174,156,481 \$	96,460,281	\$ 45,	45,252,071 \$	315,868,833 \$	18,226,894

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 Statement of Cash Flows Johnson County, Kansas

Governmental

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major

		200	יייוישה שקעי-פנ	- C3	1 201191	,	, 	Governmental
		Major						Activities-
	Unified		Public					Internal
	Wastewater	_	Building	Non	Non-Major			Service
	District	0	Commission	T	Total	Total		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from customers	\$ 75,464,516	\$ 91	23,620,529	8	3,672,927 \$	102,757,972	2	38,299,310
Cash payments for goods and services	(25,686,455)	55)	ı	6)	(9,905,404)	(35,591,859)	(6:	(42,587,095)
Cash payments to employees for services	(13,881,160)	(09	ı	5	(1,976,224)	(15,857,384)	<del>(</del> 2	2,792,608
Other operating cash receipts	231,219	19	•	2	2,325,890	2,557,109	6	3,063,163
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	36,128,120	20	23,620,529	(5)	(5,882,811)	53,865,838	82	1,567,986
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Taxes			ı		1,562	1,562	22	2,444
Intergovernmental	2,927,989	68	288,779	2	2,292,227	5,508,995	2	1
Transfers from other funds	188,629	53	ı	4	4,968,532	5,157,161	7.5	15,347
Transfers to other funds	(735,370)	(02	ı		(26,796)	(815,166)	(9	(78,060)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	2,381,248	48	288,779	7	7,182,525	9,852,552	25	(60,269)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Capital Contributions	25,068	89	ı	6	9,062,916	9,087,984	4	•
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(11,820,760)	(09	(25,120,126)	6)	(9,830,479)	(46,771,365)	(2)	,
Proceeds from bonds and loans	63,625,000	00	16,635,000		•	80,260,000	0	
Principal paid on bonds, notes and loans	(28,384,354)	54)	(26,665,000)		(457,682)	(55,507,036)	(9	•
Interest paid on bonds, notes, leases and loans	(10,628,409)	(60	(9,749,394)		(151,198)	(20,529,001)	1)	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	12,816,545	45	(44,899,520)	1)	(1,376,443)	(33,459,418)	8)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest and dividends on investments	132,875	75	37,638		305	170,818	<b>∞</b>	186,772
Net cash provided by investing activities	132,875	75	37,638		305	170,818	8	186,772
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	51,458,788	88	(20,952,574)		(76,424)	30,429,790	0	1,694,489
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	52,558,218	18	52,666,160	15	15,592,574	120,816,952	25	31,519,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 104,017,006	\$ 90	31,713,586	\$ 15	15,516,150 \$	151,246,742	.2	33,214,181
								(Continued)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 **Statement of Cash Flows** Johnson County, Kansas

	Bu	siness-type	Activities	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	nds		Governmental
	Ma	Major					Activities-
	Unified	Public	ن د				Internal
	Wastewater	Building	ng	Non-Major			Service
	District	Commission	sion	Total	Total		Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 23,489,873	\$ 21,76	21,767,077 \$	(8,562,393)	\$ 36,694,557	\$ 255,	(1,350,328)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation	20,284,756	6,43	6,435,150	2,967,615	29,687,521	,521	3,544
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	26,898,926	17	142,511	(289,155)	26,752,282	,282	(22,018)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	75,276			1	75	75,276	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(5,081)			•	(5	(5,081)	(58,133)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	•	()	(72,902)	•	(72	(72,902)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(242,690)	(4,72	(4,724,209)	490,052	(4,476,847)	,847)	(836,484)
Increase (decrease) in salaries and wages payable	(89,286)			(13,012)	(102	(102,298)	(55,586)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	•			•			
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	(34,463,909)			(455,265)	(34,919,174)	,174)	
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgements payable	•	17	72,902	1	72	72,902	
Increase (decrease) in other post employment benefits							3,149,808
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	180,255			(20,653)	159	159,602	(17,568)
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims payable			-	-			754,751
Total adjustments	12,638,247	1,85	1,853,452	2,679,582	17,171,281	,281	2,918,314
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 36,128,120	\$ 23,62	23,620,529 \$	(5,882,811)	\$ 53,865,838	\$ 828,	1,567,986
Deposits including investments	\$ 44.297.660	\$ 8.60	8.606.834 \$	14.108.996	\$ 67.013.490	490	33.214.181
Restricted cash and investments		2					
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	\$ 104,017,006	\$ 31,77	31,713,586 \$	15,516,150	\$ 151,246,742	,742 \$	33,214,181

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# Johnson County, Kansas Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2012

		 Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 551,986,606
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes Receivable		408,426,885
	Total assets	960,413,491
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		33,995
Agency obligations		 960,379,496
	Total liabilities	\$ 960,413,491

(This page left blank intentionally)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of Johnson County, Kansas (the County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the standard setting body for government accounting and financial reporting principles. The accounting policies of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units. The following information summarizes the significant accounting policies of the County.

#### A. The Reporting Entity

The County is governed by the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), which consists of a Chairman and six district commissioners. The Chairman of the Commission is elected on a countywide basis and serves as a full-time County official. The six District Commissioners serve as part-time County officials and are elected by residents in specific geographical areas, or districts, of the County. The Board meets in regular business session once each week. The Commissioners serve staggered, four-year terms with no term limitations.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The County has adopted Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units -- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The primary government and each blended and discretely presented component unit all have a December 31<sup>st</sup> year end.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

Johnson County Public Building Commission (PBC): The Board of County Commissioners serves as the governing body of the PBC. Although a separate legal entity, the PBC is accounted for as an enterprise fund within the County's financial statements because its purpose is to acquire or construct facilities, and lease those facilities to the County and other governmental agencies. The County performs administrative and accounting services for the PBC.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

Johnson County Park and Recreation District (the District): The District is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. However, the County is financially accountable for the District because the County's commission approves the District's budget and levies taxes. The County provides some administrative and accounting services to the District. The District is legally separate from the County. Special legislation was created to provide a mechanism for the provision of park and recreational services to Johnson County through the formation of a Park and Recreation District. Such legislation required that a valid petition be submitted to a vote by the Board of County Commissioners. Once the petition was approved by the Commissioners the District was then mandated to provide park and recreational

services as outlined in the Kansas Statute 19-2863. Separately issued financial statements are prepared for the District. The District has governmental and enterprise funds.

The District's financial statements include the Parks and Recreation Foundation of Johnson County (the Foundation) as a blended component unit. Although a separate legal entity, the Foundation is accounted for as an enterprise fund within the District's financial statements because its purpose is to acquire or construct facilities, and lease those facilities to the District or other park agencies.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Public Building Commission Treasury and Financial Management 111 South Cherry Street, Suite 2400 Olathe, Kansas 66061 Park and Recreation District 7900 Renner Road Lenexa, Kansas 66218

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses that are clearly identifiable of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual Countywide Cost Allocation Plan. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions, including special assessments, that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds, which are fiduciary funds, do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Licenses, interest, special assessments and charges for services and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing fiscal year and consequently are not subject to accrual. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

A double step-down allocation procedure has been used to distribute costs among central services and to other County departments that receive benefits. The double step-down procedure initially requires a sequential ordering of agencies. Department indirect cost allocations are then made in order selected to all benefiting programs, including cross allocations to other central services. To ensure that the cross-benefit of services among central services is fully recognized, a second step down allocation for each central service is made.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of individual funds, each of which is defined as a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are recorded in a set of self-balancing accounts established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. In accordance with state statutes and County resolutions, several different types of funds are used to record the County's financial transactions. For financial reporting, they are grouped and presented as follows:

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General** fund is the principal operating fund of the County and accounts for all financial transactions of the County, except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

The **Capital Projects** fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital improvements, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Unified Wastewater District** fund provides sanitary sewer service for residential and business properties inside its service area.

The **Public Building Commission** fund accounts for all activities of the Public Building Commission.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Fund Types:**

**The Debt Service** fund accumulates resources to pay maturing principal and interest on general long-term debt, including certain special assessments, which are general obligations of the County, excluding the debt which is accounted for in proprietary funds.

**Special Revenue** funds provide full budgetary accountability for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to be expended for specified purposes.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types:**

**Enterprise** funds account for operations of which it is the stated intent that the cost of providing a service to the public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. An example of an enterprise fund within the County is the transportation fund, which operates the bus system available to the public.

**Internal Service** funds provide the financing of goods or services provided to other departments of the County or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. An example of an internal service fund within the County is the self insured health care fund, which is funded through employer and employee contributions and provides health care benefits to County employees.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types:**

**Agency Funds** are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. They are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. An example of an agency fund within the County is the medical reimbursement fund which holds monies of those County employees who have chosen to designate certain deductions from their salary as pre-tax for the explicit purpose of medical claims or dependent care through flexible spending accounts as authorized by the IRS.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments and charges between the enterprise funds and various government funds for services provided. Elimination of these transactions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise and internal service funds are charges for customer services including: rent, wastewater charges, and public transportation fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services,

administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

Cash from all funds except for the Public Building Commission, the Park and Recreation District Component Unit, and proceeds from the sale of bonds and general obligation notes, is pooled for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Investments, which have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, are stated at fair value, which approximates amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Investments principally consist of United States Treasury and Agency securities, certificates of deposit, and cash held in money market funds. Investment income is allocated to the designated funds on the basis of the ending monthly cash balance which is contrary to Kansas State Statutes. That investment income which is not allocated is credited to the General Fund. Interest revenue is susceptible to accrual and has been reported within these financial statements. Cash proceeds from the Public Building Commission and from the sale of bonds and general obligation notes are maintained separately and invested primarily in Government Money Market funds and United States Treasury and Agency securities.

All banks and savings associations are required to pledge to the County, the PBC and the District an aggregate market value investment in U.S. Treasury obligations, other U.S. Agency obligations and Kansas municipal bonds to provide a minimum of 100% collateralization for all deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents, for purposes of the statement of cash flows, refer to cash on hand, cash in demand accounts at financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so close to maturity that they present insignificant risk of change in value due to changes in interest rates. Because proprietary funds participate in the County's investment pool, their access is equivalent to cash and cash equivalents.

The District internally pools all investments with the exception of bond reserve funds and capital projects funds held in escrow by a trustee. Pooled investments for the District are carried at cost, which approximates fair value, and consist principally of funds held with the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool and a Money Market Investment with Security Bank of Kansas City.

#### E. Property Tax Receivable

In accordance with governing state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing fiscal year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st in the year of assessment. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1st of the ensuing year. On December 31, 2012, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of 2.40%

uncollected taxes for the current year tax roll, with a corresponding amount recorded as inflows of resources

#### F. Other Taxes and Revenues

Recognized state-shared taxes, such as gas tax or liquor tax, represent payments received during the current fiscal period.

Federal and state grant aid is reported as revenue when the related reimbursable expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received. Charges for services are generally susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenue when earned.

Fees, fines, forfeitures and other revenues are generally not susceptible to accrual and are recorded when received in cash.

#### G. Inventories

Inventories for the County and the District are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed. Unconsumed inventories in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that portion of fund balance is not in spendable form. Inventories recorded in the proprietary funds primarily consist of maintenance and supplies. Inventories are expensed as the supplies are consumed.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are those paid out in the current year but which benefit future accounting periods. The County and the District record these items as an asset.

#### I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the County and District's bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable contract covenants.

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County and the District as assets costing \$10,000 or more and having a useful life of five years or more. Infrastructure assets are defined by the County as assets costing \$100,000 or more and having a useful life of five years. Intangible assets are defined by the County as assets costing \$1,000,000 or more and having a useful life of five years. Interest is also included in the capitalization threshold. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimates of the original cost. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of the gift.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets may be financed from current cash or the cash proceeds received from the sale of general obligation notes, bonds or certificates of participation.

Depreciation of capital assets, including capital leases, is calculated utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures 15 to 50 years Machinery and equipment 5 to 15 years

Infrastructure:

Roads 15 to 50 years
Bridges 25 to 50 years
Other 5 to 50 years

#### K. Special Assessments

As required by state statutes, projects financed in whole or in part by special assessments are financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds which are secured by the full faith and credit of the County. Further, state statutes permit levying additional general ad valorem property taxes in the County Debt Service Fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable. All non-wastewater special assessments receivable are accounted for within the Debt Service Fund. Special assessments related to Wastewater District projects are accounted for in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.

All special assessment taxes are levied over a ten to twenty year period and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. The County may foreclose liens against property benefited by special assessments when delinquent. On December 31st, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as receivables in the Debt Service Fund with a corresponding amount recorded as inflows of resources. For the Unified Wastewater District, receivables and corresponding revenue are recorded for special assessments.

#### L. Compensated Absences

The County and the Park and Recreation District (the District) permit full-time and certain parttime employees to accumulate vacation based upon tenure, with most employees limited to a maximum of 24 calendar days. Upon termination or resignation from County or the District service, employees are entitled to payment for their maximum allowable accrued vacation earned prior to termination or resignation.

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the County and the District accrue sick leave at the rate of one calendar day per month for full-time, and one-half day for part-time employees, with no maximum accumulation. Upon separation from service, employees are compensated for 20% of unused sick pay.

Vacation and sick pay are recorded as a liability at 100% of accrued vacation and 20% of accrued sick time for both the County and the District. Accrued vacation and sick pay for the County and the District is calculated using the current salary rate of employees and reflects the vested portion. In the governmental fund types, the amount of vacation and sick leave benefits included in expenditures for the current year represents the amount liquidated during the year with expendable available resources for both the County and the District. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

In proprietary funds within the County and the District, vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred, and reported as a fund liability/expense.

#### M. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### N. Fund Balance Policy

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of December 31, 2012, fund balances for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes
  determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority,
  the County's Board. Commitments are established by, and may only be changed or lifted
  by, a resolution adopted by the County's Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the County's Board or (2) a body (for example: the Library Board) or official to which the County's Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### O. Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is measured as the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources

and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one
  component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of
  debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets
  reduce the balance in this category. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent
  bond proceeds.
- Restricted net position reflects net position that is subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. A legally enforceable enabling legislation restriction is one that a party external to a government such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary can compel a government to honor.
- *Unrestricted net position* represents net position of the County that is not restricted for any project or purpose.

#### P. Prior Year Data/Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, expenses, and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### R. Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

GASB Statement No. 65 provides standardized guidance on reclassifying, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items previously reported as assets and liabilities. The County implemented this in 2012. A deferred outflow of resources is the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period. The County identified certain financial statement balances that met the definition of a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. These items were reclassified as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, as applicable.

#### 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

The County is required by state statutes to adopt annual budgets for most funds. All Governmental funds, with the exception of the Library Gift and Capital Projects funds, are budgeted funds. All Enterprise funds (except PBC) and Internal Service funds (except Self-Insured Health Care) are also budgeted funds.

The District is required by state statute to adopt annual budgets for the General Fund, Employee Benefit Fund and the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund. A statutory budget is also required for the District's Enterprise fund.

The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual Capital and Operating Budget (the budget) for both the County and the District:

- 1. Preparation of the preliminary budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before July 1st.
- 2. Publication of the proposed budget in local newspaper and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

State statutes provide that the County and the District may not legally exceed the aggregate total of budgeted expenditures in any individual fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the aggregate total at the fund level. The County Manager, without approval of the governing body, may approve transfers between individual expenditure classifications (e.g. General Government, Public Safety). No increase in total expenditure authority for a fund may be made, except through the public hearing process described below.

State statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The County and the District must first hold a public hearing to amend the budget. The governing body may amend the budget at the time of the public hearing.

All legal operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. For budgetary purposes, revenues are recognized when the revenues are both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Changes in fair value of investments are recorded for GAAP basis, but not for budgetary basis. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as part of fund balances for governmental funds and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored in the subsequent year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Inventory is recorded as an asset for governmental fund types for GAAP basis but not for budgetary basis.

A reconciliation of revenues and expenditures/expenses under GAAP to budgeted revenues and expenditures/expenses for the Primary Government is as follows:

Reconciliation of Fund Balance Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis										
for the General Fund										
\$	90,806,292									
	149,542									
	1,703,629									
	576,445									
	(49,159)									
\$	93,186,749									
	und									

#### 3. Deposits and Investments

The County has adopted a formal investment policy. The primary objectives for investments are (in order of priority) preservation of capital and protection of principal, security of County funds and investments, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet operating needs, diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable or avoidable risks, and maximization of return on the investments. All available funds shall be invested in conformance with legal and administrative guidelines at the highest rates obtainable at the time of investment. Investments shall be managed in a manner responsive to the public trust and consistent with state and local law.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in United States Treasury and Agency securities, collateralized public deposits, and the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, certain money market securities and funds, and investment agreements with financial institutions. The County's cash manager will apply the "prudent investor" rule, which states: "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived."

State statutes authorize the District to invest in collateralized public deposits, obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities and State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Restricted assets for the District consist of investments held by the trustee for future qualified capital expenditures and bond reserve funds.

The following is a breakdown of the County's cash by fund type:

Reconciliation of Cash											
		Investments		and	Investments		Total				
Government-type activities		\$	251,524,196	\$	2,318,422	\$	253,842,618				
Business-type activities			67,013,490		84,233,252		151,246,742				
Agency funds			551,986,606		-		551,986,606				
	Total	\$	870,524,292	\$	86,551,674	\$	957,075,966				

A breakdown of the Park and Recreation District's cash by fund type is below:

Reconciliation of Component Unit Cash										
		Activities	1	Activities	Total					
Deposits including investments	\$	8,928,183	\$	4,495,240	\$ 13,423,423					
Restricted cash and investments		7,782,733		878,740	8,661,473					
Total	\$	16,710,916	\$	5,373,980	\$ 22,084,896					

At year-end, a reconciliation of deposits and investments is as follows:

Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments										
		Primary Government	(	Component Unit						
		Jovenninent		Offic						
Cash on hand	\$	47,775	\$	-						
Carrying amount of deposits		32,645,758		856,059						
Carrying amount of investments		924,382,433		21,228,837						
Total deposits and investments	\$	957,075,966	\$	22,084,896						
Deposits including investments	\$	870,524,292	\$	13,423,423						
Restricted cash and investments		86,551,674		8,661,473						
Total deposits and investments	\$	957,075,966	\$	22,084,896						

As of December 31, 2012, the County had the following investments:

	John	son County's		
Sche	dule of Investr	nents at December 31, 2	012	
	Interest Rates	Maturities	Par Value	Fair Value
County Investments:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	0.01%	On demand	\$ 253,787,594	\$ 253,787,594
Certificate of Deposit	0.31-1.74%	01/18/2013-03/19/2013	4,600,000	4,600,000
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool			6,979	6,979
Treasury Securities - Coupon	0.08-0.85%	02/28/2013-12/15/2015	224,000,000	224,060,592
Federal Agency Discount Notes:				
Federal National Mtge Association	0.08%	02/01/2013	34,000,000	33,998,510
Federal Agency Issues - Coupon:				
Federal Farm Credit Bank	0.45-0.94%	07/23/2011-09/01/2015	54,000,000	54,048,250
Federal Home Loan Bank	0.38-1.09%	03/09/2012-09/08/2015	28,775,000	29,060,785
Federal Home Loan Mtge Corp	0.50-1.00%	03/14/2012-12/28/2015	30,000,000	30,049,260
Federal National Mtge Association	0.25-2.60%	01/30/2012-12/28/2015	247,239,000	 247,238,217
Total County Investments			\$ 876,408,573	\$ 876,850,187
Funds held with Trustee (Restricted for	Refunded Debt)			
Debt securities				 47,532,246
Total Investments				\$ 924,382,433

The maturities of the County's investments as of December 31, 2012, were classified as shown below:

	Joh	nson County's				
Schedule of In	vest	ments at Dece	mb	er 31, 2012		
		Invest	tmer	nt Maturities in '	Years	5
		Fair Value		Less than 1		1-5
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	253,787,594	\$	253,787,594	\$	-
Certificate of Deposit		4,600,000		4,600,000		-
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool		6,979		6,979		-
Treasury Securities - Discount		-		-		-
Treasury Securities - Coupon		224,060,592		63,161,826		160,898,766
Federal Agency Discount Notes:						
Federal National Mtge Association		33,998,510		33,998,510		-
Federal Agency Issues - Coupon:						
Federal Farm Credit Bank		54,048,250		54,048,250		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		29,060,785		11,595,965		17,464,820
Federal Home Loan Mtge Corp		30,049,260		3,004,200		27,045,060
Federal National Mtge Association		247,238,217		13,039,918		234,198,299
Total County Investments	\$	876,850,187	\$	437,243,242	\$	439,606,945

The District has investments held in the State Municipal Investment Pool, in a Security Bank of Kansas City Money Market Investment, federally tax exempt municipal bonds, Community Foundation Investment, and in Principal Financial Group, Inc. Common Stock. The State Treasurer operates the municipal investment pool. This pool is not a Security Exchange Commission (SEC) registered pool. The pool's fair value, listed below, is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Pooled Money Investment Board provides regulatory oversight for this pool.

Restricted Investments for the District are held by the Trustee in various money market investments for bond reserves and future capital expenditures. These investments are authorized by the bond covenants. The District had the following investments as of December 31, 2012:

Component Unit Schedule of Investments at December 31, 2012										
	Rating	Interest Rates	Maturities	Par Value	Fair Value					
District Investments:										
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	AAAf/S1+	N/A	Current-180 days	\$ 17,194,089	\$ 17,194,089					
SBKC Money Market Investment	AAAm	N/A	Current	3,560,144	3,560,144					
Federally Tax Exempt Municipal Bonds	Not available	N/A	Current-2042	329,595	329,595					
Community Foundation, Equity Funds, Fixed Income Funds	Not available	N/A	Current-2028	104,168	104,168					
Principal Financial Group, Inc. Common Stock	N/A	N/A	Current	40,841	40,841					
				\$ 21,228,837	\$ 21,228,837					

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater is the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means to limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits its investment operating portfolio to maturities with a weighted average of less than eighteen months and its long-term portfolio to maturities with a weighted average of less than

three years. As of December 31, 2012, the County's combined weighted average of all investments is 636 days.

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to the government. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the government's name. All deposits were fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (F.D.I.C.), or fully collateralized by collateral held by the County or its agents in the County's name. The County's investment policies and procedures state that all investments shall be held in the name of Johnson County, Kansas. As of December 31, 2012 the County has \$324,875,000 of investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

All deposits were fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (F.D.I.C.), or fully collateralized by collateral held by the District or its agents in the District's name. All investments are held by the District in the District or its agent's name.

Credit Risk. As of December 31, 2012, County funds not held in depository accounts had been invested in certificates of deposits, Government money market funds, the state municipal investment pool, U.S. Treasury notes and the following Government Sponsored Enterprise (GSE) Notes: Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Federal National Mortgage Association Notes. The GSE Notes are rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Service. Government money market mutual funds are primarily invested in the above mentioned GSE's and repurchase agreements collateralized with GSE's. The Municipal Investment Pool Portfolio is rated AAAf/S1+ by Standard & Poor's.

The District limits investments to those permitted by State Statute or bond covenants and has no formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. At December 31, 2012, of total cash and investments, the County invested 36% in coupons, 28% in callable notes, and 4% in discount notes. The County's investment policy permits up to 80% to be invested in coupons, 50% in callable notes, 50% in discount notes, and 25% for both money markets and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool at any given point in time. These limits are adjusted during tax collection periods which run from ten days prior to the due date for taxes to be remitted through the distribution dates set by Kansas Statute. The Discount Obligation percent increases to 65%, Money Market Funds and Instruments percent increases to 50% and the limit on the MIP may be increased to 50%. Additionally, the policy permits 100% in demand deposits, certificates of deposits and treasury notes.

More than 5 percent of the County's investments are in Fidelity Money Market Mutual Funds (10.70%), JP Morgan (10.95%), Bank of Oklahoma Blackrock FedFund Money Market (7.30%), Treasury Securities (25.55%), Federal Farm Credit Bank (6.16%), and the Federal National Mortgage Association (32.07%).

The District places no limit on the amount that is invested with any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (81%), and SBKC Money Market Investment (17%).

The following is a breakdown of the County's investments by issuer:

			% of
Issuer	Par value	Fair Value	Portfolio
Fidelity	\$ 93,780,928	\$ 93,780,928	10.70%
JP Morgan	96,006,422	96,006,422	10.95%
Bank of Oklahoma Blackrock FedFund Money Market	64,000,244	64,000,244	7.30%
SMP 16	6,979	6,979	0.00%
US Bank	1,100,000	1,100,000	0.13%
Commerce Bank	3,500,000	3,500,000	0.40%
Treasury Securities - Coupon	224,000,000	224,060,592	25.55%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	54,000,000	54,048,250	6.16%
Federal Home Loan Bank	28,775,000	29,060,785	3.31%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	30,000,000	30,049,260	3.43%
Federal National Mortgage Association	281,239,000	281,236,727	32.07%
Total	\$ 876,408,573	\$ 876,850,187	100.00%

#### 4. Receivables

Receivables are comprised of the following as of December 31, 2012:

Accounts Receivable Fiscal Year 2012										
Special Taxes Accounts Grant Interest Assessment Receivable Receivable Receivable Receivable										
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	\$161,001,242	\$ 7,420,756	\$2,007,865	\$ 932,014	\$ -	\$171,361,877				
<b>Business Type Activities</b>		12,909,315	331,513	67,381	904,714	14,212,923				
	\$161,001,242	\$20,330,071	\$2,339,378	\$ 999,395	\$ 904,714	\$185,574,800				

#### 5. Capital Assets

The accompanying government-wide financial statements include those infrastructure assets that were either completed during the fiscal year or considered construction in progress at year-end.

The following is the detail of capital assets as of December 31, 2012:

#### **Primary Government**

	D	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,
		2011	Increases		Decreases	Transfers		2012
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	24,224,181	\$	1,850,329	\$ -	\$ -	\$	26,074,510
Construction in progress		50,116,188		8,221,683	(4,959,359)	-		53,378,512
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		74,340,369		10,072,012	(4,959,359)	-		79,453,022
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		103,806,190		-	(411,283)	-		103,394,907
Improvements other than buildings		4,878,338		318,469	(588,573)	-		4,608,234
Machinery and Equipment		30,964,284		4,209,620	(2,138,268)	(405,400)		32,630,236
Infrastructure		80,862,898		3,026,667	(3,071,730)	-		80,817,835
Total capital assets being depreciated		220,511,710		7,554,756	(6,209,854)	(405,400)		221,451,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(46, 267, 353)		(2,423,200)	348,659	-		(48,341,894
Improvements other than buildings		(1,856,975)		(215,421)	396,225	-		(1,676,171
Machinery and Equipment		(24,271,942)		(2,959,082)	2,118,899	380,332		(24,731,793)
Infrastructure		(41,825,237)		(4,600,761)	1,254,888	-		(45,171,110
Total accumulated depreciation		(114,221,507)		(10,198,464)	4,118,671	380,332		(119,920,968)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,net		106,290,203		(2,643,708)	(2,091,183)	(25,068)		101,530,244
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	180,630,572	\$	7,428,304	\$ (7,050,542)	\$ (25,068)	\$	180,983,266

	D	ecember 31,				D	ecember 31,
		2011	Increases	Decreases	Transfers		2012
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	6,340,415	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,340,415
Construction in progress		213,377,773	58,946,643	(96,644,171)	-		175,680,245
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		219,718,188	58,946,643	(96,644,171)	-		182,020,660
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings		305,247,786	97,412,465	-	-		402,660,251
Improvements other than buildings		334,020,352	-	-	-		334,020,352
Machinery and Equipment		267,068,224	1,282,572	(192,205)	405,400		268,563,991
Infrastructure		2,187,980	-	-	-		2,187,980
Total capital assets being depreciated		908,524,342	98,695,037	(192,205)	405,400		1,007,432,574
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(87,147,829)	(8,477,416)	-	-		(95,625,245)
Improvements other than buildings		(107,231,728)	(16,091,150)	-	-		(123,322,878)
Machinery and Equipment		(238, 369, 165)	(5,069,445)	192,205	(380,332)		(243,626,737)
Infrastructure		(121,109)	(49,509)	-	-		(170,618)
Total accumulated depreciation		(432,869,831)	(29,687,520)	192,205	(380,332)		(462,745,478)
Total capital assets being depreciated,net		475,654,511	69,007,517	-	25,068		544,687,096
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	695,372,699	\$ 127,954,160	\$ (96,644,171)	\$ 25,068	\$	726,707,756

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 1,900,699
Public Works	5,374,114
Public Safety	1,524,292
Health and Welfare	417,809
Planning and Economic Development	13,059
Culture and Recreation	968,491
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$10,198,464

Business-type activities	
Airport Fund	\$ 1,385,671
Public Building Commission Fund	6,435,150
Transportation Fund	1,581,943
Unified Wastewater District Fund	20,284,756
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$29,687,520

#### Discretely presented component unit

A summary of changes in governmental activities and business-type activities capital assets follows:

	D	ecember 31,				De	cember 31,
		2011	Increases	D	ecreases		2012
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	52,206,207	\$ -	\$	- :	\$	52,206,207
Construction in progress		638,022	164,381		(528, 190)		274,213
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		52,844,229	164,381		(528,190)		52,480,420
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings		24,688,213	692,777		-		25,380,990
Improvements other than buildings		30,950,899	519,984		-		31,470,883
Machinery and Equipment		3,915,890	225,858		-		4,141,748
Infrastructure		492,149	-		-		492,149
Total capital assets being depreciated		60,047,151	1,438,619		-		61,485,770
Less: accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(3,295,312)	(649,502)		-		(3,944,814)
Improvements other than buildings		(14,015,342)	(1,299,319)		-		(15,314,661)
Machinery and Equipment		(2,558,382)	(275,671)		-		(2,834,053)
Infrastructure		(40,990)	(28,020)		-		(69,010)
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,910,026)	(2,252,512)		-		(22,162,538)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,net		40,137,125	(813,893)		-		39,323,232
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	92,981,354	\$ (649,512)	\$	(528,190)	\$	91,803,652

	De	ecember 31,				De	ecember 31,
		2011	Increases	D	ecreases		2012
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	4,240,976	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,240,976
Construction in progress		-	-		-		-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,240,976	-		-		4,240,976
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings		5,886,596	-		-		5,886,596
Improvements other than buildings		9,341,853	10,450		-		9,352,303
Machinery and Equipment		3,107,076	15,495		(20,037)		3,102,534
Total capital assets being depreciated		18,335,525	25,945		(20,037)		18,341,433
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(2,139,731)	(103,804)		-		(2,243,535)
Improvements other than buildings		(8,156,695)	(253,764)		-		(8,410,459)
Machinery and Equipment		(2,678,823)	(205,993)		20,037		(2,864,779)
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,975,249)	(563,561)		20,037		(13,518,773)
Total capital assets being depreciated,net		5,360,276	(537,616)				4,822,660
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	9,601,252	\$ (537,616)	\$	-	\$	9,063,636

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$2,252,512 for the component unit's governmental activities was charged to culture and recreation.

#### 6. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances occur when one fund incurs expenses for another fund. For 2012, the General Fund owes the Public Building Commission for settlement costs of a lawsuit with the contractor related to damage incurred by a fire during construction of the Adult Detention Center. The judgment is being appealed. Amounts due to and from other funds as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Interfund Balances at December 31, 2012										
Due to Due from										
	0	Other Funds Other Fu								
Major Funds										
General Fund	\$	2,454,186	\$	-						
Public Building Commission		-		2,454,186						
Total	\$	2,454,186	\$	2,454,186						

An interfund transfer is a movement of monies from one fund to another for current purposes. Frequently it involves the transfer of money from the fund authorized to raise the money to the fund authorized to spend it.

Interfund operating transfers for the year ended December 31, 2012, are as follows:

Interfund Transfers:											
	General Fund	Pı	Capital rojects Fund	,	Unified Wastewater District	 Non-Major Sovernmental Funds	Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Non-Major nternal Svc Funds	Tr	Total ansfers Out
Transfer From											
General Fund	\$ -	\$	5,825,192	\$	-	\$ 699,853	\$ 4,968,532	\$	-	\$	11,493,577
Capital Projects Fund	1,950,383		-		188,629	105,932	-		-		2,244,944
Unified Wastewater District	735,370		-		-	-	-		-		735,370
Non-Major Governmental Funds	202,620		26,277,484			2,331,980	-		15,347		28,827,431
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	-		79,796		-	-	-		-		79,796
Non-Major Internal Svc Funds	78,060		-		-	 -	 -		-		78,060
Total Transfers In	\$ 2,966,433	\$	32,182,472	\$	188,629	\$ 3,137,765	\$ 4,968,532	\$	15,347	\$	43,459,178

Transfers from the General Fund and non-major governmental funds were primarily to the Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund also transferred operating subsidies to the Transportation (a non-major enterprise) fund. Transfers from the Capital Projects fund to the General Fund were for unexpended funds at the end of a capital project. Funds were also transferred from the General fund to the Capital Projects fund for equipment reserves.

Transfers from a major enterprise fund, the Unified Wastewater, were to reimburse the General fund for various costs. Transfers from non-major governmental funds were primarily to the Capital Projects fund for budgeted capital projects and to the non-major governmental funds to provide budgeted revenue for debt service, and to reimburse the General Fund for various costs.

Transfers for the government-wide Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2012 have been summarized below:

	Transfers				
Transfer From					
Governmental activities to Business-type activities					
General to Non-Major Enterprise	\$	4,968,532			
Capital Projects to Unified Wastewater		188,629			
Non-Major Governmental to Unified Wastewater		25,068			
Business-type activities to Governmental activities					
Unified Wastewater to General		(735,370)			
Non-Major Enterprise Funds to Capital Projects		(79,796)			
Total Transfers - Statement of Activities	\$	4,367,063			

#### 7. Assets under Capital Leases

The County and the Park and Recreation District have entered into various leases for land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, which have bargain purchase options and have been classified in the financial statements as capital leases. The following table details property under capital leases by major classification at December 31, 2012:

Assets Under Capital Lease										
		Governmental	С	omponent						
		Activities		Unit						
Machinery and equipment	\$	-	\$	473,562						
Land		1,602,150		-						
Building and Improvements		348,233		-						
Construction in Progress		172,906		-						
Restricted for Capital Improvement		1,526,711		-						
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,608)		(197,052)						
Total	\$	3,638,392	\$	276,510						

#### 8. Debt

#### A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

#### 1. Changes in Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in governmental activities long-term debt of the County for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Summary of Go	Summary of Governmental Activities Debt for the year ended December 31, 2012												
	(	Outstanding		C	Outstanding	С	Due Within						
		January 1		Additions	Reductions		December 31		(	One Year			
Primary Government						_							
Bonds:													
General obligation	\$	2,790,000	\$	730,000	\$	1,730,000	\$	1,790,000	\$	150,000			
Plus: bond premium		115,333		68,468		65,123		118,678		-			
Special obligation		8,280,000		-		1,630,000		6,650,000		1,315,000			
Compensated absences		16,773,711		1,933,707		1,391,360		17,316,058		1,189,715			
Other post employment benefits		9,582,960		1,682,293		1,017,817		10,247,436		-			
Voluntary Retirement Incentive		889,617		3,149,808		889,617		3,149,808		992,743			
Capital lease obligations		5,499		3,650,000		255,499		3,400,000		250,000			
Total	\$	38,437,120	\$	11,214,276	\$	6,979,416	\$	42,671,980	\$	3,897,458			

For the governmental activities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Other post employment benefits (OPEB) are liquidated from the health care fund.

#### 2. Governmental Activities General and Special Obligation Bonds

At December 31, 2012, governmental activities general and special obligation bonds consist of the following:

	Outstanding Governmental Activities											
General and Special Obligation Bonds as of December 31, 2012												
		Original		Current		Original						
		Issue		Bonds	Interest	Term in						
	_	Amount	0	utstanding	Rates	Years						
Primary Government												
1999A	\$	7,572,376	\$	70,000	4.500-5.500%	20						
2004B		4,445,000		3,020,000	3.125-4.000%	15						
2005A		1,245,000		905,000	4.000-4.750%	20						
2008C		1,410,000		690,000	3.000-3.875%	10						
2010B		4,470,000		2,340,000	2.000-3.250%	10						
2010D		185,000		85,000	2.000-3.000%	3						
2010E		740,000		600,000	0.700-2.600%	10						
2012B		730,000		730,000	2.000-3.000%	13						
Total	\$	20,797,376	\$	8,440,000								

On August 15, 2012, the County issued \$27,005,000 of General Obligation Internal Improvement Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, to crossover refund issue 2005A. For governmental activities, \$730,000 of the \$27,005,000 will be used to crossover refund issue 2005A. The Series 2012B Bonds related to governmental activities mature in 2015 and have interest rates from 2.0% to 3.0%. The bond premium for the governmental activities portion of the 2012B Series was recorded in the amount of \$68,468. As of December 31, 2012, the remaining balance of the bond premium was \$66,491.

For governmental activities, the Series 2012B Refunding Bonds resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$71,094 and a reduction of \$83,650 in the net future value debt service payments for the County over the next 13 years.

The issuance of the Series 2012B General Obligation Internal Improvement Crossover Refunding Bonds was conducted as a "crossover" advance refunding, in which the proceeds of the Bonds (new issue) are placed in an escrow account with a major bank and will be invested in State and Local Government Securities. These investments and their earnings are structured to pay interest on the portion of 2012B Bonds allocable to the Series 2005A until September 1, 2015 (the call date of the Refunded Bonds), at which time the escrow account will crossover and prepay the entire remaining principal of the Refunded Bonds. The County will continue to pay the originally scheduled debt service payments on the Series 2005A Bonds until September 1, 2015. After the call date, the County will cross over and begin making debt service payments on the 2012B Bonds, taking advantage of the lower interest rates. All of the deferred amounts related to refunding are being amortized to interest expense annually.

Remaining debt service requirements for general and special obligation bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Fund of the Primary Government with future property tax revenues.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities general and special obligation bonds are as follows:

Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities									
for General and Special Obligation Bonds										
Primary Government		Principal		Interest	Total					
2013	\$	1,465,000	\$	278,472	\$	1,743,472				
2014		1,000,000		238,882		1,238,882				
2015		1,635,000		209,563		1,844,563				
2016		920,000		147,450		1,067,450				
2017		950,000		116,373		1,066,373				
2018-2022		2,230,000		179,450		2,409,450				
2023-2027	240,000 14,325 254									
Total	\$	8,440,000	\$	1,184,515	\$	9,624,515				

#### 3. Governmental Activities Special Assessment Bonds

As explained in Note 1.K., Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the County has made a commitment to pay special assessment bonds in the event less than sufficient revenues are collected for the required debt service. At December 31, 2012, governmental activities special assessment bonds had a zero balance.

#### 4. Capital Leases

As explained in Note 7, the County has entered into various capital leases for assets. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Future Minimum Lease Payments								
Year Ending	Go	overnmental						
December 31:		Activities						
2013		290,800						
2014		287,800						
2015		2,934,800						
Total minimum lease payments		3,513,400						
Less amounts representing interest		(113,400)						
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	3,400,000						

#### 5. Debt Margin

The County has an available debt margin of \$633,205,678 as of December 31, 2012.

#### B. Business-Type Activities Debt

#### 1. Changes in Business-Type Activities Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in business-type activities debt of the County for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Summary of	Business-Type A	Acti	vities Debt for	the	year ended De	ecember 31, 2012	
	Outstanding January 1		Additions	ı	Reductions	Outstanding December 31	Due Within One Year
Primary Government							
General obligation bonds:							
Wastewater	\$ 235,520,000	\$	63,625,000	\$	22,670,000	\$ 276,475,000	\$ 12,510,000
Plus: bond premium	4,795,180		6,174,982		809,674	10,160,488	-
Less:							
Issuance discounts	(240,092)		(38,803)		(158,560)	(120,335)	-
Airport	3,761,245		-		435,157	3,326,088	395,155
Plus: bond premium	139,990		-		22,192	117,798	-
Special assessment bonds:							
Wastewater	38,755		-		4,845	33,910	4,845
Revenue bonds:							
PBC	237,330,000		16,635,000		26,665,000	227,300,000	11,890,000
Plus: bond premium	2,659,587		1,850,406		254,381	4,255,612	-
Less:							
Issuance discounts	(477,900)		-		(31,312)	(446,588)	-
Claims and judgments	2,381,284		72,902		-	2,454,186	2,454,186
Compensated absences	1,445,572		267,222		107,620	1,605,174	110,285
Retainages payable	175,741		50,700		48,300	178,141	178,141
Long-term loans:							
Wastewater	35,257,830		-		5,709,509	29,548,321	5,030,764
Airport	39,211				22,525	16,686	 16,686
Total	\$ 522,826,403	\$	88,637,409	\$	56,559,331	\$ 554,904,481	\$ 32,590,062

#### 2. Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds

At December 31, 2012, Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds consist of the following:

Outstanding	Outstanding Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds											
		as of Dec	eml	per 31, 2012								
		Original		Current		Original						
		Issue		Bonds	Interest	Term						
		Amount		Outstanding	Rates	in Years						
2005A Wastewater	\$	44.035.000	φ	22 600 000	2 000 E 000%	20						
	Ф	44,935,000	\$	32,600,000	3.000-5.000%	20						
2007A Wastewater		42,220,000		32,200,000	4.000-5.000%	20						
2007B Wastewater		24,590,000		24,590,000	4.000-4.750%	20						
2008A Wastewater		26,585,000		26,585,000	4.000-5.000%	20						
2008B Wastewater		17,070,000		215,000	4.000-5.000%	10						
2008D Wastewater		10,425,000		10,425,000	4.000-5.000%	20						
2009A Wastewater		16,345,000		16,345,000	2.000-4.125%	20						
2009B Wastewater		20,925,000		20,925,000	2.250-5.400%	20						
2009C Wastewater		8,460,000		6,945,000	3.000-5.000%	11						
2009C Wastewater		3,423,175		2,935,000	3.000-5.000%	12						
2009C Wastewater		2,580,000		2,135,000	3.000-5.000%	13						
2010C Wastewater		8,605,000		8,605,000	1.150-4.800%	20						
2010D Wastewater		2,460,000		2,290,000	2.000-4.000%	13						
2010D Wastewater		9,265,000		9,265,000	3.000-4.000%	14						
2011A Wastewater		16,790,000		16,790,000	2.000-4.000%	20						
2012A Wastewater		37,350,000		37,350,000	2.000-4.000%	20						
2012B Wastewater		26,275,000		26,275,000	2.000-3.000%	13						
1999A Airport		410,000		71,088	4.500-5.500%	20						
2008A Airport		1,960,000		1,715,000	4.000-5.000%	20						
2008B Airport		1,505,000		745,000	4.000-5.000%	10						
2010D Airport		940,000		795,000	2.000-4.000%	7						
Total	\$	323,118,175	\$	279,801,088	• 							

On August 15, 2012, the County issued \$37,350,000 of General Obligation Internal Improvement Bonds, Series 2012A, to finance certain wastewater improvements to the Unified Wastewater District. These bonds mature in 2032 and have interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The bond premium for the Series 2012A issue was recorded in the amount of \$3,710,995 and is being amortized to interest expense through 2032. As of December 31, 2012, the balance of the bond premium is \$3,603,850.

On August 15, 2012, the County also issued \$26,275,000 of Internal Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, to crossover refund the Series 2005A bonds. These bonds mature in 2025 and have interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%. The bond premium for the Series 2012B issue was recorded in the amount of \$2,463,987 and is being amortized to interest expense through 2025. As of December 31, 2012, the balance of the bond premium is \$2,392,846.

For proprietary funds, the Series 2012B Refunding Bonds resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$3,053,913 and a reduction of \$2,593,379 in the net future value debt service payments for the County over the next 13 years.

The issuance of the Series 2012B General Obligation Internal Improvement Refunding Bonds was conducted as a "crossover" advance refunding, in which the proceeds of the Bonds (new issue) are placed in an escrow account with a major bank and will be invested in State and

Local Government Securities. These investments and their earnings are structured to pay interest on the portion of 2012B Bonds allocable to the Series 2005A until September 1, 2015, (the call dates of the Refunded Bonds), at which time the escrow account will crossover and prepay the entire remaining principal of the Refunded Bonds. The County will continue to pay the originally scheduled debt service payments on the Series 2005A until September 1, 2015. After the call date, the County will cross over and begin making debt service payments on the 2012B Bonds, taking advantage of the lower interest rates.

Remaining debt service requirements for general obligation wastewater bonds will be paid from the Unified Wastewater District Enterprise Fund with revenues from equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) charges and connection fees. In 2013 EDU charges will not be on the property tax rolls and will be collected on the usage billings. Remaining debt service requirements for general obligation airport bonds will be paid from the Airport Enterprise Fund with revenues from operations or from taxes.

For 2014 remaining debt service requirements for general obligation wastewater bonds will be paid from the Unified Wastewater District Enterprise Fund with revenues from wastewater Capital Finance Charges and connection fees. Capital Finance Charges are billed and collected in the same manner as the wastewater operations and maintenance charge. Remaining debt service requirements for general obligation airport bonds will be paid from the Airport Enterprise Fund with revenues from operations or from taxes.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities general obligation bonds are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements for Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds										
Principal Interest Total										
2013	\$	12,905,155	\$	11,149,628	\$	24,054,783				
2014		13,650,155		10,626,012		24,276,167				
2015		40,495,155		10,136,003		50,631,158				
2016		14,595,155		8,425,725		23,020,880				
2017		14,965,155		7,894,442		22,859,597				
2018-2022		80,290,313		30,472,734		110,763,047				
2023-2027		75,900,000		14,430,536		90,330,536				
2028-2032		27,000,000		2,300,165		29,300,165				
Total	\$	279,801,088	\$	95,435,245	\$	375,236,333				

#### 3. Business-Type Activities Special Assessment Bonds

As explained in Note 1. K., Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the County has made a commitment to pay special assessment bonds in the event less than sufficient revenues are collected for the required debt service. At December 31, 2012, Wastewater special assessment bonds consist of the following:

Outstanding Wastewater Special Assessment Bonds as of December 31, 2012											
	(	Original	(	Current		Original					
		Issue	sue Bonds			Term					
		Amount	Ou	tstanding	Rates	in Years					
1999A	\$	96,891	\$	33,910	4.50-5.509	% 20					

Remaining debt service requirements for Wastewater special assessment bonds with governmental commitment will be paid from the Wastewater Enterprise Fund with future special assessments.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Wastewater special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2012, are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements for Wastewater Special Assessment Bonds									
	Р	Principal		Interest		Total			
2013	\$	4,845	\$	1,830	\$	6,675			
2014		4,845		1,578		6,423			
2015		4,845		1,322		6,167			
2016		4,845		1,060		5,905			
2017		4,845		800		5,645			
2018-2022		9,685		798		10,483			
Total	\$	33,910	\$	7,388	\$	41,298			

#### 4. Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds

The Public Building Commission (PBC) has issued revenue bonds, which will be paid from future rent revenues. At December 31, 2012, business-type activities revenue bonds for PBC consist of the following:

Business-Type Activities											
Outstanding Revenue Bonds as of December 31, 2012											
		Current Origin									
		Original		Bonds	Interest	Term in					
		Amount	(	Outstanding	Rates	Years					
<b>Primary Government</b>											
PBC, 2005A	\$	28,260,000	\$	20,550,000	2.375-4.800%	20					
PBC, 2007A		10,500,000		8,015,000	2.000-5.250%	20					
PBC, 2007B		4,850,000		2,480,000	4.000-4.750%	20					
PBC, 2008A		48,825,000		42,760,000	3.892-4.125%	20					
PBC, 2008B		5,640,000	4,930,000		3.800-3.900%	20					
PBC, 2008C		10,750,000		9,190,000	4.000-5.000%	20					
PBC, 2009A		14,995,000		13,510,000	4.000-4.750%	20					
PBC, 2010A		13,245,000		12,300,000	1.000-5.650%	20					
PBC, 2010B		6,120,000		2,890,000	2.500-4.000%	12					
PBC, 2010C		31,510,000		30,395,000	2.500-4.000%	14					
PBC, 2010D		14,250,000		13,010,000	0.850-5.000%	20					
PBC, 2011A		35,395,000		34,605,000	2.000-4.375%	20					
PBC, 2011B		16,800,000		16,030,000	2.000-4.500%	20					
PBC, 2012A		16,635,000		16,635,000	3.000-4.000%	13					
Total	\$	257,775,000	\$	227,300,000	•						

On August 15, 2012, the County issued \$16,635,000 of Lease Purchase Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A, to crossover refund the Series 2005A bonds. These bonds mature in 2025 and have interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.0%. The bond premium for the Series 2012A issue was recorded in the amount of \$1,850,406 and is being amortized to interest expense through 2025. As of December 31, 2012, the balance of the bond premium is \$1,796,980.

The Series 2012A PBC Refunding Bonds resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$1,646,844 and a reduction of \$1,412,683 in the net future value debt service payments for the PBC over the next 13 years.

The issuance of the Series 2012A Lease Purchase Revenue Refunding Bonds was conducted as a "crossover" advance refunding, in which the proceeds of the Bonds (new issue) are placed in an escrow account with a major bank and will be invested in State and Local Government Securities. These investments and their earnings are structured to pay interest on the portion of 2012A PBC Bonds allocable to the Series 2005A PBC Bonds until September 1, 2015, (the call dates of the Refunded Bonds), at which time the escrow account will crossover and prepay the entire remaining principal of the Refunded Bonds. The PBC will continue to pay the originally scheduled debt service payments on the Series 2005A PBC Bonds until September 1, 2015. After the call date, the PBC will cross over and begin making debt service payments on the 2012A PBC Bonds, taking advantage of the lower interest rates.

Remaining debt service requirements for PBC revenue bonds will be paid from the PBC Enterprise fund. This fund has future lease revenue pledged to repay revenue bonds which provided proceeds for financing of buildings and facilities. The bonds are payable solely from lease payments made directly to a trustee for the purpose of repaying the debt. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$11,445,000 and \$9,790,327, respectively.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities revenue bonds are as follows:

Debt Service Requirer	ner	nts for Busines	s-Ty	pe Activities	Rev	enue Bonds	
		Principal		Interest	Total		
Primary Government							
2013	\$	11,890,000	\$	8,967,129	\$	20,857,129	
2014		11,955,000		8,595,370		20,550,370	
2015		28,045,000		8,236,985		36,281,985	
2016		11,710,000		7,119,691		18,829,691	
2017		12,160,000		6,716,605		18,876,605	
2018-2022		64,970,000		26,645,261		91,615,261	
2023-2027		60,640,000		13,481,092		74,121,092	
2028-2032		25,930,000		2,396,633		28,326,633	
Total	\$	227,300,000	\$	82,158,766	\$	309,458,766	

#### 5. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Loans

The County has committed to pay loan obligations in the event that insufficient revenues are collected from connection fees and EDU charges within the Wastewater District. The County has also committed to pay loan obligations for various railroad improvements at the New Century Air Center.

There were no new advances from the State (KDHE) in 2012, and as of December 31, 2012, the County had used all available eligibility to borrow on existing loans. Johnson County signed two new loans with KDHE in 2012 for various Wastewater improvements, however no activity has occurred on either loan as of December 31, 2012.

.

At December 31, 2012, loan agreements were in existence between the County and the State of Kansas as follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
Outstanding Loans as of December 31, 2012							
		Original		Current		Original	
		Issue		Loans	Interest	Term	
	Amount Outstanding Rates in Yea						
Blue River	\$	14,290,397	\$	5,079,133	3.14%	20	
Mill Creek		47,190,000		6,280,880	3.77%	20	
Mill Creek Regional Plant		13,583,500		8,886,528	2.86%	20	
Middle Basin Green Project		10,655,100		9,301,780	2.72%	20	
Airport Industrial Rail Project	oject 217,197 16,686 3.00% 10						
Total	\$	85,936,194	\$	29,565,007	-		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for borrowed amounts outstanding at December 31, 2012, against these loans are as follows:

	Debt Service Requirements for					
Business-Type Activities Loans						
Principal Interest Total						
2013	\$	5,047,450	\$	808,905	\$	5,856,355
2014		4,863,096		659,735		5,522,831
2015		1,815,565		510,081		2,325,646
2016		1,862,036		458,210		2,320,246
2017		1,940,268		404,720		2,344,988
2018-2022		6,612,153		1,354,985		7,967,138
2023-2027	2023-2027 5,290,983 591,638		5,882,621			
2028-2032		2,133,456		106,816		2,240,272
Total	\$	29,565,007	\$	4,895,090	\$	34,460,097

#### 6. Claims and Judgments

The County and its related entities are involved in numerous lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of activities, including claims for false arrest, personal injury and discriminatory personnel practices, property condemnation proceedings, and suits contesting the legality of certain taxes. While these cases may have future financial effect, management, based on advice from counsel believes that their ultimate outcome, with the exception of one case, will not be material to the financial statements.

In one case, the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the Public Building Commission, which has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. County counsel and management estimate the amount of the potential loss related to this particular litigation is likely to be approximately \$2,454,186. The case is being appealed.

#### C. Component Unit Debt

#### 1. Changes in Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in governmental activities long-term debt of the District for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Summary of Governmental Activities Debt for the year ended December 31, 2012									
	Outstanding					C	Outstanding	С	ue Within
	January 1	Α	dditions	F	Reductions	D	ecember 31	(	One Year
Component Unit									
Bonds:									
General obligation	\$ 3,000,000	\$	-	\$	340,000	\$	2,660,000	\$	345,000
Plus: issuance premiums	140,397		-		18,306		122,091		-
Revenue	76,000		-		38,000		38,000		38,000
Certificates of participation	40,230,000		-		2,785,000		37,445,000		2,890,000
Plus: issuance premiums	843,730		-		81,292		762,438		-
Compensated absences	784,133		328,210		317,923		794,420		286,309
Early retirement obligation	159,450		-		39,441		120,009		-
Other post employment benefits	402,785		58,780		20,827		440,738		-
Capital lease obligations	77,526		-		41,591		35,935		35,935
Total	\$45,714,021	\$	386,990	\$	3,682,380	\$	42,418,631	\$	3,595,244

The accrued compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are liquidated from the employee benefits fund.

#### 2. Governmental Activities and Business Type Activities Summary of Long Term Debt

At December 31, 2012, governmental activities and business-type activities debt for the District consists of the following:

	Summary of Bond Issues						
	Original Issue Amount	Go	overnmental Activities Balance	Business- Type Balance	Interest Rates	Original Term in Years	
Component Unit							
General Obligation:							
2010A Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,625,000	\$	2,660,000	\$ -	2.000-4.000%	9	
Revenue:							
2010B Refunding Lease	3,310,000		38,000	2,137,000	2.000-4.000%	8	
Certificates of Participation:							
2003 Series A	28,255,000		17,785,000	-	2.625-4.500%	20	
2003 Series B	3,640,000		1,895,000	-	2.250-5.000%	21	
2010 Series C	3,280,000		2,415,000	-	3.000-4.000%	8	
2010 Series D	4,145,000		3,805,000	-	2.000-4.125%	8	
2010 Series A	12,475,000		11,545,000		3.000-5.000%	11	
Total	\$58,730,000	\$	40,143,000	\$2,137,000	_		

#### 3. Governmental Activities Long-term Debt

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities long-term debt are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities							
Component Unit		Principal		Interest		Total	
2013	\$	3,308,935	\$	1,604,297	\$	4,913,232	
2014		3,360,000		1,481,033		4,841,033	
2015		3,470,000		1,362,113		4,832,113	
2016		3,615,000		1,223,938		4,838,938	
2017		3,750,000		1,095,763		4,845,763	
2018-2022		18,305,000		3,020,346		21,325,346	
2023-2027		3,550,000		428,725		3,978,725	
2028-2032		820,000		66,600		886,600	
Total	\$	40,178,935	\$	10,282,815	\$	50,461,750	

#### 4. Changes in Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in business-type activities debt of the District for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Summary of B	Summary of Business-Type Activities Debt for the year ended December 31, 2012									
		outstanding January 1	Þ	Additions	R	eductions		Outstanding ecember 31	_	ue Within One Year
Component Unit										
Revenue bonds	\$	2,474,000	\$	-	\$	337,000	\$	2,137,000	\$	352,000
Plus: issuance premiums		78,496		-		11,345		67,151		-
Compensated absences		554,177		153,278		164,379		543,076		195,724
Capital lease obligations		130,620		-		73,950		56,670		29,906
Net OPEB Obligation		620,330		90,526		32,075		678,781		-
Total	\$	3,857,623	\$	243,804	\$	618,749	\$	3,482,678	\$	577,630

#### 5. Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities revenue bonds are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements for Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds							
		Principal		Interest		Total	
Component Unit							
2013	\$	352,000	\$	69,350	\$	421,350	
2014		355,000		60,550		415,550	
2015		360,000		49,900		409,900	
2016		370,000		39,100		409,100	
2017		385,000		28,000		413,000	
2018-2022		315,000		12,600		327,600	
Total	\$	2,137,000	\$	259,500	\$	2,396,500	

All of the revenue bonds require the establishment of bond reserves of an amount equal to the lesser of a) 10 percent of the stated principal amount of the bonds; b) the maximum

annual debt service requirements; or c) 125 percent of the average annual debt service requirements. The District has \$331,673 in the District Enterprise Fund restricted for the bond reserves.

The Certificates of Participation require the establishment of bond reserves of an amount equal to the lesser of a) 10 percent of the stated principal amount of the certificates; b) the maximum annual debt service requirements; or c) 125 percent of the average annual debt service requirements. The exception to this requirement is the Series 2011A bond reserve, which is discussed in greater detail on the next page. The governmental activities have \$3,560,144 restricted for the required bond reserves.

The District has \$4,181,748 restricted cash and cash equivalents in Capital Projects Fund established by Kansas statute K.S.A. 19-2873b, which allows for the transfer of unspent General Fund dollars to be transferred to the District's Capital Projects Fund and moneys therein may be expended for acquisition of land and/or construction of improvements for future park and recreational use or for any such purposes.

The 2011A Bond reserve was set at an amount of \$525,000. All interest earned on the reserve fund will be retained therein. At no time will accumulated funds in the Reserve Fund exceed the Reserve Maximum. The Reserve Maximum is an amount equal to the lesser of (a) 10% of the original principal amount of such certificates, (b) 125% of the average annual base rental with respect to the certificates, or (c) 100% of the maximum annual base rental with respect to the certificates. At any time the Bond Reserve reaches the Reserve Maximum, the Trustee must transfer the excess funds to the Certificate Payment Fund.

#### 6. Capital leases

As explained in Note 7, the District has entered into various capital leases for assets. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Future Minimum Lease Payments		
Year Ending	Co	mponent
December 31:		Unit
2013		69,324
2014		27,917
Total minimum lease payments		97,241
Less amounts representing interest		(4,636)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	92,605

#### 9. Fund Balances

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds as of December 31, 2012, were distributed as follows:

#### Johnson County, Kansas

### Fund Balance Classifications Governmental Funds

December 31, 2012

Prepaids Subtotal  Restricted: General Government Public Works Public Safety	\$ 576,445 240,638 817,083 216 18,383 12,578,072 347,852 21,130	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 733,312 61,234 794,546 6,152,249 7,021,616 6,827,065	\$ 1,309,757 301,872 1,611,629 6,152,465 7,039,999
Prepaids Subtotal  Restricted: General Government Public Works Public Safety	240,638 817,083 216 18,383 12,578,072 347,852	\$ - - - - - - -	61,234 794,546 6,152,249 7,021,616	301,872 1,611,629 6,152,465
Subtotal  Restricted: General Government Public Works Public Safety	216 18,383 12,578,072 347,852	- - - - -	794,546 6,152,249 7,021,616	1,611,629 6,152,465
Restricted: General Government Public Works Public Safety	216 18,383 12,578,072 347,852	- - - -	6,152,249 7,021,616	6,152,465
General Government Public Works Public Safety	18,383 12,578,072 347,852	- - -	7,021,616	
Public Works Public Safety	18,383 12,578,072 347,852	- - -	7,021,616	
Public Safety	12,578,072 347,852	-		7 030 000
·	347,852	-	6,827,065	7,000,000
	•	-		19,405,137
Health and human services	21,130		3,706,925	4,054,777
Planning and economic development		-	-	21,130
Culture and recreation	(10,766)	-	1,771,385	1,760,619
Capital projects	-	1,526,711	-	1,526,711
Debt service	-		1,589,392	1,589,392
Subtotal _	12,954,887	1,526,711	27,068,632	41,550,230
Committed:				
General Government	375,000	-	-	375,000
Public Works	-	84,320,861	266,115	84,586,976
Public Safety	1,517,134	-	-	1,517,134
Health and human services	2,230	-	705,603	707,833
Planning and economic development	487,544	-	109,799	597,343
Culture and recreation	1,214,855		1,038	1,215,893
Subtotal	3,596,763	84,320,861	1,082,555	89,000,179
Assigned:				
General Government	318,049	-	102,328	420,377
Public Works	274,103	-	2,843,352	3,117,455
Public Safety	2,431,036	-	722,673	3,153,709
Health and human services	276,133	-	1,560,401	1,836,534
Planning and economic development	3,959	-	-	3,959
Culture and recreation	8,452		2,292,180	2,300,632
Subtotal	3,311,732		7,520,934	10,832,666
Unassigned:	72,506,285	-	-	72,506,285
Total fund balances		\$ 85,847,572	\$ 36,466,667	\$ 215,500,988

The Board of County Commissioners adopted the County policy on fund balance in December 2002. The policy aims to help reduce the negative impact on the County in times of economic uncertainty and potential losses of funding from other governmental agencies. Financial provisions are considered appropriate in order to:

#### Maintain Working Capital

- 1. Meet cash flow requirements.
- 2. Provide contingencies for unpredictable revenue sources.
- 3. Provide contingencies for emergencies (such as natural disasters).

#### Fund Capital Asset Replacement and Debt Retirement

- 4. Provide funding for capital asset replacement.
- 5. Meet debt service covenants/requirements.
- 6. Prepay outstanding debt.

It is the policy of the Board to maintain prudent provisions for established funds based on the six factors listed above, and all provision policies shall be analyzed on a periodic basis.

It is the policy of the Board to maintain a provision amount in the County's General Fund that ranges between 10% and 15% of estimated annual General Fund net revenues. General Fund net revenues are defined as the total annual budgeted revenues for the General Fund, excluding intrafund transfers and cost allocation expenditures budgeted in the General Fund. Any General Fund provision amounts in excess of the policy calculation are considered one-time (non-recurring and unpredictable) revenues and shall not be used to fund on-going expenditures. However, provisions may be used on a short-term basis to offset the impact of economic downturns.

It is the policy of the Board to maintain a provision of the County's Debt Service Fund and the Library's Debt Service Fund between 5% and 10% of the annual principal and interest amounts due on outstanding bonds, plus 100% of any annual principal and interest amounts due on outstanding temporary notes. Any Debt Service Fund provision amounts in excess of 10% can only be used to reduce the amount of outstanding debt or to reduce the debt service property tax levy.

It is the policy of the Board to establish and maintain a provision, including funding for plan runout, within the County's Health Care Fund. The amount of the provision shall be determined annually by the Board based upon funding recommendations prepared by the County Manager. The provision amount for any given year shall not be less than that amount which is determined to provide a provision level of high minimal funding and the provision goal for each year shall be that amount which is determined to provide a provision level of "secure funding". The County Manager and/or his designee shall develop and adopt criteria and procedures, recognized in the health care insurance industry, for determining the high minimal funding level and the secure funding level, but they should consider the following:

- 1. The County's average monthly claims.
- 2. Trending factors for claims and costs.
- 3. Trending factors for utilization of the fund.
- 4. Exposure to catastrophic or other cost factors.
- 5. The ability of the fund to be and remain viable through various experiences.

It is the policy of the Board to maintain a minimum provision between 5% and 10% of budgeted annual expenditures for the following funds:

- Public Works Fund
- > Transportation Fund
- > Airport Fund
- Library Operating Fund
- Library Special Use Fund
- > 911 Telephone Fund
- County Building Fund
- Alcohol Tax Fund
- Public Health Fund

It is the policy of the Board to maintain a minimum provision between 8% and 12% of budgeted annual expenditures per fund for the following funds:

- Developmental Supports Fund
- Mental Health Fund

If the provision amount for any County fund falls below the minimum established provision level, the County Manager shall submit a recommended plan to the Board as soon as practical, but not to exceed 90 days following receipt of notice from the Director of Budget and Financial Planning and the Director of Treasury and Financial Management, to rebuild the provision to the minimum level.

#### **Purposes of Fund Balance Classifications**

#### A. General Fund

The total restricted fund balance for the General Fund for 2012 is \$12,954,887. The majority of this is related to Public Safety. The largest portion, \$10 million, are receipts from the Public Safety Sales Tax to be used for facilities including jail beds, a crime lab, and juvenile detention campus. Additionally, \$1.3 million are receipts restricted to Sheriff activities, and another \$700 thousand are receipts from fees to administer District Court domestic violence programs, bond supervision, and juvenile supervision. An additional \$500 thousand is restricted for community corrections programs.

The total committed fund balance for the General Fund for 2012 is \$3,596,762. General Government accounts for \$375 thousand, which is a contingency for sick/disability pay. Public Safety accounts for \$1.5 million, which is comprised of \$1 million as a contingency for adult and juvenile prisoner boarding, prisoner medical costs, and for general county litigation expenses, and \$300 thousand for programs including the Corrections house arrest program. Planning and economic development accounts for \$500 thousand, which are related to contractor licensing. Culture and recreation accounts for \$1.2 million, which is the County's Heritage Trust Fund. This fund was established by the Board of County Commissioners to recognize the importance of preserving the valuable heritage and history of Johnson County. The revenue for this fund is derived from a one-cent increase in mortgage registration fees.

The total assigned fund balance for the General Fund for 2012 is \$3,311,732. Public Safety accounts for \$2.4 million. The components of this include \$650 thousand for District Court programs, \$500 thousand for the Sheriff commissary program, and \$300 thousand for Corrections training programs. The remaining assigned fund balance for Public Safety represents encumbrances for departments including Sheriff (\$315 thousand), and Emergency Management & Communications (\$350 thousand.) The rest of the assigned fund balance in the General Fund relates to encumbrances across departments not related to Public Safety.

#### B. Capital Projects Fund

The restricted portion of the capital projects fund is for capital lease proceeds received for the County Museum project. All other fund balance is committed under Public Works.

#### C. Other Governmental Funds

The other governmental funds are comprised of the special revenue, debt service, and non-major capital projects funds (Register of Deeds Technology, Stormwater, Public Works, and County Building funds.) The restricted revenue sources for these funds are a combination of tax and intergovernmental revenue, and charges for services that relate to the purpose of each fund. Any transfers in from the General Fund are considered committed. Investment earnings, revenues from licenses and permits and revenues from miscellaneous sources are considered assigned revenue sources. Fund balance for each fund is depleted via expenditures in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Please see the individual special revenue, debt service, and non-major capital projects fund statements for the fund balance detail.

#### 10. Self-Insurance

#### A. Risk Management

The Park and Recreation District does not participate in the County's self-insurance programs for risk management and health care. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for these risks.

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Since November 1990, the County has qualified as a self-insurer for workers' compensation benefits. Workers' Compensation costs are paid into the Risk Management internal service fund by all other funds through an allocation system and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. The County retains liability for \$500,000 per accident with specific excess coverage purchased commercially to provide protection in excess of that amount. Settled claims have not exceeded the retention amount in any of the past three fiscal years. No aggregate excess coverage is purchased. A third party claims administrator is contracted to provide claims administration and payment services.

As of December 31, 2012, incurred but not reported (IBNR) workers' compensation claims of \$1,144,245 have been accrued as a liability in the Risk Management internal service fund based upon an actuary's estimate. Additional workers' compensation claims incurred and outstanding of \$1,255,431 have also been recorded in this fund.

The County retains liability for \$350,000 of each occurrence for losses related to automobile and general liability. Coverage in excess of the retained limits is provided by excess insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded the retention or the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County purchases Public Officials Errors & Omissions and Employment Practices Liability insurance which provides coverage in excess of a \$350,000 retention per each wrongful act. Settled claims have not exceeded the retention or commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Law Enforcement Liability coverage is purchased to cover the Sheriff's Operations. Since January 2007, this insurance has a \$100,000 deductible applicable to each claim. Settled claims have not exceeded the deductible or commercial coverage in any of the past two fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the insurance coverage from

the prior year. As of December 31, 2012, incurred but not reported (IBNR) automobile, general, and law enforcement liability claims of \$1,569,205 have been accrued as a liability in the Risk Management internal service fund based upon an actuary's estimate. A liability for automobile, general, and law enforcement claims is established when payment is determined to be probable and reasonable estimates of expected costs are available. These amounts are in the categories as listed below:

Automobile liability	\$ 44,843
General liability	942,650
Law enforcement liability	581,712
Total	\$ 1,569,205

Changes in the Risk Management internal service fund's insurance claims payable during 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Risk Management							
	Claims			Claims				
	Liability	Claims		Liability				
	Beginning	and Changes	Claim	End				
	of Year	in Estimates	Payments	of Year				
2012	\$3,194,862	4,267,423	(3,493,404)	\$3,968,881				
2011	\$3,157,474	4,097,355	(4,059,967)	\$3,194,862				

The above totals represent both the Workers' Compensation fund as well as tort and non-tort liability Reserve fund costs. The Risk Management claims payable are based upon claims adjusters' and management's evaluation, and an actuarial review of experience with respect to the probable number and nature of claims arising from losses that have been incurred but not reported. The liability represents the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including incremental costs, the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors. Other non-incremental costs are not included in the basis of estimating the liability.

Included in the Risk Management fund's net position is an amount for future catastrophic tort and non-tort losses not otherwise insured in the amount of \$3,038,919 and \$2,944,339 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 respectively.

#### B. Self-Insured Health Care

The County began self-insuring health care benefits in 1990, and has been in a cost-plus arrangement since 1993. The County retains liability for \$250,000 per covered person, with specific stop loss coverage purchased to provide protection in excess of that amount. In addition, the County has aggregate stop-loss coverage for potential health care costs above the funded limit for the County health plans, as a whole. This aggregate stop-loss is limited to 115% of projected claims for the plan year, and was approximately \$41,286,322 and \$42,753,453 in 2012 and 2011, respectively. Settled claims have not exceeded this aggregate liability coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In 2010, the County increased its office and drug copayments to a level commensurate with local peers. A third party administrator is contracted to provide claims administration and payment services. As of December 31, 2012, a liability of \$2,790,435 has been recorded in the Self-Insured Health Care internal service fund for outstanding health care claims, including an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR).

The Self-Insured Health Care claims payable are based upon claims adjusters' and management's evaluation of submitted medical claims in accordance with the County group health plan contract. The IBNR amount is calculated by a health actuary employed by the County's external employee benefits consultant firm. The liability represents the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including incremental costs, the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors. Other non-incremental costs are not included in the basis of estimating the liability.

Changes in the Self-Insured Health Care internal service fund's insurance claims payable during 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

Self-Insured Health Care						
	Insurance			Insurance		
	Claims			Claims		
	Liability	Claims		Liability		
	Beginning	and Changes	Claim	End		
_	of Year	in Estimates	Payments	of Year		
2012	\$2,809,704	38,137,600	(38,156,869)	\$2,790,435		
2011	\$2,857,313	35,662,954	(35,710,563)	\$2,809,704		

#### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Federal Assistance

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### B. Litigation

The County and its related entities are involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of activities, including claims related to law enforcement activities, personal injuries and personnel issues, property condemnation proceedings, and suits contesting the legality of certain taxes. While these cases may have future financial effect, management, based on advice from counsel, believes that their ultimate outcome will not be material to the financial statements.

#### C. Encumbrances

The County uses "encumbrances" to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executory contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but, rather, as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. As of December 31, 2012, the County's General Fund had a total of \$1.7 million in encumbrances, which were reported as part of the government fund balance sheet as follows:

General Fund:	Encumbrances
Restricted	\$ 245,516
Committed	8,512
Assigned	 1,449,601
	\$ 1,703,629

#### D. Commitments

Capital projects often extend from one to four years and are accounted for in the County's Capital Projects Fund. Kansas statutes do not require capital project expenditures to be budgeted. The following is a schedule of project authorizations and expenditures incurred since inception, by category, for capital projects in progress at December 31, 2012.

Primary Government Project Authorizations and Expenditures Since Inception								
Project Authorizations and Exper	iaitu	res since ince	ption					
			Ex	penditures				
Project Category		uthorization	Sin	ce Inception				
Primary Government								
AIMS	\$	1,561,752	\$	312,615				
Appraiser		2,486,460		78,910				
Budget & Financial Planning - Econ. Dev.		1,477,732		-				
Election		2,981,844		259,412				
Emergency Management & Communications		27,661,802		1,818,413				
Emergency Medical Services		1,613,288		131,639				
Environmental		287,500		-				
Facilities		16,192,605		3,713,649				
Information Technology Services		11,402,509		604,113				
Infrastructure		114,958,296		16,169,597				
Library		2,884,359		733,311				
Mental Health		1,110,000		480,849				
Public Health		197,200		34,941				
Public Works - Stormwater		253,742,755		20,313,751				
Records and Tax Administration		3,100,000		199,152				
Total	\$	441,658,102	\$	44,850,352				

#### 12. Pension Plans

#### A. KPERS/KP&F

Johnson County and the District participate in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are part of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, *et seq.* KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and

death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS and KP&F issue a publicly available joint financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Those reports may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas Avenue, Suite 100; Topeka, KS 66603-3803) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

K.S.A. 74-4919 established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 4% of covered salary. Beginning July 1, 2009, the percentage was raised to 6% for new employees only. The 4% rate will remain in effect for employees hired prior to July 2009.

K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes the KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7% of covered salary. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS and KP&F are funded on an actuarial reserve basis. State law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The KPERS employer rate established for calendar year 2012 was 7.34%. The Johnson County employer contributions to KPERS for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$8,614,755, \$8,390,637, and \$7,603,997, respectively, and equal the required contributions for each year.

On July 1, 2006, new legislation went into effect requiring governmental agencies to pay a KPERS employer contribution rate on certain KPERS retirees who work after retirement (House Substitute for SB 270). The new rate only applies to workers who retired from a different KPERS employer. For example, the rate would not apply to a KPERS County retiree resuming employment with the County. The 2012 employer rate was 13.44% and is calculated on the employee's gross earnings. There is no employee rate assessed.

The KP&F employer rates established for fiscal year 2012 are 16.54% for participating emergency medical staff and sheriff. Employers participating in KP&F also make contributions to amortize the liability for past service costs, if any, which is determined separately for each participating employer. The Johnson County contributions to KP&F for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$7,250,830, \$6,467,743, and \$5,676,736, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The Park and Recreation District employer contributions to KPERS for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$594,790, \$567,781, and \$543,131, respectively, equal to the statutory required contributions for each year. The Park and Recreation District contributions to KP&F for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$146,943, \$128,260, and \$110,470, respectively, equal to the statutory required contributions for each year.

#### B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or other beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The plan assets have been placed in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the employees and are not the property of the County or subject to the claims of the County's general creditors. The County has no administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function related to this plan. The County has no fiduciary accountability for the plan, and accordingly, the plan assets and related liabilities to plan participants are not included in the basic financial statements.

#### C. Supplemental Retirement Plans

In 2001, the Board of County Commissioners established three separate single-employer defined contribution plans effective beginning with fiscal year 2002: 1) the Johnson County Supplemental Retirement Plan, 2) the Johnson County Executive Retirement Plan and 3) the Johnson County Elected Retirement Plan. Plan benefit provisions and contribution requirements for each plan were established by Johnson County Resolution No. 094-01 and may be amended by the Board of County Commissioners of Johnson County, Kansas (the Employer). The administrator for these plans will be Johnson County, Kansas. The plans are in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(a). A separate audited GAAP—basis pension plan report is not available for the defined contribution pension plans.

The Johnson County Supplemental Retirement Plan was established to provide benefits at retirement to all eligible employees of Johnson County other than elected officials. Substantially all regular employees over the age of eighteen who are scheduled for eighty hours or greater per pay period and any part-time employees who are in positions of ½ full-time equivalent or greater are eligible to participate in this plan. This plan covers all eligible members for the County as of January 1, 2002 provided the eligible employee has opted to participate in the Johnson County Deferred Compensation Plan (as established under Internal Revenue Code Section 457). The minimum participation requirement to the deferred compensation plan is \$10 per pay period in order to qualify for the Employer's matching contribution. The Employer's matching contribution shall be in the amount equal to 100% of the employee's contribution to the deferred compensation plan subject to a maximum of 3% per bi-weekly base salary per pay period. contributions to this plan are by the Employer, and the amount to be contributed is discretionary and established by the Employer. No contributions by the employees are permitted to this plan. Employees vest in the plan as follows: 20% with one year of service, 40% with two years of service, 60% with three years of service, 80% with four years of service, and 100% with five years of service. Years of service prior to January 1, 2002 will be counted for vesting purposes for this plan.

The Johnson County Executive Retirement Plan was established to provide benefits at retirement for the County Manager. This plan covers one member, who is 100% vested at the time of enrollment. All contributions to this plan are by the Employer, and the amount to be contributed is discretionary and is determined by the Employer. No employee contributions are permitted.

The Johnson County Elected Retirement Plan was established to provide benefits at retirement for the Elected Officials of the County. This plan covers all elected officials for the County as of January 1, 2002 provided the elected official has opted to participate in the Johnson County Deferred Compensation Plan (as established under Internal Revenue Code Section 457). The minimum participation requirement to the deferred compensation plan is \$10 per pay period in order to qualify for the Employer's matching contribution to the retirement plan. The Employer's matching contribution to the retirement plan shall be in an amount equal to 100% of the Elected Official's contribution to the deferred compensation plan subject to a maximum of 3% per biweekly base salary per pay period. All contributions to this plan are by the Employer, and the amount to be contributed is discretionary and established by the Employer. No contributions by the elected officials are permitted to this plan. Elected officials will vest as follows: 25% with one year of service, 50% with two years of service, 75% with three years of service, and 100% vested with four years of service. Years of service prior to January 1, 2002 will be counted for vesting purposes for this plan.

Information Regarding th	Information Regarding the Supplemental Retirement Plans										
	Number of Active Participants										
Fiscal Year Ending	Employee	Executive	Elected								
12/31/2012	1,862	1	7								
12/31/2011	1,957	1	6								
12/31/2010	1,973	1	7								
	Coun	ty Contribu	tions								
Fiscal Year Ending	Employee	Executive	Elected								
12/31/2012	\$ 2,850,318	\$ 8,000	\$ 16,304								
12/31/2011	2,977,646	7,692	15,720								
12/31/2010	2,922,545	8,000	16,265								

#### 13. Conduit Debt Obligations

The County has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds are secured by the properties financed as well as letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. Neither the County nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2012, there were three issues of industrial revenue bonds outstanding with an original amount of \$23,049,500 and an aggregate principal balance outstanding of \$12,711,381.

#### 14. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

#### Plan Description

The County sponsors a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides healthcare benefits to retirees and their dependents, including medical, dental, and vision coverage. Retiree health coverage is provided for under Kansas Statute 12-5040. Retirees who retire with at least 10 years of cumulative service with the County and commence retirement or disability benefits under the Kansas Public Employee Retirement System (KPERS) or the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F) are eligible for benefits.

The County requires retirees to pay the same premiums charged to COBRA participants for medical, dental, and vision coverage. The COBRA rates being paid by retirees for benefits are typically lower than those for individual health insurance policies. The difference between these two amounts is the implicit rate subsidy, which is considered other post employment benefits (OPEB) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB Statement 45).

Retirees and spouses have the same benefits as active employees. Retiree coverage terminates either when the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, or when the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility age which is currently age 65. Spousal coverage is available until the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, attains Medicare eligibility age, or dies.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County. The contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. As of

December 31, 2012, the County had 60 participating retirees and the County expended approximately \$1,017,817 for these benefits.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The County's annual OPEB cost is equal to the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, plus one year's interest on the beginning balance of the net OPEB obligation, minus any adjustment to the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost of each year and any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) amortized over thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,853,159
Interest on prior year net OPEB Obligation	383,318
Adjustment to the ARC	 (554, 184)
Annual OPEB Cost (expense)	1,682,293
Employer Contributions	 (1,017,817)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	664,476
Net Obligation at Beginning of Year	 9,582,960
Net Obligation at End of Year	\$ 10,247,436

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and prior years are as follows:

Year	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Ending	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation
12/31/2010	\$1,253,111	21.2%	\$8,897,843
12/31/2011	1,618,894	57.7%	9,582,960
12/31/2012	1,682,293	60.5%	10,247,436

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status and funding progress of the plan is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 16,095,527
Actuarial value of plan assets	 -
Unfunded actuarial accrued libility (UAAL)	\$ 16,095,527
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.0%
Annual covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 167,765,798
UAAL as a percentage of annual covered payroll	9.6%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. The valuation includes, for example, assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with the past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present in

time, multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation, benefit obligations are computed using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial assumptions included a 3% inflation rate implicitly included in the 4% discount rate, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5% for 2013, reduced by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 5% in 2020 and beyond. Benefits are attributed to service based on the plan's benefit eligibility provisions. The beginning of the attribution period is the date of hire and the end is the full eligibility date. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized over a 30 year open period in level dollar amounts. No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide postretirement benefits.

#### Parks and Recreation Component Unit OPEB Information:

The following table shows the information for the Parks and Recreation component unit annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the component unit's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 167,548
Interest on prior year net OPEB Obligation	40,925
Adjustment to the ARC	(59, 167)
Annual OPEB Cost (expense)	 149,306
Employer Contributions	(52,903)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	96,403
Net Obligation at Beginning of Year	 1,023,116
Net Obligation at End of Year	\$ 1,119,519

The Parks and Recreation component unit's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and prior years are as follows:

ı							
	Year	Annual	Net OPEB				
	Ending	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation			
	12/31/2010	\$ 198,443	7.5%	\$ 930,139			
	12/31/2011	141,512	34.3%	1,023,116			
	12/31/2012	149,306	35.4%	1,119,519			

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status and funding progress of the plan is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets Unfunded actuarial accrued libility (UAAL)	\$ 1,293,888 - 1,293,888
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Annual covered payroll (active plan members) UAAL as a percentage of annual covered payroll	\$ 0.0% 7,764,203 16.7%

#### 15. Termination Benefits- Voluntary Retirement Incentive Program

<u>Description.</u> The County offered a one-time termination incentive to employees eligible for normal or reduced retirement in the Kansas Employees Retirement System between October 14, 2011 and November 29, 2011. Eligible employees were offered incentive pay of one week of regular wages or salary for each year of service, with a minimum of eight (8) weeks and a maximum of sixteen (16) weeks. Additionally, employees were offered a choice between two health incentive options: 1) Employee may purchase continued group health insurance at the active employee rate for five years or until the age of 65, whichever comes first or 2) the Employee receives a lump sum payment of \$6,000 in lieu of health care coverage, subject to income-related tax withholding and other deductions. Voluntary termination was elected by 167 employees: 47 employees elected the medical waiver cash payout option and 120 employees elected to continue in the health insurance program. The County funded cash incentives from a combination of operations and reserves and will fund the health insurance benefits to retirees and their dependents on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation assumed annual healthcare cost trend rates of 9% declining to 7% discounted to the present value utilizing a 4% discount rate. In 2012, \$889,617 of the liability associated with termination benefits was amortized, leaving an unamortized liability of \$3,149,808.

## 16. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Pending Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several statements not yet implemented by the County. The County's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the County's financial statements. However, the County plans to implement all standards by the required dates. The Statements which might impact the County are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions This statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year 2015. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions, including entities that participate in cost-sharing multiple-employer plans. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equipment arrangements that meet certain criteria. Also, this statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources,

deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For example, cost-sharing employers participating in KPERS, such as the County, will be required to record their proportionate share, as defined in Statement No. 68, of the KPERS unfunded pension liability. While management of the County has not yet estimated their share of the KPERS liability, it is presumed that the amount will be material to the County's financial statements

GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations This statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year 2016. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. This statement also provides guidance for transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities and in which no significant consideration is exchanged. This statement requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. GASB 69 is intended to improve the information presented about the financial reporting entity, which is comprised of a primary government and related entities (component units).

GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees This statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year 2014. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. This statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. This statement requires a government that has issued an obligation guaranteed in a nonexchange transaction to report the obligation until legally released as an obligor. This statement specifies the information required to be disclosed by governments that extend nonexchange financial guarantees. In addition, this statement requires new information to be disclosed by governments that receive nonexchange financial guarantees.

### Required Supplementary Information

#### Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The schedules of funding progress presented below provide a consolidated snapshot of the County's ability to meet current and future liabilities with plan assets. The first schedule below does not include the Parks and Recreation Component Unit information.

Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a
Valuation	Value of Assets	Accrued	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Percentage of
Date	(a)	Liability	(UAAL)	(a/b)	(c)	Covered
		(AAL)	(b-a)			Payroll
		(b)				((b-a)/c)
01/01/08	-	\$ 10,080,935	\$ 10,080,935	-	\$ 161,933,134	6.2%
01/01/10	-	10,386,055	10,386,055	-	180,247,137	5.8%
01/01/12	-	16,095,527	16,095,527	-	167,765,798	9.6%

#### **Parks and Recreation Component Unit**

Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Unfunded	Funded		Covered	UAAL as a
Valuation	Value of Assets		Accrued		AAL	Ratio		Payroll	Percentage of
Date	(a)		Liability	(UAAL)		(a/b)	(c)		Covered
			(AAL)		(b-a)				Payroll
			(b)						((b-a)/c)
01/01/07	-	\$	1,065,526	\$	1,065,526	-	\$	8,011,995	13.3%
01/01/10	-		1,583,140	\$	1,583,140	-		7,618,470	20.8%
01/01/12	-		1,293,888		1,293,888	-		7,764,203	16.7%

(This page left blank intentionally)

#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

**Developmental Supports Fund** –accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Developmental Supports agency. Developmental Supports is a community-based service agency providing a variety of vocational, employment, training, living, and case management services to persons with developmental disabilities and their families. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes, Federal/State aid, and various charges for services that are restricted for use by the Developmental Supports agency.

**Library Fund** –accounts for all revenues and expenditures of operating the library system. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes.

**Library Gift Fund** –accounts for contributions and donations by patrons and supporters of the Library and is restricted per statute K.S.A. 12-1225 to expenditures for the Library system.

**Stream Maintenance Fund** – accounts for royalty payments from sand removed from the Kansas River as it flows through Johnson County. Per statute K.S.A. 82a-309, these funds are to be used for the cleaning, maintenance, and preservation of the property along, in or over the river.

**Mental Health Fund** – accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Mental Health agency. The Mental Health Center provides a broad range of services including 24-hour emergency services and outpatient services for individuals and families in Johnson County. Mental Health provides services to both adults and children with severe and persistent mental illness. The Center also operates a community-based treatment program for seriously disabled adults, an adult detoxification center, and a 20-bed residential treatment facility for adolescents suffering from substance abuse problems. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes, Federal/State aid, and various charges for services that are restricted for use by the Mental Health Center.

**Developer Fees Fund** – accounts for fees in-lieu-of parkland dedications from land developers in Johnson County. Revenues are to be used for public parkland and recreation purposes, in accordance with Article 27(6)(E) of the Johnson County Zoning and Subdivision Regulations.

**Public Health Fund** – accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Public Health agency. Public Health provides a broad range of services including control and prevention of communicable disease and bioterrorism, and the promotion of health and wellness. Additionally, the department protects the environment of the community through services that monitor, control, or eliminate contaminants and through public education about environmental issues. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem taxes and motor vehicle taxes, Federal/State aid, and various charges for services that are restricted for use by the Public Health agency.

**911 Telephone Fund** – accounts for the 2% tax collected by service suppliers providing exchange telephone services. The proceeds from this tax are restricted to fund the 911 system throughout Johnson County per statute K.S.A 12-5304. The 2011 Kansas Legislature passed Senate Bill 50, which replaced existing 911 statutes with a new 911 fee structure, governance process, fee distribution mechanism, and auditing requirements. This fund is gradually being replaced by the new 911 Fund.

**911 Fund** – accounts for \$.53 per month per subscriber account of any exchange telecommunications service, wireless telecommunications service, VoIP service, or other service capable of contacting a public safety answering point (PSAP), per statute K.S.A. 12-5369. This new statute took effect on January 1, 2012, and will gradually replace the County's current 911 Telephone and 911 Wireless Telephone Funds.

**District Attorney Forfeited Property Fund** – accounts for proceeds from property seized by the District Attorney pursuant to state and federal regulations. The proceeds are restricted for training purposes and

contributions to non-profit agencies which deal in public safety and crime prevention issues per statute K.S.A. 60-4117.

**Sheriff Forfeited Property Fund** – accounts for proceeds from property seized in drug-related cases pursuant to state and federal regulations. The funds are restricted for special law enforcement and prosecutorial purposes and cannot be used for normal operating expenditures per statute K.S.A. 60-4117.

**Controlled Substance Fund** – accounts for tax assessments and penalties from persons who manufacture, produce, ship, transport, import, or possess certain quantities of controlled substances pursuant to state statute. The funds are restricted solely for law enforcement and criminal prosecution activities per statute K.S.A. 79-5202.

**Alcohol Tax Fund** – accounts for the revenues received from the local alcohol liquor tax authorized by the Kansas Legislature. Funds must be expended for alcoholism and drug abuse prevention programs per statute K.S.A. 65-4060.

**Prosecutor Training Fund** – accounts for a portion of the court costs assessed in every court case. The funds are restricted for training of prosecuting attorney personnel per statute K.S.A. 28-170.

**911 Wireless Telephone Fund** – accounts for the 25 cents per month fee assessed on each wireless phone in Johnson County. The proceeds from the fee are restricted to provide wireless 911 phone service and for equipment directly related to the reception and processing of the wireless 911 calls by public safety dispatch centers per statute K.S.A.12-5330. The 2011 Kansas Legislature passed Senate Bill 50, which replaced existing 911 statutes with a new 911 fee structure, governance process, fee distribution mechanism, and auditing requirements. This fund is gradually being replaced by the new 911 Fund.

**Weapons Licensure Fund** –accounts for the revenues and expenditures incurred by the Sheriff's office in administering the applications for licenses for the concealed carry of firearms. Statute K.S.A. 75-7c05 requires applicants to pay a fee to the Sheriff that is to be used for the purposes of administering the license application process.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

**Debt Service Fund** – accounts for property tax levied and special assessment tax levied which are used to make principal and interest payments on all general obligation and special assessment bonds with governmental commitment, certain notes and capital leases, excluding Park and Recreation District bonds and debt accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Library Special Use Fund — accounts for the revenues and expenditures of financing capital improvement projects for the Johnson County Library System. Per statute K.S.A. 12-1257, this fund is to be used for the acquisition of sites, and for the constructing, equipping, repairing, remodeling and furnishing of buildings for county library purposes and to pay a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued for those purposes. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes.

#### Capital Projects Funds

**Register of Deeds Technology Fund** – accounts for fees collected for recording documents at a fixed price per page. Per statute K.S.A. 28-115a, the funds may only be used to acquire equipment and technological services for the storing, recording, archiving, retrieving, maintaining and handling of land or property records filed or maintained by the County.

**Stormwater Fund** – accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Stormwater Management Program. The primary revenue source is a Countywide 1/10 of one percent retail sales tax that is dedicated to the purposes of planning, constructing, maintaining and managing Stormwater improvements in Johnson County.

**Public Works Fund** – accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Public Works agencies. The Public Works agency maintains and improves County roads and bridges as well as providing equipment maintenance and traffic control services. It also provides funding for the County Assisted Road System (CARS) program, which provides matching funds to cities within the County for various road and bridge projects. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes, Federal/State aid, and various charges for services that are restricted for use by the Public Works agency.

**County Building Fund** – accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the acquisition, construction, and renovation of County buildings. Per statute K.S.A. 19-15.116, this fund is to be used for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of County buildings or to pay a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued for the buildings. The statute allows for an annual tax levy not to exceed one mill for a period not to exceed ten years. The primary sources of revenue are dedicated ad valorem and motor vehicle taxes.

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Deposits including investments	\$	19,312,508	\$	854,833	\$	14,572,191	\$	34,739,532
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles):		44,916,338		1,873,877		15,660,773		62,450,988
Inventories		84,609		-		648,703		733,312
Prepaids		36,882		-		24,352		61,234
Restricted cash and investments		-		791,711				791,711
Total assets	\$	64,350,337	\$	3,520,421	\$	30,906,019	\$	98,776,777
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,216,474	\$	57,152	\$	235,628	\$	1,509,254
Salaries and wages payable		1,597,420		-		143,346		1,740,766
Due to others		489		-		2		491
Unearned revenue		1,012,955		-		-		1,012,955
Total liabilities		3,827,338		57,152		378,976		4,263,466
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property tax receivable		42,392,646		1,873,877		13,468,328		57,734,851
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable		311,793		-		-		311,793
Total deferred inflows of resources		42,704,439		1,873,877		13,468,328		58,046,644
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		121,491		_		673,055		794,546
Restricted		12,305,375		1,589,392		13,173,865		27,068,632
Committed		816,440		, , , - -		266,115		1,082,555
Assigned		4,575,254		-		2,945,680		7,520,934
Total fund balances		17,818,560		1,589,392		17,058,715		36,466,667
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
	\$	64,350,337	\$	3,520,421	\$	30,906,019	\$	98,776,777

#### Johnson County, Kansas

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds	 Debt Service Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 49,541,915	\$ 4,020,487	\$ 26,332,991	\$	79,895,393
Intergovernmental	10,857,816	-	10,427,009		21,284,825
Charges for services	21,620,111	-	1,532,906		23,153,017
Investment earnings	184,727	58	200,103		384,888
Licenses and permits	1,690,818	-	5,950		1,696,768
Other	804,545		 1,822,400		2,626,945
Total revenues	 84,699,932	4,020,545	40,321,359		129,041,836
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	61,035		61,035
Public works	-	-	10,805,967		10,805,967
Public safety	2,748,329	-	-		2,748,329
Health and human services	60,755,964	-	-		60,755,964
Culture and recreation	19,670,963	224,306	-		19,895,269
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	3,360,000	-		3,360,000
Interest and fiscal charges	114	358,354	-		358,468
Capital Outlay	1,071,937	434,725	3,285,132		4,791,794
Total expenditures	 84,247,307	 4,377,385	 14,152,134		102,776,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 452,625	 (356,840)	 26,169,225		26,265,010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	754,029	1,976,796	406,940		3,137,765
Transfers out	(889,486)	(2,029,783)	(25,892,815)		(28,812,084)
Refunding bonds issued	-	730,000	-		730,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	68,468	-		68,468
Total other financing sources and uses	(135,457)	745,481	(25,485,875)		(24,875,851)
Net change in fund balances	317,168	388,641	683,350		1,389,159
Fund balances - beginning	 17,501,392	 1,200,751	16,375,365		35,077,508
Fund balances - ending	\$ 17,818,560	\$ 1,589,392	\$ 17,058,715	\$	36,466,667

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue

December 31, 2012

	Deve	Developmental Supports	Library	Library Gift	Stream	Mental Health	Developer Fees	Public Health	911 Telephone	911 Fund	
Deposits including investments	↔	1,772,110	\$ 4,642,393	\$ 147,219	\$ 1,662	\$ 1,810,330	\$ 109,799	\$ 3,031,575	\$ 2,580,691	\$ 2,806,315	,315
Receivables (net or allowance for uncollectibles):		8,851,863	17,761,302	٠		12,463,699	•	5,839,474			
Inventories			1	•	•	•	•	84,609	•		
Prepaids											
Total assets	€	10,623,973	\$ 22,420,759	\$ 147,219	\$ 1,662	\$ 14,293,847	\$ 109,799	\$ 8,955,658	\$ 2,580,691	\$ 2,806,315	,315
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Accounts payable	↔	87,253	\$ 469,397	· <del>6</del>	↔	\$ 179,249	· &	\$ 232,893	\$ 68,654	\$ 118	118,673
Salaries and wages payable		432,342	344,383	•	•	591,440	•	229,255	•		
Due to others		489	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Unearned revenue		33,060	266,454	•	•	181,212	-	532,229	•		
Total liabilities		553,144	1,080,234			951,901		994,377	68,654	118	118,673
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Property tax receivable		8,614,706	17,402,977	•		11,592,999	•	4,781,964			
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable			4,762	,		49,698	•	257,333			
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,614,706	17,407,739			11,642,697	•	5,039,297			
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable		•	17,064	•	•	19,818	•	84,609	•		
Restricted		1,143,625	1,771,385	•	•	1,435,886	•	1,127,414	2,456,135	2,678,616	,616
Committed		97,500	1,038	•	•	•	109,799	608,103	•		٠
Assigned		214,998	2,143,299	147,219	1,662	243,545	•	1,101,858	55,902	6	9,026
Total fund balances	ا	1,456,123	3,932,786	147,219	1,662	1,699,249	109,799	2,921,984	2,512,037	2,687,642	,642
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	₩.	10,623,973	\$ 22,420,759	\$ 147,219	\$ 1,662	\$ 14,293,847	\$ 109,799	\$ 8,955,658	\$ 2,580,691	\$ 2,806,315	,315

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue

December 31, 2012

	۵	District Attorney Forfeited		Sheriff Forfeited	Ö	Controlled		Alcohol	Pros	Prosecutor	9	911 Wireless	We	Weapons		
		Property		Property	S	Substance		Тах	Ĕ	Training		Telephone	Lig	Licensure		Total
ASSETS Democite including invoctments	e	106 327	θ	979	e	126 776	e	108 057	¥	6. 2. 2.	e	1 169 763	e	980	Ð	40 342 EOB
Deposits including investments Receivables (net of allowance	Ð	106,327	9	040,030	0	133,73	<del>0</del>	120,234	Ð	93,0	0	1,100,403	<del>0</del>	000,181	<del>0</del>	9,512,500
for uncollectibles):		•		•								•				44,916,338
Inventories				•								•				84,609
Prepaids								-		٠						36,882
Total assets	↔	106,327	s	646,096	s	135,775	<del>⇔</del>	128,254	<del>\$</del>	33,619	<del>s</del>	1,168,463	<del>s</del>	191,880	s	64,350,337
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:	,				,				,				,			
Accounts payable	€		↔	2,577	↔		€		↔		↔	57,778	↔		↔	1,216,474
Salaries and wages payable																1,597,420
Due to others																994
Unearned revenue												ı				1,012,955
Total liabilities				2,577								57,778				3,827,338
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Property tax receivable		•		•								•				42,392,646
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable								,						,		311,793
Total deferred inflows of resources		,														42,704,439
Fund Balances:																
Nonspendable		•		•				,		•		•		,		121,491
Restricted		59,015		236,152		134,915		125,972				1,066,912		69,348		12,305,375
Committed				•		,		,				•		,		816,440
Assigned		47,312		407,367		860		2,282		33,619		43,773		122,532		4,575,254
Total fund balances	s	106,327		643,519		135,775		128,254		33,619		1,110,685		191,880		17,818,560
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	106,327	↔	646,096	↔	135,775	↔	128,254	↔	33,619	↔	1,168,463	↔	191,880	↔	64,350,337

Johnson County, Kansas
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Developmental		Library	Stream	Mental	Developer	Public	911	911
	Supports	Library	Gift	Maintenance	Health	Fees	Health	Telephone	Fund
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 8,046,647	\$ 19,266,181	· \$	· \$	\$ 13,551,791	· \$	\$ 5,165,077	\$ 132,467	\$ 3,224,071
Intergovernmental	2,044,136	210,271			4,528,525		4,074,884		
Charges for services	9,320,601	181,906			10,567,417	2,131	1,275,547		
Investment earnings	30,224	53,522	666		47,550			21,530	9,026
Licenses and permits	•	676,276	•				665,120		
Other	37,400	272,348	123,076	1,662	55,349		290,986		
Total revenues	19,479,008	20,660,504	124,075	1,662	28,750,632	2,131	11,471,614	153,997	3,233,097
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	•			•		•		662,116	545,455
Health and human services	19,377,465	•		•	29,153,856	,	12,224,643		,
Culture and recreation	•	19,388,078	137,804	9,323	•	135,758			•
Debt service:									
Interest and fiscal charges	•	114	•			•			
Capital outlay	21,099	675,969	•	•	54,585			•	•
Total expenditures	s 19,398,564	20,064,161	137,804	9,323	29,208,441	135,758	12,224,643	662,116	545,455
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	s 80,444	596,343	(13,729)	(7,661)	(457,809)	(133,627)	(753,029)	(508,119)	2,687,642
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	97,500	406	٠		28,770		627,353		
Transfers out	•	(492,934)		٠	(344,006)	ı	(19,250)		
Total other financing sources and uses	<b>s</b> 97,500	(492,528)	•	•	(315,236)	•	608,103	•	•
Net change in fund balances	177,944	103,815	(13,729)	(7,661)	(773,045)	(133,627)	(144,926)	(508,119)	2,687,642
Fund balances - beginning	1,278,179	3,828,971	160,948	9,323	2,472,294	243,426	\$ 3,066,910	3,020,156	
Fund balances - ending	1,456,123	\$ 3,932,786	\$ 147,219	\$ 1,662	\$ 1,699,249	\$ 109,799	\$ 2,921,984	\$ 2,512,037	\$ 2,687,642

Johnson County, Kansas
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	District Attorney Forfeited	ttorney ited	Sheriff Forfeited	riff ited	Controlled	olled	₹	Alcohol	Prosecutor		911 Wireless	Wea	Weapons		
	Property	erty	Property	erty	Substance	ance		Тах	Training		Telephone	Lice	Licensure		Total
REVENUES															
Taxes	↔		₩		€	47,828	s	107,853	€	٠	•	₩		8	49,541,915
Intergovernmental											•			_	10,857,816
Charges for services											272,509			(4	21,620,111
Investment earnings		869		5,252		839		943			14,144				184,727
Licenses and permits		20,979	.,	255,289							1		73,154		1,690,818
Other									23	23,724	-				804,545
Total revenues		21,677		260,541		48,667		108,796	23	23,724	286,653		73,154	ω	84,699,932
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
Public safety				24,911		10,584		68,747	14	14,996	1,421,374		146		2,748,329
Health and human services											•			w	60,755,964
Culture and recreation											•			_	19,670,963
Debt service:															
Interest and fiscal charges											•				114
Capital outlay			.,	320,284							•				1,071,937
Total expenditures			,	345,195		10,584		68,747	14	14,996	1,421,374		146	3	84,247,307
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		773 70		04 65 4)		000		040		90	104 404		000		450,605
over (under) expenditures		7.1,01.1		(84,654)		38,083		40,048		8,7,28	(1,134,721)		73,008		452,025
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in											•				754,029
Transfers out								(33,296)		-	•		-		(889,486)
Total other financing sources and uses								(33,296)			-				(135,457)
Net change in fund balances		21,677		(84,654)		38,083		6,753	8	8,728	(1,134,721)		73,008		317,168
Fund balances - beginning		84,650		728,173		97,692		121,501	24	24,891	2,245,406		118,872	,	17,501,392
Fund balances - ending	₩	106,327	\$	643,519	\$	135,775	\$	128,254	\$ 33	33,619 \$	1,110,685	↔	191,880	\$	17,818,560

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Debt Service December 31, 2012

		Debt Service	s	Library pecial Use		Total
ASSETS						
Deposits including investments	\$	315,195	\$	539,638	\$	854,833
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):		-		1,873,877		1,873,877
Restricted cash and investments		791,711				791,711
Total assets	\$	1,106,906	\$	2,413,515	\$	3,520,421
THE THE AND EVAN DAY AND EACH						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:	Φ.	4.4	•	57.444	Φ.	57.450
Accounts payable	\$	41	\$	57,111	\$	57,152
Total liabilities		41		57,111		57,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property tax receivable		-		1,873,877		1,873,877
Total deferred inflows of resources				1,873,877		1,873,877
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		1,106,865		482,527		1,589,392
Total fund balances		1,106,865		482,527		1,589,392
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	1,106,906	\$	2,413,515	\$	3,520,421

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Debt Service

	Debt Service	s	Library pecial Use	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,479,049	\$	2,541,438	\$ 4,020,487
Investment earnings	58		=	 58
Total revenues	1,479,107		2,541,438	4,020,545
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	-		224,306	224,306
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	3,360,000		-	3,360,000
Interest and fiscal charges	358,354		-	358,354
Capital outlay	-		434,725	434,725
Total expenditures	3,718,354		659,031	 4,377,385
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,239,247)		1,882,407	 (356,840)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,976,796		-	1,976,796
Transfers out	-		(2,029,783)	(2,029,783)
Refunding bonds issued	730,000		-	730,000
Premium on bonds issued	68,468		-	 68,468
Total other financing sources and uses	2,775,264		(2,029,783)	 745,481
Net change in fund balances	536,017		(147,376)	388,641
Fund balances - beginning	570,848		629,903	 1,200,751
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,106,865	\$	482,527	\$ 1,589,392

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Projects

December 31, 2012

	<u></u>	Register of Deeds echnology	s	tormwater		Public Works		County Building		Total
ASSETS										
Deposits including investments	\$	6,260,239	\$	2,250,709	\$	5,780,972	\$	280,271	\$	14,572,191
Receivables (net of allowance										
for uncollectibles):		-		2,154,506		12,821,286		684,981		15,660,773
Inventories		-		-		648,703		-		648,703
Prepaids		22,852				1,500		-		24,352
Total assets	\$	6,283,091	\$	4,405,215	\$	19,252,461	\$	965,252	\$	30,906,019
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	5.662	\$	282	\$	229,684	\$	_	\$	235,628
Salaries and wages payable	•	-	•	9,167	•	134,179	*	-	•	143,346
Due to others		-		-		2		-		2
Total liabilities		5,662		9,449		363,865		-		378,976
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property tax receivable		_		_		12,783,347		684,981		13,468,328
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		12,783,347		684,981		13,468,328
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		22,852				650,203				673,055
Restricted		6,152,249		3,441,937		3,579,679		_		13,173,865
Committed		0,132,243		5,441,957		3,379,079		266,115		266,115
Assigned		102.328		953.829		1,875,367		14,156		2,945,680
Total fund balances		6,277,429		4,395,766		6,105,249	_	280,271		17,058,715
Total fully buildings		0,211,120		1,000,100		0,100,240	_			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	6,283,091	\$	4,405,215	\$	19,252,461	\$	965,252	\$	30,906,019
	_		_						_	

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Projects For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Register of Deeds Technology	;	Stormwater	Public Works	County Building	 Total
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$	11,941,805	\$ 13,386,209	\$ 1,004,977	\$ 26,332,991
Intergovernmental	-		-	10,427,009	-	10,427,009
Charges for services	1,299,730		-	233,176	-	1,532,906
Investment earnings	43,699		152,184	-	4,220	200,103
Licenses and permits	-		-	5,950	-	5,950
Other			7,050	1,815,350	 -	 1,822,400
Total revenues	1,343,429		12,101,039	25,867,694	1,009,197	40,321,359
EXPENDITURES  Current: General government Public works  Capital outlay  Total expenditures  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			471,685 - 471,685 11,629,354	 10,334,282 2,159,154 12,493,436 13,374,258	- 1,125,978 1,125,978 (116,781)	61,035 10,805,967 3,285,132 14,152,134 26,169,225
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		-	234,947	171,993	406,940
Transfers out	(168,500)		(10,984,853)	(14,739,462)	-	(25,892,815)
Total other financing sources and uses	(168,500)		(10,984,853)	(14,504,515)	171,993	(25,485,875)
Net change in fund balances	1,113,894		644,501	(1,130,257)	55,212	683,350
Fund balances - beginning	5,163,535		3,751,265	7,235,506	 225,059	16,375,365
Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,277,429	\$	4,395,766	\$ 6,105,249	\$ 280,271	\$ 17,058,715

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual**

# Developmental Supports Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original	Final		Va	ariance with
	Budget	 Budget	 Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 7,951,408	\$ 7,951,408	\$ 8,046,647	\$	95,239
Intergovernmental	1,950,537	1,950,537	2,044,136		93,599
Charges for services	10,896,498	10,896,498	9,320,601		(1,575,897)
Investment earnings	100,456	100,456	30,224		(70,232)
Other	92,971	92,971	37,401		(55,570)
Total revenues	20,991,870	20,991,870	19,479,009		(1,512,861)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Health and human services	20,832,003	20,832,003	19,376,584		1,455,419
Capital outlay	159,867	159,867	21,100		138,767
Reserves	1,897,168	 1,897,168	 _		1,897,168
Total expenditures	22,889,038	22,889,038	19,397,684		3,491,354
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_		_		
over (under) expenditures	(1,897,168)	(1,897,168)	81,325		1,978,493
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		 	 		
Transfers in	-	-	97,500		97,500
Total other financing sources and uses	-	-	97,500		97,500
Net change in fund balances	(1,897,168)	(1,897,168)	178,825	\$	2,075,993
Fund balances - beginning	1,897,168	1,897,168	1,194,915		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,373,740		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Library Fund

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	19,110,651	\$	19,110,651	\$ 19,266,181	\$ 155,530
Intergovernmental		230,000		230,000	210,272	(19,728)
Charges for services		1,002,600		1,002,600	181,906	(820,694)
Investment earnings		191,450		191,450	72,213	(119,237)
Licenses and permits		-		-	676,276	676,276
Other		269,197		269,197	272,348	3,151
Total revenues		20,803,898		20,803,898	20,679,196	(124,702)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		20,835,192		20,835,192	19,354,868	1,480,324
Capital outlay		234,126		234,126	214,318	19,808
Reserves		2,729,423		2,729,423	-	2,729,423
Total expenditures		23,798,741		23,798,741	19,569,186	4,229,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(2,994,843)		(2,994,843)	 1,110,010	 4,104,853
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		26,278		26,278	406	(25,872)
Transfers out		(492,934)		(492,934)	(492,934)	-
Total other financing sources and uses		(466,656)		(466,656)	 (492,528)	 (25,872)
Net change in fund balances		(3,461,499)		(3,461,499)	617,482	\$ 4,078,981
Fund balances - beginning		3,461,499		3,461,499	3,026,666	
	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,644,148	
i and balances chang	Ψ		Ψ		 0,011,110	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### **Stream Maintenance Fund**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Other	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,661	\$ (3,339)
Total revenues	5,000	5,000	1,661	(3,339)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	-	-	9,323	(9,323)
Reserves	7,758	7,758	-	7,758
Total expenditures	7,758	7,758	9,323	(1,565)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,758)	(2,758)	(7,662)	(4,904)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(5,000)	(5,000)		5,000
Total other financing sources and uses	(5,000)	(5,000)	-	5,000
Net change in fund balances	(7,758)	(7,758)	(7,662)	\$ 96
Fund balances - beginning	7,758	7,758	9,323	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,661	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Mental Health Fund

REVENUES           Taxes         \$ 13,398,174         \$ 13,398,174         \$ 13,551,791         \$ 153,617           Intergovernmental         4,839,300         4,839,300         4,528,525         (310,775)           Charges for services         14,518,655         14,518,655         10,567,417         (3,951,238)           Investment earnings         137,685         137,685         47,550         (90,135)           Other         105,065         105,065         55,349         (4,9716)           Current:           Health and human services         32,998,879         32,998,879         28,750,632         (4,248,247)           Reserves         32,665,793         32,665,793         29,304,839         3,360,954           Capital outlay         83,200         83,200         54,585         28,615           Reserves         Total expenditures         35,841,074         35,841,074         29,359,424         6,481,650           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Original Budget</th><th>Final Budget</th><th> Actual</th><th> ariance with inal Budget</th></t<>		Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	 ariance with inal Budget
Name	REVENUES				
Charges for services	Taxes	\$ 13,398,174	\$ 13,398,174	\$ 13,551,791	\$ 153,617
Newstment earnings	Intergovernmental	4,839,300	4,839,300	4,528,525	(310,775)
Other         105,065         105,065         55,349         (49,716)           EXPENDITURES           Current:           Health and human services         32,665,793         32,665,793         29,304,839         3,360,954           Capital outlay         83,200         83,200         54,585         28,615           Reserves         3,092,081         -         3,092,081           Total expenditures         35,841,074         35,841,074         29,359,424         6,481,650           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423         2,443,423	Charges for services	14,518,655	14,518,655	10,567,417	(3,951,238)
EXPENDITURES         32,998,879         32,998,879         28,750,632         (4,248,247)           EXPENDITURES           Current:           Health and human services         32,665,793         32,665,793         29,304,839         3,360,954           Capital outlay         83,200         83,200         54,585         28,615           Reserves         3,092,081         3,092,081         -         3,092,081           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	Investment earnings	137,685	137,685	47,550	(90,135)
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Health and human services 32,665,793 32,665,793 29,304,839 3,360,954  Capital outlay 83,200 83,200 54,585 28,615  Reserves 3,092,081 3,092,081 - 3,092,081  Total expenditures 35,841,074 35,841,074 29,359,424 6,481,650  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,842,195) (2,842,195) (608,792) 2,233,403  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in 19,120 19,120 28,770 9,650  Transfers out (269,006) (269,006) (344,006) (75,000)  Total other financing sources and uses (249,886) (249,886) (315,236) (65,350)  Net change in fund balances (3,092,081) (3,092,081) (924,028) \$ 2,168,053  Fund balances - beginning 3,092,081 3,092,081 2,443,423	Other	 105,065	 105,065	 55,349	 (49,716)
Current:         Health and human services       32,665,793       32,665,793       29,304,839       3,360,954         Capital outlay       83,200       83,200       54,585       28,615         Reserves       3,092,081       -       3,092,081         Total expenditures       35,841,074       29,359,424       6,481,650         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       (2,842,195)       (2,842,195)       (608,792)       2,233,403         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in       19,120       19,120       28,770       9,650         Transfers out       (269,006)       (269,006)       (344,006)       (75,000)         Total other financing sources and uses       (249,886)       (249,886)       (315,236)       (65,350)         Net change in fund balances       (3,092,081)       (3,092,081)       (924,028)       \$ 2,168,053         Fund balances - beginning       3,092,081       3,092,081       2,443,423	Total revenues	32,998,879	 32,998,879	28,750,632	 (4,248,247)
Capital outlay         83,200         83,200         54,585         28,615           Reserves         3,092,081         3,092,081         -         3,092,081           Total expenditures         35,841,074         35,841,074         29,359,424         6,481,650           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423         2,443,423					
Reserves   3,092,081   3,092,081   - 3,092,081     - 3,092,0	Health and human services	32,665,793	32,665,793	29,304,839	3,360,954
Total expenditures         35,841,074         35,841,074         29,359,424         6,481,650           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	Capital outlay	83,200	83,200	54,585	28,615
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423         2,443,423	Reserves	3,092,081	 3,092,081	-	 3,092,081
over (under) expenditures         (2,842,195)         (2,842,195)         (608,792)         2,233,403           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423         2,443,423	Total expenditures	35,841,074	 35,841,074	 29,359,424	 6,481,650
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Transfers in Transfers out         19,120         19,120         28,770         9,650           Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$ 2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	over (under) expenditures	 (2,842,195)	 (2,842,195)	 (608,792)	 2,233,403
Transfers out         (269,006)         (269,006)         (344,006)         (75,000)           Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$ 2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	` '				
Total other financing sources and uses         (249,886)         (249,886)         (315,236)         (65,350)           Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$ 2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423		•	19,120	•	•
Net change in fund balances         (3,092,081)         (3,092,081)         (924,028)         \$ 2,168,053           Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423		 	 	 	 
Fund balances - beginning         3,092,081         3,092,081         2,443,423	•		 · · · /	 	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Net change in fund balances	(3,092,081)	(3,092,081)	(924,028)	\$ 2,168,053
Fund balances - ending \$ - \$ 1,519,395	Fund balances - beginning	3,092,081	 3,092,081	 2,443,423	
	Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,519,395	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### Developer Fees Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 9,800	\$ 9,800	\$ 2,130	\$ (7,670)
Total revenues	9,800	9,800	2,130	(7,670)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	-	-	135,758	(135,758)
Reserves	237,859	237,859	<u> </u>	237,859
Total expenditures	237,859	237,859	135,758	102,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(228,059)	(228,059)	(133,628)	94,431
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(9,800)	(9,800)	-	9,800
Total other financing sources and uses	(9,800)	(9,800)	-	9,800
Net change in fund balances	(237,859)	(237,859)	(133,628)	\$ 104,231
Fund balances - beginning	237,859	237,859	243,427	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,799	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Public Health Fund

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,098,114	\$ 5,098,114	\$ 5,165,077	\$ 66,963
Intergovernmental	3,820,967	3,820,967	4,074,884	253,917
Charges for services	1,357,116	1,357,116	1,275,548	(81,568)
Licenses and permits	378,697	378,697	665,120	286,423
Other	74,417	74,417	290,986	216,569
Total revenues	10,729,311	10,729,311	11,471,615	742,304
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Health and human services	10,800,384	10,800,384	12,244,511	(1,444,127)
Reserves	2,797,303	2,797,303	-	2,797,303
Total expenditures	 13,597,687	 13,597,687	 12,244,511	 1,353,176
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 13,337,007	 10,007,007	 12,244,511	 1,000,170
over (under) expenditures	 (2,868,376)	 (2,868,376)	 (772,896)	 2,095,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	627,353	627,353
Transfers out	 (19,250)	 (19,250)	 (19,250)	 =
Total other financing sources and uses	(19,250)	(19,250)	608,103	627,353
Net change in fund balances	 (2,887,626)	 (2,887,626)	 (164,793)	\$ 2,722,833
Fund balances - beginning	2,887,626	2,887,626	2,979,321	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,814,528	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual 911 Fund

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Tax	\$	3,425,610	\$	3,425,610	\$	3,224,071	\$	(201,539)
Investment earnings		-		-		9,026		9,026
Total revenues		3,425,610		3,425,610		3,233,097		(192,513)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		2,000,000		2,000,000		686,687		1,313,313
Capital outlay		1,379,300		1,379,300		-		1,379,300
Reserves		-		-		_		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		3,379,300		3,379,300		686,687		2,692,613
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				_				_
over (under) expenditures		46,310		46,310		2,546,410		2,500,100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(46,310)		(46,310)		-		46,310
Total other financing sources and uses		(46,310)		(46,310)		-		46,310
Net change in fund balances		-		-		2,546,410	\$	2,546,410
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,546,410		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual** 911 Telephone Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Taxes		\$ -	\$ -	\$	132,467	\$	132,467
Investment earnings		61,317	61,317		21,530		(39,787)
	Total revenues	61,317	61,317		153,997		92,680
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		811,317	811,317		511,272		300,045
Capital outlay		950,000	950,000		-		950,000
Reserves		847,177	847,177		-		847,177
	Total expenditures	2,608,494	2,608,494		511,272		2,097,222
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
	over (under) expenditures	(2,547,177)	(2,547,177)		(357,275)		2,189,902
	Net change in fund balances	(2,547,177)	(2,547,177)		(357,275)	\$	2,189,902
	Fund balances - beginning	2,547,177	2,547,177		2,795,716		
	Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,438,441		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual**

# District Attorney Forfeited Property Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 936	\$ 936	\$ 698	\$ (238)
Licenses and permits	13,000	13,000	20,979	7,979
Total revenues	13,936	13,936	21,677	7,741
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	13,936	13,936	-	13,936
Reserves	59,015	59,015		59,015
Total expenditures	72,951	72,951	-	72,951
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(59,015)	(59,015)	21,677	80,692
Net change in fund balances	(59,015)	(59,015)	21,677	\$ 80,692
Fund balances - beginning	59,015	59,015	84,650	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,327	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual**

# Sheriff Forfeited Property Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

		O	riginal	Final				Var	iance with
		В	Budget		Budget	Actual		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES									
Investment earnings		\$	13,080	\$	13,080	\$	5,252	\$	(7,828)
Licenses and permits			200,000		200,000		255,289		55,289
	Total revenues		213,080		213,080		260,541		47,461
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Reserves			543,049 9,999		543,049 9,999		24,911 -		518,138 9,999
	Total expenditures		553,048		553,048		24,911		528,137
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				_				_
	over (under) expenditures		(339,968)		(339,968)		235,630		575,598
	Net change in fund balances		(339,968)		(339,968)		235,630	\$	575,598
	Fund balances - beginning		339,968		339,968		403,938		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	639,568		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### **Controlled Substance Fund**

	-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes		\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 47,828	\$ 45,828
Investment earnings	_	2,466	2,466	839	(1,627)
	Total revenues	4,466	4,466	48,667	44,201
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety		43,323	43,323	42,001	1,322
Reserves	_	9,999	9,999		9,999
	Total expenditures	53,322	53,322	42,001	11,321
Ex	ccess (deficiency) of revenues				
	over (under) expenditures	(48,856)	(48,856)	6,666	55,522
	Net change in fund balances	(48,856)	(48,856)	6,666	\$ 55,522
	Fund balances - beginning	48,856	48,856	97,692	
	Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,358	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Alcohol Tax Fund

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ance with
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 100	,000 \$	100,000	\$	107,853	\$	7,853
Investment earnings	2	.,043	2,043		943		(1,100)
Total revenues	102	2,043	102,043		108,796		6,753
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	82	,923	82,923		68,747		14,176
Reserves	117	,829	117,829		-		117,829
Total expenditures	200	,752	200,752		68,747		132,005
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			_				
over (under) expenditures	(98	,709)	(98,709)		40,049		138,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	(19	,120)	(19,120)		(33,296)		(14,176)
Total other financing sources and uses	(19	,120)	(19,120)		(33,296)		(14,176)
Net change in fund balances	(117	,829)	(117,829)	_	6,753	\$	124,582
Fund balances - beginning	117	,829	117,829		121,500		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	128,253		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual**

# Prosecutor Training Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Charges for services		\$ 29,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 23,724	\$ (5,276)	
	Total revenues	29,000	29,000	23,724	(5,276)	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety		29,000	29,000	14,996	14,004	
Reserves	_	16,141	16,141	<u>-</u>	16,141	
	Total expenditures	45,141	45,141	14,996	30,145	
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures	(16,141)	(16,141)	8,728	24,869	
	Net change in fund balances	(16,141)	(16,141)	8,728	\$ 24,869	
	Fund balances - beginning	16,141	16,141	24,490		
	Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,218		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual**

# 911 Wireless Telephone Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Charges for services		\$	-	\$	-	\$	272,510	\$	272,510
Investment earnings			50,088		50,088		14,144		(35,944)
	Total revenues		50,088		50,088		286,654		236,566
EXPENDITURES									(00.447)
Public safety			1,650,000		1,650,000		1,676,415		(26,415)
Capital outlay			580,063		580,063		-		580,063
	Total expenditures		2,230,063		2,230,063		1,676,415		553,648
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
	over (under) expenditures		(2,179,975)		(2,179,975)		(1,389,761)		790,214
	Net change in fund balances		(2,179,975)		(2,179,975)		(1,389,761)	\$	790,214
	Fund balances - beginning		2,179,975		2,179,975		2,006,775		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$	617,014		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### **Weapons Licensure Fund**

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Licenses and permits	\$	45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 73,154	\$ 28,154
Total re	evenues	45,000	45,000	73,154	28,154
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety		63,979	63,979	146	63,833
Reserves		10,001	10,001	-	10,001
Total exper	nditures	73,980	73,980	146	73,834
Excess (deficiency) of re	evenues	_			
over (under) expe	nditures	(28,980)	(28,980)	73,008	101,988
Net change in fund b	alances	(28,980)	(28,980)	73,008	\$ 101,988
Fund balances - be	ginning	28,980	28,980	118,873	
Fund balances -	ending \$	-	\$ -	\$ 191,881	- <del>-</del>

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

REVENUES           Taxes         \$ 1,465,938         \$ 1,465,938         \$ 1,479,049         \$ 13,111           Investment earnings         -         -         -         58         58           EXPENDITURES           Current:           Debt Service:         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         58         28         28         28         28 </th <th></th> <th colspan="2">Original Budget</th> <th colspan="2">Final Budget</th> <th colspan="2">Actual</th> <th colspan="2">Variance with Final Budget</th>		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Total revenues	REVENUES								
EXPENDITURES         1,465,938         1,465,938         1,479,107         13,169           EXPENDITURES           Current:           Debt Service:           Principal retirement         3,717,735         3,717,735         3,360,000         357,735           Interest and fiscal charges         30,000         30,000         354,412         (324,412)           Reserves         276,846         276,846         -         276,846           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Taxes	\$	1,465,938	\$	1,465,938	\$	1,479,049	\$	13,111
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Debt Service:  Principal retirement 3,717,735 3,717,735 3,360,000 357,735 Interest and fiscal charges 30,000 30,000 354,412 (324,412) Reserves 276,846 276,846 - 276,846 - 276,846	Investment earnings				-		58		58
Current:         Debt Service:         Principal retirement       3,717,735       3,717,735       3,360,000       357,735         Interest and fiscal charges       30,000       30,000       354,412       (324,412)         Reserves       276,846       276,846       -       276,846         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       (2,558,643)       (2,558,643)       (2,235,305)       323,338         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in       1,986,797       1,986,797       1,976,796       (10,001)         Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues       -       -       1,981       1,981         Total other financing sources and uses       1,986,797       1,986,797       1,978,777       (8,020)         Net change in fund balances       (571,846)       (571,846)       (571,846)       (571,846)       (571,846)       (571,846)       (571,846)       605,760	Total revenues		1,465,938		1,465,938		1,479,107		13,169
Debt Service:           Principal retirement         3,717,735         3,717,735         3,360,000         357,735           Interest and fiscal charges         30,000         30,000         354,412         (324,412)           Reserves         276,846         276,846         -         276,846           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         4,024,581         4,024,581         3,714,412         310,169           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	EXPENDITURES								
Principal retirement         3,717,735         3,717,735         3,360,000         357,735           Interest and fiscal charges         30,000         30,000         354,412         (324,412)           Reserves         276,846         276,846         -         276,846           Total expenditures         4,024,581         4,024,581         3,714,412         310,169           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Current:								
Interest and fiscal charges   30,000   30,000   354,412   (324,412)	Debt Service:								
Reserves         276,846         276,846         -         276,846           Total expenditures         4,024,581         4,024,581         3,714,412         310,169           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Principal retirement		3,717,735		3,717,735		3,360,000		357,735
Total expenditures         4,024,581         4,024,581         3,714,412         310,169           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Interest and fiscal charges		30,000		30,000		354,412		(324,412)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Reserves		276,846		276,846		-		276,846
over (under) expenditures         (2,558,643)         (2,558,643)         (2,235,305)         323,338           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Total expenditures		4,024,581		4,024,581		3,714,412		310,169
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         -         -         1,981         1,981           Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Transfers in Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,976,796         (10,001)           Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances - beginning         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318	over (under) expenditures		(2,558,643)		(2,558,643)		(2,235,305)		323,338
Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues       -       -       1,981       1,981         Total other financing sources and uses       1,986,797       1,986,797       1,978,777       (8,020)         Net change in fund balances       (571,846)       (571,846)       (256,528)       \$ 315,318         Fund balances - beginning       571,846       571,846       605,760	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing sources and uses         1,986,797         1,986,797         1,978,777         (8,020)           Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Transfers in		1,986,797		1,986,797		1,976,796		(10,001)
Net change in fund balances         (571,846)         (571,846)         (256,528)         \$ 315,318           Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Bond proceeds & Refunding Bond Issues		-		-		1,981		1,981
Fund balances - beginning         571,846         571,846         605,760	Total other financing sources and uses		1,986,797		1,986,797		1,978,777		(8,020)
	Net change in fund balances		(571,846)		(571,846)		(256,528)	\$	315,318
Fund balances - ending \$ - \$ 349,232	Fund balances - beginning		571,846		571,846		605,760		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	=	\$	-	\$	349,232		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Library Special Use Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	2,519,342	\$ 2,519,342	\$ 2,541,438	\$	22,096
Other		2,690	 2,690	 _		(2,690)
Total revenues		2,522,032	 2,522,032	 2,541,438		19,406
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Culture and recreation		208,773	208,773	109,861		98,912
Capital outlay		433,475	433,475	434,725		(1,250)
Reserves		287,756	287,756	-		287,756
Total expenditures		930,004	 930,004	544,586		385,418
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
over (under) expenditures		1,592,028	1,592,028	 1,996,852		404,824
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(2,039,784)	 (2,039,784)	(2,029,783)		10,001
Total other financing sources and uses		(2,039,784)	 (2,039,784)	 (2,029,783)		10,001
Net change in fund balances		(447,756)	 (447,756)	 (32,931)	\$	414,825
Fund balances - beginning		447,756	447,756	482,723	<del></del>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 449,792		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Stormwater Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	10,925,359	\$ 10,925,359	\$	11,941,805	\$	1,016,446
Investment earnings		594,422	594,422		275,668		(318,754)
Other		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		7,050		7,050
Total revenues		11,519,781	11,519,781		12,224,523		704,742
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public works		488,059	488,059		471,686		16,373
Reserves		2,324,854	 2,324,854				2,324,854
Total expenditures		2,812,913	 2,812,913		471,686		2,341,227
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		8,706,868	 8,706,868		11,752,837		3,045,969
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(11,031,722)	 (11,031,722)		(10,984,853)		46,869
Total other financing sources and uses		(11,031,722)	(11,031,722)		(10,984,853)		46,869
Net change in fund balances		(2,324,854)	 (2,324,854)		767,984	\$	3,092,838
Fund balances - beginning		2,324,854	2,324,854		2,863,658		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,631,642		
		·	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Public Works Fund

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	13,194,526	\$ 13,194,526	\$ 13,386,209	\$ 191,683
Intergovernmental	10,218,186	10,218,186	10,427,010	208,824
Charges for services	122,562	122,562	233,176	110,614
Licenses and permits	15,530	15,530	5,950	(9,580)
Other	20,582	20,582	123,219	102,637
Total revenues	23,571,386	23,571,386	24,175,564	604,178
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	10,298,307	10,298,307	10,186,108	112,199
Capital outlay	333,716	333,716	458,087	(124,371)
Reserves	4,436,646	4,436,646		4,436,646
Total expenditures	15,068,669	15,068,669	10,644,195	4,424,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	8,502,717	8,502,717	13,531,369	5,028,652
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	154,015	154,015	234,947	80,932
Transfers out	(14,639,462)	(14,639,462)	(14,739,462)	(100,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	(14,485,447)	(14,485,447)	(14,504,515)	(19,068)
Net change in fund balances	(5,982,730)	(5,982,730)	(973,146)	\$ 5,009,584
Fund balances - beginning	5,982,730	5,982,730	6,164,306	
Fund balances - ending	-	\$ -	\$ 5,191,160	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual** County Building Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 987,769	\$ 987,769	\$ 1,004,977	\$ 17,208
Investment earnings	28,854	28,854	4,220	(24,634)
Total revenues	1,016,623	1,016,623	1,009,197	(7,426)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	1,188,616	1,188,616	1,125,979	62,637
Reserves	94,599	94,599	-	94,599
Total expenditures	1,283,215	1,283,215	1,125,979	157,236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(266,592)	(266,592)	(116,782)	149,810
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	171,993	171,993	171,993	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources and uses	171,993	171,993	171,993	
Net change in fund balances	(94,599)	(94,599)	55,211	\$ 149,810
Fund balances - beginning	94,599	94,599	225,060	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 280,271	

(This page left blank intentionally)

#### **Nonmajor Proprietary Funds**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

**Airport** – The Airport Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses of the Airport agency, as directed by the Johnson County Airport Commission. The Airport Commission's primary purpose is two-fold: 1) to develop and operate a system of air transportation facilities that will serve the aviation needs of the region; and 2) to develop and operate an industrial real estate development program that contributes to the economic base of the community. Revenues are derived from hangar rentals, user charges and County tax support. Expenses are for the construction, renovation and operation of two airports and an industrial park with water utility and rail service.

**Transportation** – The Transportation Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses of the transit and commuter rail programs. The primary purpose of this fund is to implement countywide public transportation services. Revenues are primarily from Federal and State grants and County support.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

**Risk Management** - The Risk Management Fund provides for the procurement, administration, and claims handling of property, liability and workers compensation coverage for the County. This Fund maintains reserves to reimburse the County or County agencies for insurable losses not otherwise insured.

**Self-Insured Health Care** – The Self-Insured Health Care Fund is used to pool the resources accumulated from the various health (medical, dental and vision) coverage premiums paid by employees through payroll deduction and those paid by the County. These resources are used to pay the expenses related to health care coverage.

#### Johnson County, Kansas **Combining Statement of Net Position** Non-Major Enterprise Funds December 31, 2012

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

		Non-Major	•
	Airport	Transportation	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Deposits including investments	\$ 8,112,714	\$ 5,996,282	\$ 14,108,996
Receivables (net of			
allowance for uncollectibles):	576,912	520,942	1,097,854
Prepaids	-	28,611	28,611
Total current assets	8,689,626	6,545,835	15,235,461
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and investments	80,571	1,326,583	1,407,154
Capital assets:			
Land	4,880,191	-	4,880,191
Buildings	14,575,148	46,726	14,621,874
Improvements other than buildings	26,858,698	-	26,858,698
Machinery and equipment	2,757,870	15,474,832	18,232,702
Infrastructure	2,187,980	-	2,187,980
Construction in progress	2,952,797	7,837,402	10,790,199
Less accumulated depreciation	(29,135,670)	(12,110,647)	(41,246,317)
Total capital assets	25,077,014	11,248,313	36,325,327
Total noncurrent assets	25,157,585	12,574,896	37,732,481
TOTAL ASSETS	33,847,211	19,120,731	52,967,942
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized portion of refunding gain	67,676		67,676

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Net Position

#### Non-Major Enterprise Funds December 31, 2012

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Non-Major

		NOI1-Wajoi	
	Airport	Transportation	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	387,884	1,679,615	2,067,499
Salaries and wages payable	27,552	28,719	56,271
Interest payable	47,273	-	47,273
Loans payable	16,686	-	16,686
Due to others	43,890	201	44,091
Unearned Revenue	53,633	1,817,939	1,871,572
Compensated absences	6,634	9,599	16,233
Bonds, capital leases, and other payables	395,155		395,155
Total current liabilities	978,707	3,536,073	4,514,780
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	89,916	130,120	220,036
Bonds, capital leases, and other payables	3,048,731		3,048,731
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,138,647	130,120	3,268,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,117,354	3,666,193	7,783,547
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	21,684,118	11,248,313	32,932,431
Restricted for capital projects	80,571	1,326,583	1,407,154
Unrestricted	8,032,844	2,879,642	10,912,486
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 29,797,533	\$ 15,454,538	\$ 45,252,071

Johnson County, Kansas

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

31, 2012
=
₹
•
3
_
Φ
₽ .
Decembe
Ō
ပ္က
e e
_
5
Ended
ַ
=
Ц
ear
ŭ
_
_
tre
5
=

		Business	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	terpris	e Funds
			Non-Major		
		Airport	Transportation		Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,949,231	\$ 1,468,116	₩	4,417,347
Other		2,166,884	159,006		2,325,890
Total operating revenues		5,116,115	1,627,122		6,743,237
Operating expenses:					
Transportation		3,217,877	9,120,138		12,338,015
Depreciation		1,385,672	1,581,943		2,967,615
Total operating expenses		4,603,549	10,702,081		15,305,630
Operating income (loss)		512,566	(9,074,959)		(8,562,393)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Taxes		1,562	•		1,562
Investment earnings		305	•		305
Intergovernmental		250,156	2,042,071		2,292,227
Interest expense		(145,258)			(145,258)
Other		(3,191)	(202)		(3,698)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		103,574	2,041,564		2,145,138
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		616,140	(7,033,395)		(6,417,255)
Capital contributions		2,332,746	6,730,170		9,062,916
Transfers in		ı	4,968,532		4,968,532
Transfers out		•	(79,796)		(79,796)
Change in net position		2,948,886	4,585,511		7,534,397
Total net position - beginning		26,848,647	10,869,027		37,717,674
Total net position - ending	s	29,797,533	\$ 15,454,538	↔	45,252,071

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Business-	type Ac	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	e Funds
			Non-Major	
	Airport	Tra	Transportation	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from customers	2,980,394	\$	692,533 \$	3,672,927
Cash payments for goods and services	(2,245,519)	<u>@</u>	(7,659,885)	(9,905,404)
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,007,469)	<u>(e</u>	(968,755)	(1,976,224)
Other operating cash receipts	2,166,884	_	159,006	2,325,890
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,894,290		(7,777,101)	(5,882,811)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Taxes	1,562	01	ı	1,562
Intergovernmental	250,156	<b>6</b>	2,042,071	2,292,227
Transfers from other funds	1		4,968,532	4,968,532
Transfers from other funds	-		(79,796)	(79,796)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	251,718		6,930,807	7,182,525
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital Contributions	2,332,746	<b>6</b>	6,730,170	9,062,916
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,025,239)	<u>@</u>	(6,805,240)	(9,830,479)
Principal paid on bonds, notes and loans	(457,682)	<u>()</u>	ı	(457,682)
Interest paid on bonds, notes and loans	(151,198)	3)	1	(151, 198)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1,301,373)	<u>@</u>	(75,070)	(1,376,443)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest and dividends on investments	305		•	305
Net cash provided by investing activities	305	10		305
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	844,940		(921,364)	(76,424)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,348,345	10	8,244,229	15,592,574
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 🂲	8,193,285	\$	7,322,865 \$	15,516,150
				(Continued)

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Business-ty	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	- Enterpris	e Funds
		Non-Major	jor	
	Airport	Transportation	deite	TOTAL
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	512,566	\$ (9,07	(9,074,959) \$	(8,562,393)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,385,672	1,58	1,581,943	2,967,615
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	7,292	(29	(296,447)	(289, 155)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,378)		491,430	490,052
Increase (decrease) in salaries and wages payable	(3,907)	)	(9, 105)	(13,012)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	23,871	(47	(479,136)	(455,265)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(29,826)		9,173	(20,653)
Total adjustments	1,381,724	1,29	,297,858	2,679,582

Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2012

		Risk	S	Self-Insured	
	Ма	anagement	<u> </u>	lealth Care	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Deposits including investments	\$	8,119,628	\$	25,094,553	\$ 33,214,181
Receivables (net of					
allowance for uncollectibles):		121,663		-	121,663
Prepaid items		112,493		-	112,493
Total current assets		8,353,784		25,094,553	33,448,337
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Machinery and equipment		36,035		-	36,035
Less accumulated depreciation		(22,451)		-	(22,451)
Total noncurrent assets		13,584		-	13,584
TOTAL ASSETS		8,367,368		25,094,553	33,461,921
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable		158		5,297,891	5,298,049
Salaries and wages payable		7,984		-	7,984
Compensated absences		1,365		-	1,365
Voluntary retirement healthcare benefits		-		992,743	992,743
Insurance claims payable		3,968,881		2,790,435	 6,759,316
Total current liabilities		3,978,388		9,081,069	 13,059,457
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences		18,505		-	18,505
Voluntary retirement healthcare benefits		=		2,157,065	2,157,065
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,505		2,157,065	2,175,570
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,996,893		11,238,134	15,235,027
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					 
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		13,584		-	13,584
Unrestricted		4,356,891		13,856,419	18,213,310
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,370,475	\$	13,856,419	\$ 18,226,894

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

	Ma	Risk	Self-Insured Health Care	Total
	IVI	anagement	nealth Care	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,991,422	\$ 38,299,310	\$ 41,290,732
Other		56,556	15,185	71,741
Total operating revenues		3,047,978	38,314,495	41,362,473
Operating expenses:				
Personal services		284,046	-	284,046
Contractual services		4,267,423	38,137,600	42,405,023
Commodities		13,528	6,660	20,188
Depreciation		3,544	-	3,544
Total operating expenses		4,568,541	38,144,260	42,712,801
Operating income (loss)		(1,520,563)	170,235	(1,350,328)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Taxes		2,444	-	2,444
Investment earnings		36,597	150,175	186,772
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		39,041	150,175	189,216
Income (loss) before transfers		(1,481,522)	320,410	(1,161,112)
Transfers In		-	15,347	15,347
Transfers Out		(78,060)	<u> </u>	(78,060)
Change in net position		(1,559,582)	335,757	(1,223,825)
Total net position - beginning		5,930,057	13,520,662	19,450,719
Total net position - ending	\$	4,370,475	\$ 13,856,419	\$ 18,226,894

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Risk Management	Self-Insured Health Care	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers	· •	\$ 38,299,310	\$ 38,299,310
Cash payments for goods and services	(3,663,248)	(38,923,847)	(42,587,095)
Cash payments to employees for services	(337,602)	3,130,210	2,792,608
Other operating cash receipts	3,047,978	15,185	3,063,163
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(952,872)	2,520,858	1,567,986
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
	2,444	,	2,444
Transfers from other funds		15,347	15,347
Transfers to other funds	(78,060)	·	(78,060)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	(75,616)	15,347	(60,269)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	,	,	ı
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	ı	,	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	1		
Interest and dividends on investments  Not cash provided by investing activities	36,597	150,175	186,772
Net cash provided by investing activities	760,00	100,175	180,772
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(991,891)	2,686,380	1,694,489
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	9,111,519	22,408,173 \$ 25,094,553	31,519,692
			(Continued)

# Johnson County, Kansas Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Risk		Self-Insured	_	
	Management		<b>Health Care</b>		Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				 	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,520,563)	0,563) \$	170,235	<b>⇔</b>	\$ (1,350,328)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		3,544	•		3,544
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	Ø	(22,018)	•		(22,018)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(5	(58,133)	•		(58, 133)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	()	(76,165)	(760,319)	(6	(836,484)
Increase (decrease) in salaries and wages payable	(5	(51,335)	(4,251)	<del>_</del>	(55,586)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(2,221)	(15,347)	<u>(</u>	(17,568)
Increase (decrease) in other post employment benefits			3,149,808	ω	3,149,808
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims payable	77	774,019	(19,268)	8	754,751
Total adjustments	99	567,691	2,350,623	8	2,918,314
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	36) \$	(952,872) \$	2,520,858	\$	1,567,986

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary Funds include all Agency Funds which account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals or other governmental units.

**Medical Reimbursement** – This fund holds all monies of those County employees who have chosen to designate certain deductions from their salary for the explicit purpose of medical claims or dependent care.

*Inmate* – This fund holds and administers the combined accounts of the prisoners of the jail. The accounts are owned by the prisoners, and the County acts only as a custodian of these accounts.

**Sheriff Foreclosure** – This fund holds proceeds from property foreclosures within the County which the Sheriff's Office has sold by court order. The monies are deposited into the designated financial institution, which holds the funds until the payment clears the issuing financial institution. The Sheriff's Office acts as a custodian for the short time the monies are held. Once the funds clear the issuing financial institution, they are paid to the District Court Clerk to maintain until distribution is ordered by the Court.

**Tax Collection** – This fund collects and distributes taxes for distribution to other County funds and other governmental units.

**Research Triangle** – This fund collects and distributes sales taxes dedicated to provide funding, in equal shares, to education projects and programs offered by the University of Kansas, Kansas State University, and the KU Medical Center in Johnson County.

Johnson County, Kansas
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Agency Funds

Agency Funds December 31, 2012

		Medical		Sheriff	Fire	Тах	Research	
	Rein	Reimbursement	Inmate	Foreclosure	Districts	Collection	Triangle	Totals
ASSETS								
Deposits including investments Receivables (net of allowance	€9	56,088	\$ 64,655	· •	₩	\$ 551,865,863	· •	\$ 551,986,606
Taxes receivable					•	408,426,885		408,426,885
	Total assets	56,088	64,655	•		960,292,748		960,413,491
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		•	٠	•	•	33,995	•	33,995
Agency obligations		56,088	64,655	1	•	960,258,753	1	960,379,496
	Total liabilities \$	56,088	\$ 64,655	· \$	· \$	\$ 960,292,748	· \$	\$ 960,413,491

#### Johnson County, Kansas

## **Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities** Agency Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

		Balance						Balance
	_	January 1, 2012		Additions		Deductions	Dec	ember 31, 2012
Medical Reimbursement Fu	und							
ASSETS								
Deposits including investmen		131,994	\$	704,327	\$	780,233	\$	56,088
	Total assets	131,994	\$	704,327	\$	780,233	\$	56,088
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,930	\$	116,285	\$	118,215	\$	-
Agency obligations	T. (-1 P1 P.C 4	130,064		313,164		387,140		56,088
	Total liabilities _	131,994	\$	429,449	\$	505,355	\$	56,088
Inmate Fund								
ASSETS								
Deposits including investmen	nte G	66,367	\$	1,060,570	\$	1,062,282	\$	64,655
Deposits including investmen	Total assets		\$	1,060,570	\$	1,062,282	\$	64,655
LIABILITIES		00,001	<u> </u>	1,000,010	Ψ	1,002,202	<u> </u>	0 1,000
Agency obligations	9	66,367	\$	1,060,570	\$	1,062,282	\$	64,655
rigenie, eurogeniene	Total liabilities		\$	1,060,570	\$	1,062,282	\$	64,655
	_		<u> </u>	,,-	<u> </u>	,, , -	<u> </u>	
Sheriff Foreclosure								
ASSETS								
Deposits including investmen	nts 9	118	\$	1,254,445	\$	1,254,563	\$	-
	Total assets	118	\$	1,254,445	\$	1,254,563	\$	-
LIABILITIES	_							
Agency obligations	_	118		1,254,445		1,254,563		-
	Total liabilities	118	\$	1,254,445	\$	1,254,563	\$	-
Tax Collection Fund								
ASSETS								
Deposits including investmen	nts S	574,201,896	\$	3,154,797,884	\$	3,177,133,917	\$	551,865,863
Taxes receivable	_	421,410,038		408,426,885		421,410,038		408,426,885
	Total assets	995,611,934	\$	3,563,224,769	\$	3,598,543,955	\$	960,292,748
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	Ş	1,892	\$	898,820,563	\$	898,788,460	\$	33,995
Agency obligations	_	995,610,042		3,570,603,453		3,605,954,742		960,258,753
	Total liabilities _	995,611,934	\$	4,469,424,016	\$	4,504,743,202	\$	960,292,748
Research Triangle Fund ASSETS								
Deposits including investmer	ata G	-	¢	29,655,538	\$	29,655,538	¢	
Deposits including investmen	Total assets		\$ \$	29,655,538	\$	29,655,538	<u>\$</u> \$	
LIABILITIES	Total assets	<u>-</u>	Ψ	29,000,000	Ψ	29,033,330	Ψ	
Accounts payable	ç	-	\$	14,827,769	\$	14,827,769	\$	_
Agency obligations	`	· -	Ψ	14,827,769	Ψ	14,827,769	Ψ	_
rigorioy obligationo	Total liabilities	6 -	\$	29,655,538	\$	29,655,538	\$	-
		<u> </u>	· <u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Totals - All Agency Funds								
ASSETS								
Deposits including investmen	nts 9	574,400,375	\$	3,187,472,764	\$	3,209,886,533	\$	551,986,606
Taxes receivable		421,410,038		408,426,885		421,410,038		408,426,885
	Total assets		\$	3,595,899,649	\$	3,631,296,571	\$	960,413,491
LIABILITIES	_							
Accounts payable	9	3,822	\$	913,764,617	\$	913,734,444	\$	33,995
Agency obligations		995,806,591		3,588,059,401		3,623,486,496		960,379,496
	Total liabilities 3		\$	4,501,824,018	\$	4,537,220,940	\$	960,413,491
	=				_			

(This page left blank intentionally)

## STATISTICAL SECTION

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### **Statistical Section**

The Statistical Section of the Johnson County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information to further understand the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. The purpose of this section is to give an indication of the County's overall financial health.

**Financial Trends** – Provides information to assist readers in understanding how the County's financial performance has changed over time.

**Revenue Capacity** – Provides information about the County's revenue sources.

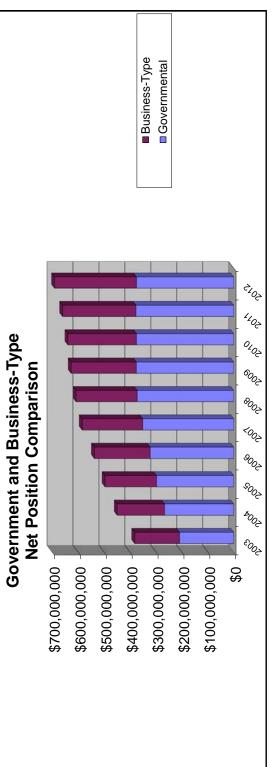
**Debt Capacity** – Presents information to help the reader understand the County's debt burden and ability to issue additional debt.

**Demographic and Economic Information** – Provides information about the County's demographic and economic characteristics, including population statistics and employment data.

**Operating Information** – Assists readers in understanding the overall operations of the County and helps to show the services provided by the County and its economic condition.

Johnson County, Kansas Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net investment in capital assets   \$ 54,160,592 \$ 96,741,012 \$	\$ 105,082,458 \$ 7,778,976 3,286,261 5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 \$ 297,635,207 \$	112.300,996 8.238,141 3.179,500 5.013,455 35,437,648 156,247,813 322,417,583 209,272,291	\$ 119,244,891 8,930,873 3,506,695 4,822,736 40,237,497 174,092,929 \$ 350,835,581 \$ 214,915,235	\$ 143,707,961 3,013,914 4,874,350 283,994 43,702,643 176,757,655 \$ 372,340,497	\$ 153,740,601 - 11,994,709 - 2,826,554 42,334,109 164,965,407 \$ 375,861,380 \$ 375,861,380	\$ 163,016,990 5,126,074 10,594,183 25,189,010 9,612,521 10,1,524 4,724,342 369,583 \$ 375,344,239 \$ 239,207,065	\$ 169,561,067 5,082,273 9,400,286 26,751,077 6,882,080 5,567 2,665,885 1,200,751 1,200,751 5,377,164,877	\$ 169,788,763 6,152,465 7,039,999 19,405,137 4,064,777 2,1,30 1,760,619 1,526,711 1,589,39 163,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 375,123,013
evelopment 2,475,662 5,760,617 evelopment 2,688,777 2,796,500 1,280,180 5,170,446 6,815,616 28,789,859 141,464,813 127,755,016 6,816,918,813 127,755,016 5,208,985,640 5,8770,13,450 ets \$132,776,317 \$168,059,283 26,784,007 13,198,860 14,245,724 tal Business-Type 8,172,759,184 \$182,305,007	7,778,976 3,286,261 5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	8,238,141 3,179,500 5,013,455 35,013,455 35,417,683 322,417,563	8,930,873 3,506,695 - 40,237,487 174,0937,487 350,835,581	3,013,914 4,874,350 283,994 43,702,643 116,757,635 \$ 372,340,497				6,152,465 7,039,999 19,405,137 4,046,777 21,130 1,760,619 1,589,392 1,63,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ \$ 261,009,918
evelopment 2,475,662 5,760,617 evelopment 2,688,777 2,796,500 1,280,180 5,170,446 6,815,616 28,789,859 141,464,813 127,755,016 6,813,985,640 \$,267,013,450 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724 13,198,860 14,245,724	7,778,976 3,286,261 5,059,579 30,624,338 145,803,575 297,635,207	8,238,141 3,179,500 5,013,455 5,013,455 35,47,648 322,417,553	8,930,873 3,506,695 4,822,736 40,237,457 174,092,287 350,835,581	3,013,914 4,874,350 283,994 43,702,643 116,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				7,039,999 19,446,137 4,046,137 21,130 1,760,619 1,589,326,711 1,589,326,711 1,589,326,711 3,375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
2,475,662 5,760,617 evelopment 2,688,777 2,786,500 tal Governmental 5,208,885,640 5,277,755,016 ets \$132,776,317 \$168,059,283 26,784,007 13,198,880 14,245,724 13,198,880 14,245,724 5,772,759,184 \$182,305,007	7,778,976 3,286,261 5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	8,238,141 3,179,500 - 5,013,485 35,437,648 158,247,813 322,417,583	8,930,873 3,506,695 4,822,73 4,822,737,457 174,092,929 350,835,581	3,013,914 4,874,350 - 283,994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497				19,405,137 4,054,777 201,370 1,760,619 1,586,711 1,589,392 163,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
evelopment 2,688,777 2,796,500    1,280,180 5,170,446 6,915,616 28,798,859 141,464,813 1/27,755,016	3,286,261 5,069,579 30,624,358 145,8034,358 297,635,207	3,179,500 5,013,455 35,437,648 322,417,1563 209,272,291	3,506,695 40,237,467 174,092,329 350,835,581	283,994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				4,064,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,404,777,40
evelopment 2,688,777 2,796,500  1,280,180 5,170,446  6,915,616 28,789,859  141,464,813 127,755,016  141,464,813 127,755,016  \$ 208,385,640 \$ 287,013,450  26,784,007  13,198,860 14,245,724  13,198,860 14,245,724  \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	3,286,261 5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	3,179,500 5,013,455 36,437,648 1168,247,813 322,417,553	3,506,695 40,237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581	4,874,350 283,994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				21,130 1,760,619 1,760,619 1,589,392 1,589,302 1,589,301 1,589,301 8,375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ets   1,280,177   2,150,000   1,280,180   5,170,446   6,915,616   28,789,859   141,464,813   127,755,016   \$,208,985,640   \$,267,013,450   13,198,860   14,245,724   13,198,860   14,245,724   13,198,860   14,245,724   13,198,860   14,245,724   13,198,860   14,245,724   172,759,184   \$182,305,007	5,659,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207 181,469,106	5,013,455 35,437,648 156,247,813 322,417,553	3,000,039 4,0237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581 214,915,235	283.994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				1,761,619 1,526,711 1,589,392 163,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ets \$ 132,776,317 \$ 168,059,283  26,784,007  141,464813 127,755,016  \$ 206,985,640 \$ 267,013,450  26,784,007  13,198,860 14,245,724  113,198,860 14,245,724  \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	5,013,455 35,437,648 158,247,813 322,417,553	4,822,736 40,237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581 214,915,235	283,994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				\$ 261,009,918
ets   1,280,180 5,170,446 6,915,616 28,789,859 141,464,813 127,755,016 \$ 287,013,450    141,464,813 127,755,016 \$ 287,013,450    143,198,640 \$ 14,245,724    13,198,860 14,245,724    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007    18,18	5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	5,013,455 35,437,648 158,247,813 322,417,553 209,272,291	4,822,736 40,237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581	283,994 43,702,643 176,767,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				1,526,711 1,589,392 163,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ets \$ 122,776,317 \$ 168,059,283  et \$ 206,985,640 \$ 267,013,450  et \$ 206,985,640 \$ 267,013,450  et \$ 132,776,317 \$ 168,059,283  26,784,007  26,784,007  13,198,860 14,245,724  112,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	5,059,579 30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207	5,013,455 35,437,648 158,247,813 322,417,553 209,272,291	4,822,736 40,237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581	283,994 43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				1,589,392 163,784,020 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ets (9.15 616 28,798,859 141,464,813 127,755,016 \$ 208,985,640 \$ 267,013,450 \$ 132,776,317 \$ 168,059,283 26,784,007	30,624,358 145,803,575 297,635,207 181,469,106	35,437,648 158,247,813 322,417,553 209,272,291	40,237,457 174,092,929 350,835,581 214,915,235	43,702,643 176,757,635 \$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				\$ 375,123,013 \$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ctal Governmental \$ 127.755.016   \$ 127.755.016   \$ 268.985.640 \$ 267.013.450   \$ 268.085.640 \$ 267.013.450   \$ 267.013.450	297,635,207 297,635,207 181,469,106	322,417,553 322,417,553 209,272,291	350,835,581 350,835,581 214,915,235	\$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				\$ 375,123,013 \$ 261,009,918
ets \$ 206,985,640 \$ 267,013,450  ets \$ 132,776,317 \$ 168,059,283 26,784,007 13,198,860 14,245,724  tal Business-Type \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	297,635,207	322,417,553	350,835,581 214,915,235	\$ 372,340,497 \$ 214,435,443				\$ 375,123,013
ets \$ 132,776,317 \$ 168,059,283 26,784,007 - 13,198,860 14,245,724 \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	181,469,106	209,272,291	214,915,235	\$ 214,435,443				\$ 261,009,918
28.784,007 - 13,198,860 14,245,724 - 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007								•
13,198,860 14,245,724 ubroral Business-Type \$\frac{172,759,184}{\$172,759,184} \\$ 182,305,007								
13,198,860 14,245,724 ubtotal Business-Type \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007					67,000,010	2,378,478	2,937,327	5,237,689
ubtotal Business-Type \$ 172,759,184 \$ 182,305,007	16,954,281	5,730,092	18,458,671	21,161,685	20,110,011	22,534,673	34,405,291	49,621,226
	198,423,387 \$	215,002,383 \$	233,373,906	\$ 235,597,128	\$ 250,903,626	\$ 264,120,216	\$ 282,782,700	\$ 315,868,833
ZIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Net investment in capital assets \$ 186,936,909 \$ 264,800,295 \$ Restricted for:	286,551,564 \$	321,573,287	\$ 334,160,126	\$ 358,143,404	\$ 317,534,206	\$ 402,224,055	\$ 415,001,149	\$ 430,798,681
General governmental -					•	5,126,074	5,082,273	6,152,465
Public works						10,594,183	9,400,296	7,039,999
Public safety 2,475,662 5,760,617	7,778,976	8,238,141	8,930,873	3,013,914	11,994,709	25,189,010	26,751,077	19,405,137
Health and human services						9,612,521	6,882,080	4,054,777
Planning and economic development 2,688,777 2,796,500	3,286,261	3,179,500	3,506,695	4,874,350		101,136	2,567	21,130
Culture and recreation -						4,724,342	2,662,855	1,760,619
Capital projects					67,000,010	2,378,478	2,937,327	6,764,400
<b>Debt service</b> 28,064,187 5,170,446	5,059,579	5,013,455	4,822,736	283,994	2,826,554	369,583	1,200,751	1,589,392
	30,624,358	35,437,648	40,237,457	43,702,643	42,334,109			•
Unrestricted 154,663,673 142,000,740	162,757,856	163,977,905	192,551,600	197,919,320	185,075,418	179,145,073	190,024,202	213,405,246



\* Beginning in 2010, special revenue funds are being broken out by strategic type

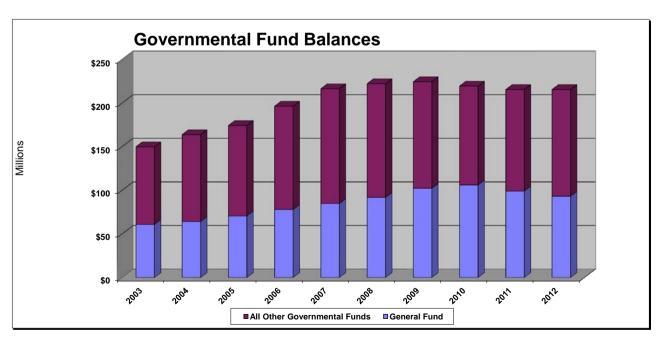
Johnson County, Kansas Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

EXpenses: Governmental Activities:	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	<u>2009</u>	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012
General government Activities: General government Public works Public safety Public safety Public safety Planning and economic development Culture and recensation Interest on long ferm debt Total governmental activities	\$ 49,180,792 \$ 17,356,137	60,676,762 \$ 46,141,076 99,465,273 69,833,911 22,627,432 19,196,126 1,568,926 319,509,506 \$	57,723,271 \$ 41,812,063 105,164,200 73,171,512 22,818,084 20,143,713 1,547,167 322,380,010 \$	65,528,919 \$ 48,494,629 113,339,836 78,104,338 23,774,305 21,322,091 1,515,485 352,079,603 \$	71,261,191 \$ 54,349,008 123,123,775 81,034,438 23,527,172 22,555,476 1,407,149 377,285,209 \$	73,360,726 \$ 46,845,970 127,137,837 82,910,854 82,910,854 23,110,110 23,033,442 1,092,150 377,491,089 \$	93,560,733 \$ 48,710,693 114,483,555 79,429,418 8,408,644 23,843,135 778,619 369,214,797 \$	99,984,101 \$ 52,528,774 110,382,044 85,547,641 6,072,658 22,453,775 723,558	122,559,659 \$ 39,221,489 115,821,699 82,382,302 5,259,908 22,416,562 436,366 388,067,385 \$	121,428,691 56,201,387 115,395,790 79,336,842 4,101,588 21,970,790 372,224 388,807,312
Business Type activities:  Nursing Center (1) Atport Unified Wastewater District Transportation Public Bullding Commission Total business type activities	\$ 132,128 \$ 4,358,253	4,350,789 48,281,549 6,769,281 4,842,512 64,244,131 \$	4,629,785 49,077,830 7,884,696 5,497,373 67,089,684 \$	4.588,078 53,460,298 8,001,184 6,980,764 73,030,324 \$	4,700,347 52,961,673 8,422,381 8,285,489 74,342,890 \$	5,131,328 63,434,950 9,289,931 7,804,136 85,660,345 \$	4,497,689 59,706,568 11,157,705 10,328,527 85,690,489 \$	4,792,927 64,690,942 11,649,001 12,130,514 93,263,384 \$	5,342,515 63,669,520 12,982,583 17,977,394 99,972,012 \$	4,596,542 69,116,271 10,319,311 17,469,243 101,501,367
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Charges for Service: General government (2) Public works Public works Public safety Health and human services Planning and economic development Culture and retreation Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Total governmental activities	\$ 35,222,590 \$ 182,320 7,283,465 7,283,465 1,014,611 2,190,637 4,2681,643 150,994 \$ 108,866,578 \$	46,120,163 \$ 861,723 9,861,91 1,047,850 999,172 4,185,436 3,863 123,718,445 \$	46,929,062 \$ 379,125 12,575,449 22,586,504 1,089,009 1,42,17,302 14,215,302 14,596 131,814,764 \$	47,725,673 \$ 242,130 22,14065 12,214,065 13,003,979 1,000,186 677,491 43,443,321 44,145,53 128,992,398 \$	50,432,484 \$ 322,680 13,334,433 24,763,252 1,413,673 1,453,562 4,284,288	43,749,639 \$ 35,493 9,072,340 25,372,061 1,202,539 203,989 126,699,494 \$	29 511 504 \$ 1.368.741 1.368.741 1.349.45,006 30,552.098 1.334,776 42,591,472 2.291,148 2.291,148 4 \$ 120,877,494 \$	28,103,834 \$ 1,527,831 23,061,294 31,627,358 2,367,635 118,330 48,716,178 23,342 233,342 135,761,802 \$	28,211,950 \$ 1,237,385 28,714,044 28,714,044 1,677,059 1,090,644 4,050,946 141,455,310 \$	32,162,077 1,223,692 32,136,708 32,62,181 1,664,603 1,043,562 43,176,763 1,090,021 145,159,607
Business Type activities: Charges for Service: Nursing Center (1) Airport Unified Wastewater District Transportation Public Building Commission Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Total business type activities	\$ 6.315,259 52,811,119 615,681 7,983,410 2,441,767 666,124 \$ 70,832,360 \$	4,143,541 67,253,211 1,262,445 6,053,241 3,638,036 250,000 72,600,474 \$	4,576,078 61,205,283 63,561 7,607,682 6,907,341 250,000 81,199,945 \$	4,288 0.79 60,166,648 76,852 9,555,791 3,212,441 2,865,994 80,884,805 \$	4,557,409 65,304,524 989,990 8,977,885 4,414,815 833,630 85,078,053 \$	5,028,692 62,064,357 1,406,919 10,084,842 2,278,863 26,531 80,890,204 \$	4,656,102 67,906,366 1,556,667 10,536,073 5,294,890 3,568,112 93,547,210 \$	5,045,869 71,056,882 1,892,307 16,187,904 7,059,043 2,272 101,244,287 \$	5,682,595 74,885,380 1,476,295 20,296,904 10,870,046 2,042,248 115,253,468 \$	5,116,115 83,260,718 1,627,122 28,202,227 5,508,995 9,062,916
Net (Expense)/Revenue: Governmental Activities Business Type Activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (141,385,804) \$ 8,977,666 \$ (132,408,138) \$	(194,506,820) \$ 7,072,109 (187,434,711) \$	(189,450,094) \$ 12,995,109 (176,454,985) \$	(221,394,136) \$ 6,161,412 (215,232,724) \$	(238,291,204) \$ 8,990,041 (229,301,163) \$	(248,604,941) \$ (6,962,795) (255,567,736) \$	(246,195,749) \$ 5,715,167 (240,480,582) \$	(239,544,711) \$ 5,594,865 (233,949,846) \$	(243,911,229) \$ 12,580,010 (231,331,219) \$	(250,917,669) 28,546,690 (222,370,979)
General Revenues: Governmental Activities: Governmental Activities: Soper Taxes Other Taxes Unvestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total governmental activities	\$ 129,336,256 \$ 52,022,478 1,840,375 5,865,168 5,049,029 \$ 1,594,307)	138,924,881 \$ 61,866,361 1,801,971 2,557,593 5,292,434 (2,412,820) 208,030,420 \$	142,123,808 \$ 63,507,087 1,675,701 8,897,382 5,330,684 (1,422,811) 220,071,851 \$	161,876,560 \$ 65,068,745 1,816,751 17,540,871 5,940,737 (6,067,182)	173,957,923 \$ 66,816,061 1,646,312 21,489,622 6,496,744 (3.697,429) 266,709,232 \$	184,292,683 \$ 63,684,470 1,639,876 19,5,55,362 6,235,870 (5,288,404) 270,109,857 \$	184,944,586 \$ 58,948,208 1,472,563 6,646,003 6,618,995 (8,913,723)	178,332,637 \$ 52,415,824 1,329,971 4,186,559 7,467,421 (4,704,842) 239,027,570 \$	171,345,442 \$ 63,692,635 1,192,532 5,434,838 7,886,283 (4,328,863) 245,731,867 \$	172,891,220 64,721,509 3,748,332 2,428,183 9,453,724 (4,387,063) 248,875,805
Business Type activities: Property Taxes Other Taxes Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellameous Transfers Total business type activities	\$ 1,056,220 \$ 4,451 561,504 1,584,307 \$ 3,206,482 \$	298.269 \$ 4.451 (241,826) 2,412.820	96,355 \$ 4,451 1,569,654 - 1,452,811 3,123,277 \$	59,615 \$ 91 4,290,696 6,067,182 10,417,584 \$	8,237 \$ 5,675,816 3,697,429 9,381,482 \$	3,949 \$ 3,811,399 102,266 5,288,404 9,186,018 \$	4,192 \$ (546,508) 1,219,923 8,913,723	2,189 \$ 153,471 2,761,223 4,704,842 7,621,725 \$	. \$ 1,753,568 43 4,328,863 6,082,474 \$	1,562 - 170,818 - - 4,367,063 4,539,443
Change in Net Position: Governmental Activities Business Type Activities Total Primary Government	\$ 51,143,195 \$ 12,184,148 \$ 63,327,343 \$	13,523,600 \$ 9,545,823 23,069,423 \$	30,621,757 \$ 16,118,380 46,740,137 \$	24,782,346 \$ 16,578,996 41,361,342 \$	28,418,028 \$ 18,371,523 46,789,551 \$	21,504,916 \$ 2,223,223 23,728,139 \$	3,520,883 \$ 15,306,497 18,827,380 \$	(517,141) \$ 13,216,590 12,699,449 \$	1,820,638 \$ 18,662,484 20,483,122 \$	(2,041,864) 33,086,133 31,044,269

<sup>(1)</sup> Nursing Center was no longer part of Oounty after 2003.
(2) Indirect cost allocations are recorded in each government and business activity type, but all corresponding charge for service revenue is recorded in the general fund. The revenue is now being allocated across the activity types to present a clearer comparison of charges for services revenue to expenses by each activity.

#### Johnson County, Kansas Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2003		2004		2005		2006	2007	2008	2009
GENERAL FUND											
Reserved	\$	7,337,286	\$	10,358,682	\$	12,292,496	\$	12,740,589	\$ 14,280,139	\$ 10,196,363	\$ 13,684,568
Unreserved, reported in:											
Designated for working capital		18,837,308		11,696,899		12,523,195		13,504,578	13,844,930	15,781,297	16,145,687
Designated for restricted agencies		5,204,772		3,361,166		6,412,421		3,372,771	2,592,186	3,075,830	3,232,815
General fund		29,517,313		38,850,563		39,404,783		48,291,140	54,080,473	62,745,436	69,190,584
Total General Fund	\$	60,896,679	\$	64,267,310	\$	70,632,895	\$	77,909,078	\$ 84,797,728	\$ 91,798,926	\$ 102,253,654
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS											
Reserved	\$	5,114,720	\$	32,438,475	\$	31,603,443	\$	31,851,111	\$ 30,909,707	\$ 29,981,344	\$ 20,594,656
Unreserved, reported in:											
Designated for working capital		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Debt service fund		1,280,180		793,061		717,227		701,097	541,116	569,038	3,055,995
Capital projects fund		57,234,771		37,975,213		41,456,477		51,446,053	61,966,839	58,256,420	60,470,432
Special revenue funds		25,345,525		28,351,005		29,821,286		34,527,447	38,199,483	41,532,252	38,087,232
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	88,975,196	\$	99,557,754	\$	103,598,433	\$	118,525,708	\$ 131,617,145	\$ 130,339,054	\$ 122,208,315
											<u> </u>
GENERAL FUND		<u>2010</u> *		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>					
Nonspendable	\$	2,463,177	\$	1,224,989	\$	817,083					
Restricted	Ψ	21,173,651	Ψ	21,462,100	Ψ	12,954,887					
Committed		4,446,010		3,236,851		3,596,762					
Assigned		1,963,891		1,705,179		3,311,732					
Unassigned		76,093,418		71,491,545		72,506,285					
Total General Fund	\$		\$	99,120,664	\$	93,186,749	-				
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,032,602 34,901,981 77,421,969 - 113,356,552		970,533 30,522,799 81,713,737 3,168,703 116,375,772	\$	794,546 28,595,343 85,403,416 7,520,934 122,314,239	- -				



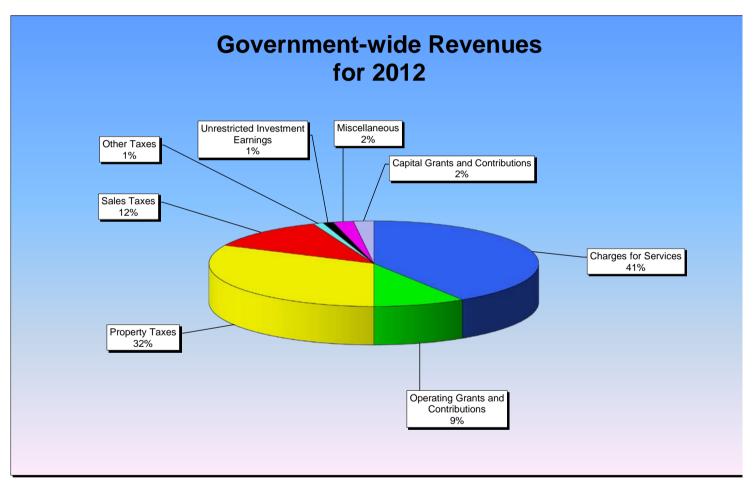
<sup>\*</sup> In 2010, the County early implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to the past categories of reserved and unreserved.

# Johnson County, Kansas Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

REVENUES	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Licenses and permits Other	\$ 182,329,357 \$ 42,832,627 76,561,362 5,199,256 2,585,110 5,049,029	\$ 201,699,087 \$ 41,223,999 76,931,093 1,945,897 3,034,763 5,292,434	207,194,978 47,361,898 76,198,339 8,043,217 2,948,228 5,330,683	\$ 228,735,916 \$ 44,054,874 83,065,113 16,182,301 3,719,810 5,940,737	242,417,134 \$ 45,503,792 87,704,135 19,441,431 3,331,951 6,496,744	249,614,892 \$ 47,261,422 83,487,583 17,804,744 2,682,432 6,235,870	245,361,507 \$ 42,820,590 83,497,182 5,566,291 3,377,189 6,618,994	232,076,115 \$ 48,955,520 87,280,513 3,659,272 3,328,991 7,467,421	236,230,452 \$ 44,652,006 93,621,834 5,695,019 3,531,425 7,890,883	241,358,517 44,266,784 98,504,989 2,241,411 3,738,162 9,453,724
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	314,556,730	330,127,273	347,077,343	381,698,751	404,895,187	407,086,943	387,241,753	382,767,832	391,621,619	399,563,587
General government	50.233.878	56.705.353	59.300.779	62.833.222	64.737.243	70.963.960	70.303.864	74.921.935	79.796.363	84.833.341
Public works and transportation	9.089,124	9,175,398	9.469,202	9,751,395	9.986.468	10.580.267	10.478,111	10,517,997	10.868,720	10.805,967
Public safety	90.102.027	97,312,476	102.828.116	111,279,298	118.165.755	123,645,258	123.687.441	120.275.025	127,796,327	132,428,058
Health and human services	63,504,096	69,064,765	72,589,932	76,682,752	80,338,521	81.311.709	84.889,660	89,524,748	90,701,089	87.549,917
Planning and economic development	17,119,716	22,602,954	22,795,210	23,746,721	23,485,399	23,070,417	8,754,799	6,468,876	5,841,549	4,494,903
Culture and recreation	17,571,798	18,089,705	19,109,616	20,239,177	21,600,355	22,041,905	22,977,249	21,669,234	21,842,621	21,029,626
Capital outlay	36,608,636	39,189,824	45,012,838	43,710,803	57,852,307	55,275,777	52,759,720	54,114,294	50,381,621	54,858,711
Debt set vice. Principal Interest	4,143,660	4,069,122	3,823,047	3,802,962	3,728,208	9,392,084	3,850,366	10,996,448	3,571,825	3,360,000
Total Expenditures	290,141,601	317,824,000	336,495,932	353,529,173	381,254,246	397,518,018	378,535,432	389,267,773	391,293,019	399,743,568
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	24,415,129	12,303,273	10,581,411	28,169,578	23,640,941	9,568,925	8,706,321	(6,499,941)	328,600	(179,981)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in Transfers out	38,881,140 (41,846,547)	43,501,298 (46,296,382)	42,588,157 (44,040,969)	49,004,640 (54,986,983)	62,157,379 (65,854,808)	49,140,806 (54,409,210)	41,725,689 (50,639,412)	34,260,872 (38,965,714)	37,209,862 (41,538,725)	38,286,670 (42,550,605)
Proceeds from capital lease	20,460		26,320	16,223	36,575	•				3,650,000
General obligation	985,000		1,245,000	•				' (	•	' 6
Retunding bonds issued		4,445,000		•		1,410,000	2,361,886	5,414,939		/30,000
Special obligation bonds Issued Premium on bonds issued			6.345			12.586	169.505	740,000 84.574		- 68.468
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,959,947)	1,649,916	(175,147)	(5,966,120)	(3,660,854)	(3,845,818)	(6,382,332)	1,534,671	(4,328,863)	184,533
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 22,455,182 \$	13,953,189 \$	10,406,264	\$ 22,203,458 \$	19,980,087 \$	5,723,107 \$	2,323,989 \$	(4,965,270) \$	(4,000,263) \$	4,552
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	2.30%	1.81%	1.68%	1.52%	1.40%	2.84%	1.30%	3.14%	1.07%	0.97%

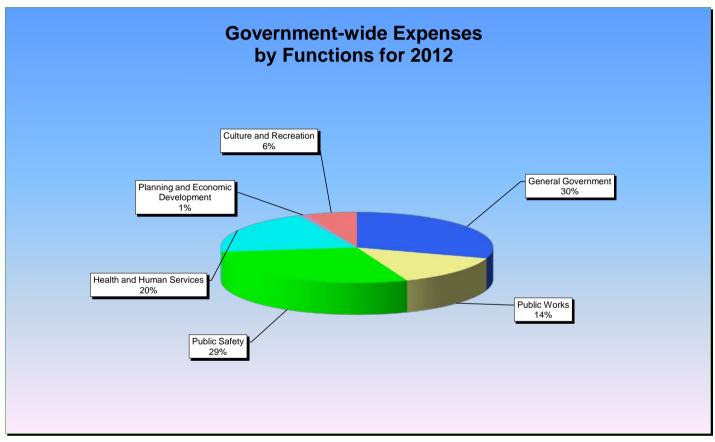
#### Johnson County, Kansas Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Program Revenues						Gene	eral Revenues	3					
	Operating	Capital							ı	<b>Jnrestricted</b>				
Charges	Grants and	Grants and	F	Property		Sales		Other		Investment				
for Services	Contributions	Contributions		Taxes		Taxes		Taxes		Earnings	Mi	scellaneous		Total
\$ 219,099,005	\$ 48,685,758	\$ 10,152,937	\$	172,892,782	\$	64,721,509	\$	3,748,232	\$	2,599,001	\$	9,453,724	\$	531,352,948
199,144,478	54,921,106	2,643,194	•	171,345,442		63,692,635		1,192,532		7,697,406		7,886,326		508,523,119
180,989,254	55,775,221	241,614		178,334,826		52,415,824		1,329,971		4,340,030		10,228,644		483,655,384
162,741,112	47,886,362	3,797,230		184,948,778		58,948,208		1,472,563		6,099,495		7,838,918		473,732,666
158,016,882	49,336,296	230,520	•	184,296,632		63,684,470		1,639,876		23,336,761		6,338,136		486,879,573
171,547,698	49,679,243	1,072,994		173,966,160		66,816,061		1,646,312		27,165,438		6,496,744		498,390,650
159,743,894	46,855,762	3,277,547	•	161,936,175		65,068,745		1,816,842		21,831,567		5,940,737		466,471,269
158,495,470	54,124,643	394,596		142,220,163		63,507,087		1,680,152		10,457,036		5,330,684		436,209,831
151,206,891	44,823,472	288,563	•	139,223,150		61,866,361		1,806,422		2,315,767		5,292,434		406,823,060
133,759,420	45,123,410	816,108	•	130,392,476		52,022,478		1,844,826		6,426,672		5,049,029		375,434,419
	for Services  \$ 219,099,005	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758           199,144,478         54,921,106           180,989,254         55,775,221           162,741,112         47,886,362           158,016,882         49,336,296           171,547,698         49,679,243           159,743,894         46,855,762           158,495,470         54,124,643           151,206,891         44,823,472	Charges for Services         Grants and Contributions         Grants and Contributions           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 49,21,106         2,643,194           \$ 180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         241,614         241,614           \$ 162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         230,520           \$ 171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994           \$ 159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547           \$ 158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596           \$ 151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         \$ 180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         \$ 162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         \$ 158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150         61,866,361	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         \$ 180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         \$ 58,948,208         \$ 158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,948,778         58,948,208         \$ 63,684,470         \$ 171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         \$ 159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         \$ 158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         \$ 151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150         61,866,361	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         1,680,152           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150         61,866,361         1,806,422	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         \$ 180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         \$ 162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         \$ 158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         \$ 171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         \$ 159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         \$ 158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         1,680,152         \$ 151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563         139,223,150         61,866,361         1,806,422	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes         Unrestricted Investment Earnings           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         1,680,152         10,457,036 <td< td=""><td>Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Investment Earnings         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Mile           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         1,680,152         10,457,036           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563</td><td>Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Miscellaneous           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 9,453,724           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         7,886,326           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         10,228,644           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         7,838,918           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         6,338,136           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         6,496,744           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567         5,940,737</td><td>Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Miscellaneous           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 9,453,724         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         7,886,326         7,886,326         180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         10,228,644         162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         7,838,918         158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         6,338,136         171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         6,496,744         159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567         5,940,737         158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,1</td></td<>	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Investment Earnings         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Mile           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567           158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,163         63,507,087         1,680,152         10,457,036           151,206,891         44,823,472         288,563	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Miscellaneous           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 9,453,724           199,144,478         54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         7,886,326           180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         10,228,644           162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         7,838,918           158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         6,338,136           171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         6,496,744           159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567         5,940,737	Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions         Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         Other Taxes         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         Miscellaneous           \$ 219,099,005         \$ 48,685,758         \$ 10,152,937         \$ 172,892,782         \$ 64,721,509         \$ 3,748,232         \$ 2,599,001         \$ 9,453,724         \$ 199,144,478         \$ 54,921,106         2,643,194         171,345,442         63,692,635         1,192,532         7,697,406         7,886,326         7,886,326         180,989,254         55,775,221         241,614         178,334,826         52,415,824         1,329,971         4,340,030         10,228,644         162,741,112         47,886,362         3,797,230         184,948,778         58,948,208         1,472,563         6,099,495         7,838,918         158,016,882         49,336,296         230,520         184,296,632         63,684,470         1,639,876         23,336,761         6,338,136         171,547,698         49,679,243         1,072,994         173,966,160         66,816,061         1,646,312         27,165,438         6,496,744         159,743,894         46,855,762         3,277,547         161,936,175         65,068,745         1,816,842         21,831,567         5,940,737         158,495,470         54,124,643         394,596         142,220,1



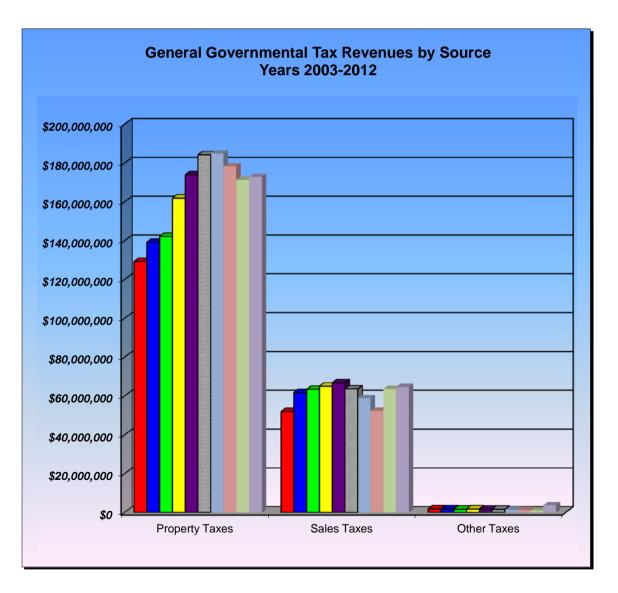
## Johnson County, Kansas Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

							F	Planning and			Inte	rest on Long-	
Fiscal		General	Public	Public		Health and		Economic	(	Culture and		Term	
Year	(	Government	Works	Safety	Ηι	ıman Services	ı	Development		Recreation		Debt	Total
2012	\$	121,428,691	\$ 56,201,387	\$ 115,395,790	\$	79,336,842	\$	4,101,588	\$	21,970,790	\$	372,224	\$ 398,807,312
2011		122,559,659	39,221,489	115,821,699		82,352,302		5,259,908		22,416,562		436,366	388,067,985
2010		99,984,101	52,528,774	110,382,044		85,547,641		6,072,658		22,453,775		723,558	377,692,551
2009		93,560,733	48,710,693	114,483,555		79,429,418		8,408,644		23,843,135		778,619	369,214,797
2008		73,360,726	46,845,970	127,137,837		82,910,854		23,110,110		23,033,442		1,092,150	377,491,089
2007		71,261,191	54,349,008	123,123,775		81,034,438		23,527,172		22,555,476		1,407,149	377,258,209
2006		65,528,919	48,494,629	113,339,836		78,104,338		23,774,305		21,322,091		1,515,485	352,079,603
2005		57,723,271	41,812,063	105,164,200		73,171,512		22,818,084		20,143,713		1,547,167	322,380,010
2004		46,402,188	46,987,125	107,125,841		73,812,912		23,006,309		19,321,971		1,568,926	318,225,272
2003		49,180,792	17,356,137	85,781,826		60,878,938		16,774,636		18,527,258		1,752,795	250,252,382



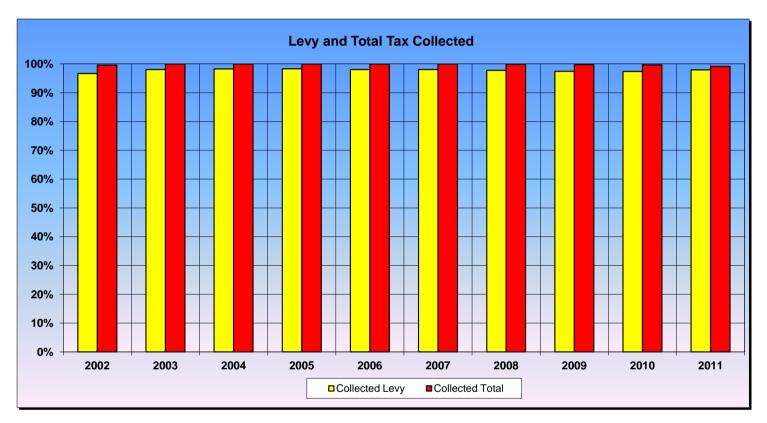
# Johnson County, Kansas General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Property	Sales	Other	
Year	Taxes	Taxes	Taxes	Total
2012	\$ 172,891,220	\$ 64,721,509	\$ 3,748,232	\$ 241,360,961
2011	171,345,442	63,692,635	1,192,532	236,230,609
2010	178,334,826	52,415,824	1,329,971	232,080,621
2009	184,948,778	58,948,208	1,472,563	245,369,549
2008	184,296,632	63,684,470	1,639,876	249,620,978
2007	173,966,160	66,816,061	1,646,312	242,428,533
2006	161,936,175	65,068,745	1,816,842	228,821,762
2005	142,220,163	63,507,087	1,680,152	207,407,402
2004	139,223,150	61,866,361	1,806,422	202,895,933
2003	129,336,256	52,022,478	1,840,375	183,199,109



## Johnson County, Kansas Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

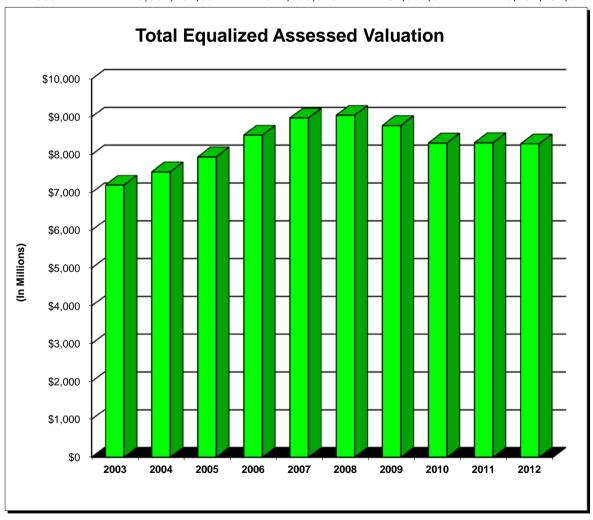
	Net				Delinquent			0	utstanding	Delinquent
Levy	Adjusted	Current	Percent		Tax	Total	Percent of	D	elinquent	Taxes to
Year	Tax Roll	Tax	of Levy	С	ollections	Tax	Total Tax		Taxes	Net Adj.
(1)	(2)	Collections	Collected		(3)	Collections	Collected (3)		(4)	Tax
2011	\$ 153,797,752	\$ 150,587,044	97.91%	\$	1,870,478	\$ 152,457,522	99.13%	\$	5,230,293	3.40%
2010	154,756,215	150,745,216	97.41%		3,424,114	154,169,330	99.62%		3,890,063	2.51%
2009	162,459,457	158,295,398	97.44%		3,737,001	162,032,399	99.74%		3,303,178	2.03%
2008	167,255,988	163,529,885	97.77%		3,473,139	167,003,024	99.85%		2,876,120	1.72%
2007	166,932,690	163,624,647	98.02%		3,222,215	166,846,862	99.95%		2,623,156	1.57%
2006	157,591,699	154,517,817	98.05%		3,026,446	157,544,263	99.97%		2,537,328	1.61%
2005	146,517,134	144,019,261	98.30%		2,420,994	146,440,255	99.95%		2,489,892	1.70%
2004	126,263,059	124,054,258	98.25%		2,145,010	126,199,268	99.95%		2,413,013	1.91%
2003	123,297,760	120,854,885	98.02%		2,376,690	123,231,575	99.95%		2,349,222	1.91%
2002	116,505,672	112,620,405	96.67%		3,397,567	116,017,972	99.58%		2,283,037	1.96%



- (1) Taxes levied in 2011 are due December 20, 2011 but may be paid 50% by December 20, 2011 and 50% by May 10, 2012.
- (2) Net Adjusted Tax Roll is the County Clerk's Abstract of Taxes plus new taxes less abated taxes.
- (3) Year 2002 to 2010 have been restated to break out delinquent taxes by levy year. Source County Treasurer.
- (4) K.S.A. 79-2401 et. seq. provides for the sale of property on which delinquent taxes are owed after three years of certified delinquency (approximately four years).

# Johnson County, Kansas Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	Real Property Assessed Value(1)	Personal Property Assessed Value(1)	Utilities Assessed Value(1)	Total Assessed Value
2012	\$	7,122,134,472	\$ 186,979,120	\$ 211,389,795	\$ 7,520,503,387
2011		7,126,890,386	213,473,539	211,621,640	7,551,985,565
2010		7,076,189,727	239,657,283	219,870,931	7,535,717,941
2009		7,434,948,723	311,426,499	223,153,015	7,969,528,237
2008		7,613,700,757	385,599,146	232,006,803	8,231,306,706
2007		7,441,729,299	496,710,813	230,509,813	8,168,949,925
2006		6,952,936,327	546,237,913	233,922,217	7,733,096,457
2005		6,426,527,762	522,165,861	229,797,418	7,178,491,041
2004		6,022,937,223	504,092,012	276,184,790	6,803,214,025
2003		5,691,787,337	526,605,820	262,899,814	6,481,292,971

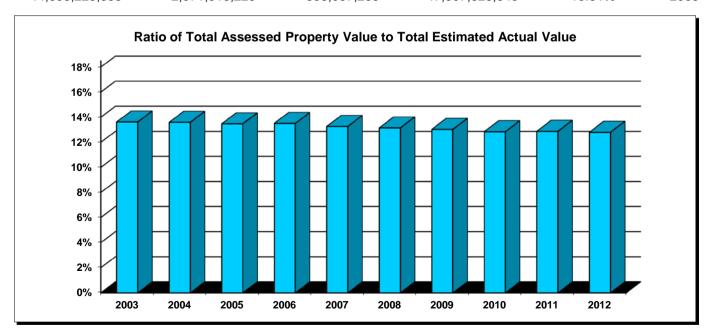


(1) Source: 2012 Annual Abstract of Taxes, County Clerk

## Johnson County, Kansas Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

 Motor Vehicle Assessed Value(1)	Recreational Vehicle Assessed Value(1)	Т	otal Equalized Assessed Valuation	Total Direct Tax Rate(2)	Year	
\$ 764,636,016	\$ 3,374,534	\$	8,288,513,937	20.866	2012	
763,748,689	3,504,557		8,319,238,811	20.845	2011	
772,108,497	3,591,197		8,311,417,635	20.906	2010	
798,765,258	3,590,529		8,771,884,024	20.867	2009	
807,538,885	3,602,032		9,042,447,623	20.824	2008	
798,621,975	3,700,267		8,971,272,167	20.947	2007	
783,704,614	3,706,787		8,520,507,858	20.909	2006	
761,555,444	3,553,249		7,943,599,734	20.877	2005	
739,386,265	3,446,192		7,546,046,482	18.997	2004	
713,163,335	3,320,568		7,197,776,874	19.335	2003	

Real Property Estimated Actual Value(3)	Personal Property Estimated Actual Value(3)	_Ac	Utilities Estimated ctual Value(4)	Total Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Estimated Actual Value	<u>Year</u>
\$ 57,324,971,665	\$ 735,451,205	\$	723,684,270	\$ 58,784,107,140	12.79%	2012
57,109,177,160	839,662,587		718,991,074	\$ 58,667,830,821	12.87%	2011
56,908,094,900	1,034,822,458		737,478,271	58,680,395,629	12.84%	2010
59,225,822,459	1,224,944,229		735,234,622	61,186,001,310	13.03%	2009
60,348,778,630	1,516,689,974		758,755,318	62,624,223,922	13.14%	2008
58,907,586,441	1,953,729,198		750,572,302	61,611,887,941	13.26%	2007
54,383,895,167	2,148,535,791		754,421,000	57,286,851,958	13.50%	2006
50,508,957,215	2,053,852,387		738,209,372	53,301,018,974	13.47%	2005
47,213,817,217	1,982,761,914		880,020,926	50,076,600,057	13.59%	2004
44,698,225,355	2,071,316,225		838,087,263	47,607,628,843	13.61%	2003



(1) Source: 2012 Annual Abstract of Taxes, County Clerk

(2) Total Direct Tax Rate is a combination of County and County Library levy rate.

(3) Source: County Appraiser

(4) Source: County Records and Tax Administration Office

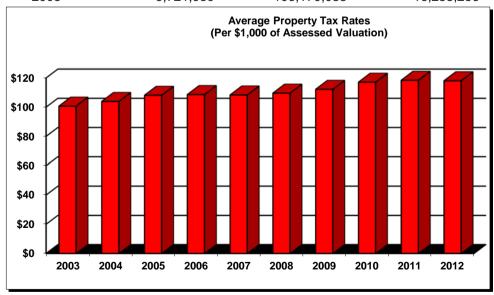
## Johnson County, Kansas Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates and Levies Last Ten Fiscal Years

TAX RATES\* Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Year	State	County	County Library
2012	1.500	17.717	3.149
2011	1.500	17.700	3.145
2010	1.500	17.748	3.158
2009	1.500	17.716	3.151
2008	1.500	17.767	3.057
2007	1.500	17.985	2.962
2006	1.500	17.949	2.960
2005	1.500	17.922	2.955
2004	1.500	16.041	2.956
2003	1.500	16.381	2.954

#### **TAX LEVIES\***

				County
State		County		Library
\$ 11,280,755	\$	133,240,925	\$	19,745,810
11,327,978		133,670,303		19,764,012
11,303,577		133,744,112		19,811,187
11,954,292		141,189,740		20,894,100
12,346,960		146,245,832		20,959,107
12,253,425		146,918,769		20,188,656
11,599,645		138,801,516		19,223,756
10,767,737		128,653,133		17,874,333
10,204,821		109,130,544		17,024,889
9,721,939		106,170,083		16,253,256
\$	\$ 11,280,755 11,327,978 11,303,577 11,954,292 12,346,960 12,253,425 11,599,645 10,767,737 10,204,821	\$ 11,280,755 \$ 11,327,978	\$ 11,280,755 \$ 133,240,925 11,327,978 133,670,303 11,303,577 133,744,112 11,954,292 141,189,740 12,346,960 146,245,832 12,253,425 146,918,769 11,599,645 138,801,516 10,767,737 128,653,133 10,204,821 109,130,544	\$ 11,280,755 \$ 133,240,925 \$ 11,327,978 133,670,303 11,303,577 133,744,112 11,954,292 141,189,740 12,346,960 146,245,832 12,253,425 146,918,769 11,599,645 138,801,516 10,767,737 128,653,133 10,204,821 109,130,544

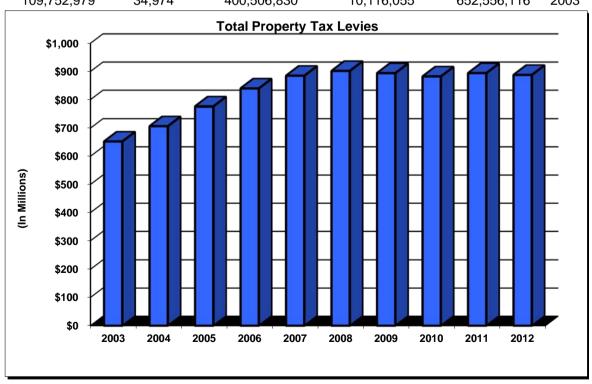


- \* Excludes special assessments.
- (1) Special Districts include Cemeteries, Drainage and Fire.
- (2) Grand Total (Weighted Average) is calculated by dividing grand total levy dollars by total assessed value for real, personal and utility property and multiplying the result by 1000 to convert to whole dollars.

# Johnson County, Kansas Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates and Levies Last Ten Fiscal Years

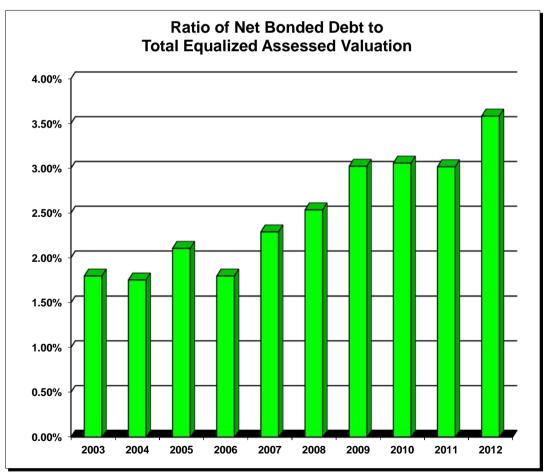
Cities Weighted	Townships Weighted	Schools Weighted	Special Districts Weighted	Grand Total Weighted	
Average	Average	Average	Average (1)	Average (2)	Year
20.623	0.198	73.736	3.308	118.044	2012
20.660	0.147	74.132	3.314	118.400	2011
18.898	0.149	74.716	2.998	117.085	2010
18.645	0.152	70.363	2.765	112.190	2009
18.580	0.152	67.899	2.748	109.579	2008
18.435	0.093	66.605	2.868	108.328	2007
18.329	0.103	66.960	2.983	108.600	2006
17.880	0.107	67.407	4.006	108.111	2005
17.765	0.105	65.191	4.171	103.890	2004
17.605	0.096	61.794	4.266	100.683	2003

Cities Total	Townships Total	Schools Total	Special Districts Total (1)	Grand Total	Year
\$ 150,460,843	\$ 68,005	\$ 554,525,615	\$ 18,424,598	\$ 887,746,551	2012
151,233,494	50,332	559,842,295	18,263,958	894,152,372	2011
137,949,627	51,732	563,036,197	16,422,068	882,318,500	2010
143,708,795	55,054	560,760,410	15,537,928	894,100,319	2009
147,788,587	57,648	558,896,054	15,688,068	901,982,256	2008
145,315,726	36,302	544,089,809	16,125,343	884,928,030	2007
136,757,256	38,114	517,806,857	15,584,677	839,811,821	2006
123,832,405	36,766	483,878,913	11,029,781	776,073,068	2005
116,199,467	35,727	443,511,220	10,678,098	706,784,766	2004
109,752,979	34,974	400,506,830	10,116,055	652,556,116	2003



Johnson County, Kansas
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value
and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

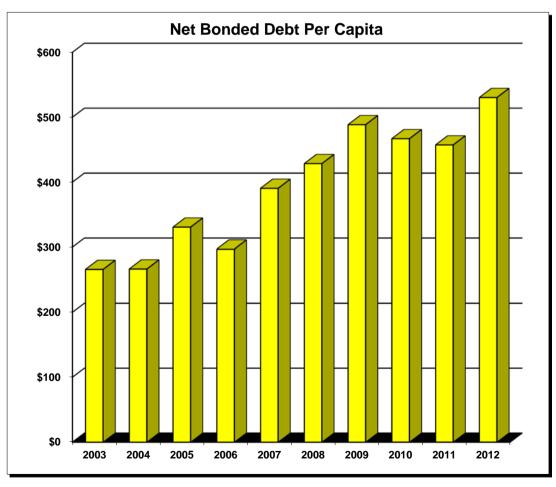
			Equalized				mount Set Aside for		
	<b>Population</b>		Assessed		Bonded	Re	payment of		
Year	(1)		<u>Valuation</u>		Valuation Debt		Debt	G.O. Debt	
2012	559,913	\$	8,288,513,937	\$	298,517,717	\$	1,589,392		
2011	548,837		8,319,238,811		252,184,547		1,200,751		
2010	544,179		8,311,417,635		255,538,880		1,452,174		
2009	542,737		8,771,884,024		267,957,829		2,826,554		
2008	535,000		9,042,447,623		229,550,443		283,994		
2007	525,938		8,971,272,167		210,186,132		4,822,736		
2006	516,285		8,520,507,858		158,334,179		5,013,455		
2005	505,578		7,943,599,734		172,251,912		5,059,579		
2004	496,892		7,546,046,482		137,659,756		5,170,446		
2003	486,943		7,197,776,874		130,822,792		1,280,180		



(1) See Demographic Statistics, later in this section.

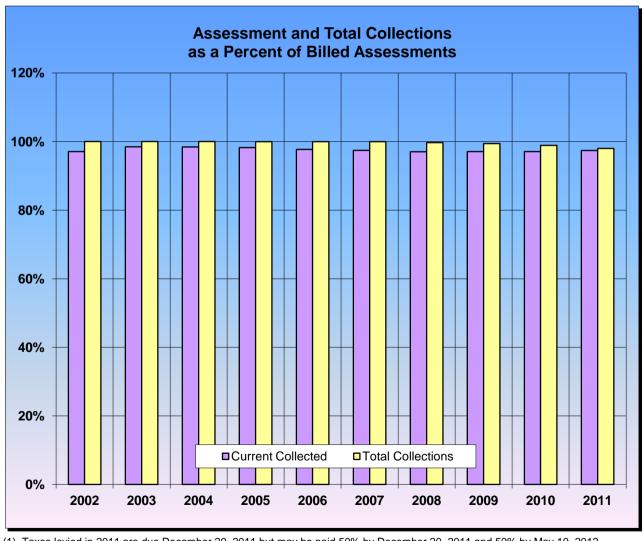
Johnson County, Kansas
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value
and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ratio of Net	Ratio of Net	Per				
Net	<b>Bonded Debt</b>	<b>Bonded Debt Per</b>	Capita	Net	Bonded		
Bonded	to Equalized	Capita to Per	Income	D	ebt Per		
Debt	Valuation	Capita Income	(1)	(	Capita	Year	
\$ 296,928,325	3.58%	0.91%	\$ 58,131	\$	530.31	2012	
250,983,796	3.02%	0.81%	56,550		457.30	2011	
254,086,706	3.06%	0.87%	53,821		466.92	2010	
265,131,275	3.02%	0.93%	52,472		488.51	2009	
229,266,449	2.54%	0.79%	54,395		428.54	2008	
205,363,396	2.29%	0.72%	54,110		390.47	2007	
153,320,724	1.80%	0.57%	51,797		296.97	2006	
167,192,333	2.10%	0.69%	47,809		330.70	2005	
132,489,310	1.76%	0.57%	46,443		266.64	2004	
129,542,612	1.80%	0.60%	44,124		266.03	2003	



#### Johnson County, Kansas **Special Assessment Billings and Collections** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Levy	Special Assessment	Special Assessment	Percent of Billings	Delinquent Assessments	Total Assessments	Percent of Total Collections
Year (1)	Billings (2)	Collections (2)	Collected	Collected (3)	Collected	to Billings (3)
2011	\$ 35,311,610	\$ 34,391,294	97.39%	\$ 219,140	\$ 34,610,434	98.01%
2010	33,926,042	32,931,476	97.07%	617,661	33,549,137	98.89%
2009	33,790,576	32,800,199	97.07%	784,110	33,584,309	99.39%
2008	31,380,798	30,450,044	97.03%	838,313	31,288,357	99.71%
2007	25,462,700	24,812,479	97.45%	639,455	25,451,934	99.96%
2006	23,929,454	23,387,496	97.74%	536,806	23,924,302	99.98%
2005	21,820,939	21,436,517	98.24%	379,660	21,816,177	99.98%
2004	20,550,691	20,222,923	98.41%	327,050	20,549,973	100.00%
2003	19,317,750	19,026,811	98.49%	290,464	19,317,275	100.00%
2002	18,217,570	17,683,463	97.07%	533,915	18,217,378	100.00%



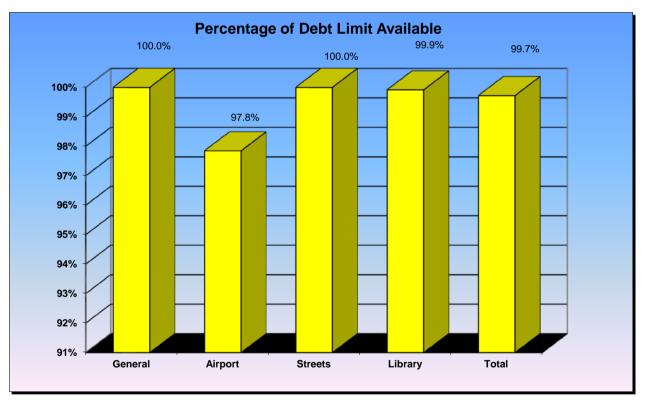
<sup>(1)</sup> Taxes levied in 2011 are due December 20, 2011 but may be paid 50% by December 20, 2011 and 50% by May 10, 2012.

<sup>(2)</sup> Billings and collections include Johnson County and all municipalities within Johnson County.

<sup>(3)</sup> Year 2002 to 2010 have been restated to break out delinquent taxes by levy year. Source County Treasurer.

## Johnson County, Kansas Legal General Obligation Debt Margin Computation 12/31/12

	General	Airport	Streets	Library (3)	Total
Assessed Valuation for Debt Limitation Purposes	\$ 8,288,513,937	\$ 8,288,513,937	\$ 8,288,513,937	\$ 6,883,326,978	\$ 31,748,868,789
Percentage Limitation (1)	3.0%	1.0%	2.0%	2.0%	
Dollar Debt Limit	248,655,418	82,885,139	165,770,279	137,666,540	634,977,376
Outstanding Debt (2)	975,000	1,786,090	-	600,000	3,361,090
Amount Set Aside for Repayment of G.O. Debt	1,106,865	-	<u>-</u>	482,527	1,589,392
Net Outstanding Debt	(131,865)	1,786,090	-	117,473	1,771,698
Available Legal Debt Margin	\$ 248,787,283	\$ 81,099,049	\$ 165,770,279	\$ 137,549,067	\$ 633,205,678



- (1) Source: 2012 Annual Abstract of Taxes, Johnson County Clerk, Kansas Statutes. General K.S.A. 10-306, Airport K.S.A. 3-307, Streets K.S.A. 68-584, Library K.S.A. 12-1257, Park and Recreation K.S.A. 19-2874.
- (2) Includes all general obligation bonds and notes except voting machine bonds, which are not subject to debt limitation. Also excludes Wastewater General Obligation debt (which is supported by user charges). Does not include debt obligation exempt from statutory limitations. General K.S.A. 25-134, 10-307, 10-427A, 10-311, Airport K.S.A. 3-304, Street K.S.A. 68-728.
- (3) Library total equalized tangible valuation excludes real and personal property located within the city limits of the City of Olathe, Kansas, and the City of Bonner Springs, Kansas.

## Johnson County, Kansas Direct and Overlapping Debt Computation 12/31/12

Entity	Total Debt (1)	Net Debt	Percent Applicable to Johnson County	Net Debt Applicable to Johnson County (2)	Total Assessed Valuation
Johnson County	\$ 11,958,678	\$ 10,369,286	100.00%	\$ 10,369,286	\$ 7,520,503,387
Cities					
Bonner Springs	22,395,000	22,068,387	3.94%	869,494	3,569,285
DeSoto	18,340,000	17,534,510	100.00%	17,534,510	56,173,145
Edgerton	10,945,106	10,945,106	100.00%	10,945,106	26,962,610
Fairway	7,675,000	7,590,571	100.00%	7,590,571	73,297,053
Gardner	52,570,000	52,076,857	100.00%	52,076,857	128,572,819
Lake Quivira	1,845,200	1,815,910		1,723,117	22,983,649
Leawood	64,050,000	56,972,885		56,972,885	740,612,210
Lenexa	107,090,000	101,468,762		101,468,762	844,699,048
Merriam	10,525,000	10,415,296		10,415,296	144,859,898
Mission	35,065,000	35,062,123	100.00%	35,062,123	114,151,182
Mission Hills	6,879,297	6,862,622		6,862,622	158,693,262
Mission Woods	-	, , , -	100.00%	, , -	6,588,053
Olathe	216,255,000	197,467,492		197,467,492	1,246,432,907
Overland Park	162,605,000	162,355,000	100.00%	162,355,000	2,648,371,219
Prairie Village	9,055,000	9,051,521	100.00%	9,051,521	282,359,048
Roeland Park	21,153,940	20,693,111	100.00%	20,693,111	60,446,819
Shawnee	73,670,000	70,718,795		70,718,795	672,722,899
Spring Hill	19,580,385	19,026,155		19,026,155	36,116,188
Westwood	-	-	100.00%	-	21,413,039
Westwood Hills	-	-	100.00%	-	6,651,770
Total	839,698,928	802,125,103	_	780,833,417	7,295,676,103
School Districts					
Blue Valley U.S.D. 229	329,720,000	321,239,945	99.97%	321,143,573	2,295,545,501
Spring Hill U.S.D. 230	87,935,000	82,315,474	77.57%	63,852,113	91,043,123
Gardner U.S.D. 231	109,940,000	103,752,097	97.45%	101,106,419	220,191,781
DeSoto U.S.D. 232	167,640,000	157,364,455	100.00%	157,364,455	371,535,275
Olathe U.S.D. 233	297,506,339	283,020,872	100.00%	283,020,872	1,666,869,027
Wellsville U.S.D. 289	5,720,000	5,111,582	0.10%	5,112	18,515
Eudora U.S.D. 491	61,619,867	60,670,518	2.75%	1,668,439	882,800
Shawnee Mission U.S.D. 512	193,790,000	193,130,371	100.00%	193,130,371	2,874,355,272
Total	1,253,871,206	1,206,605,314	_	1,121,291,354	7,520,441,294
Other Entities					
Community College	-	-	100.00%	-	7,520,503,387
Park and Recreation	2,660,000	2,627,393	100.00%	2,627,393	7,520,503,387
Fire District #2	3,130,000	3,130,000	100.00%	3,130,000	148,277,121
Total	5,790,000	5,757,393	_	5,757,393	15,189,283,895
		Total of Ove	rlapping Debt	1,907,882,164	
			Grand Total	\$ 1,918,251,450	

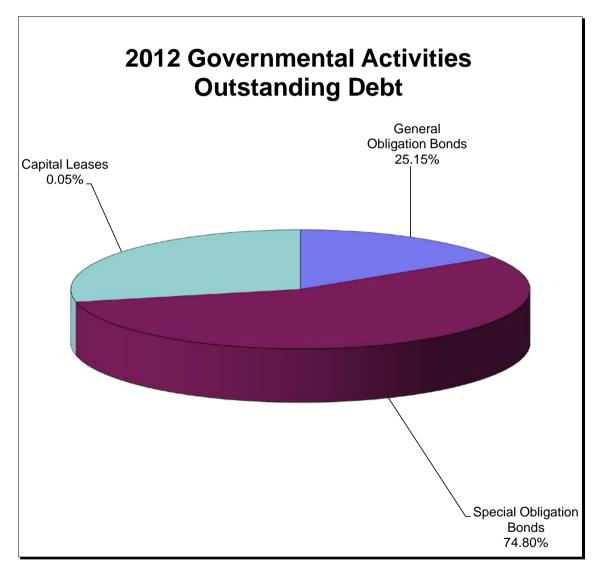
<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Obligation Bonds, Special Assessment Bonds with governmental commitment and General Obligation Notes. Excludes Airport and Wastewater General Obligation and Special Assessment debt (which are supported by user charges).

<sup>(2)</sup> Based upon assessed valuation within Johnson County as a percent of total assessed valuation.

(This page left blank intentionally)

## Johnson County, Kansas Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

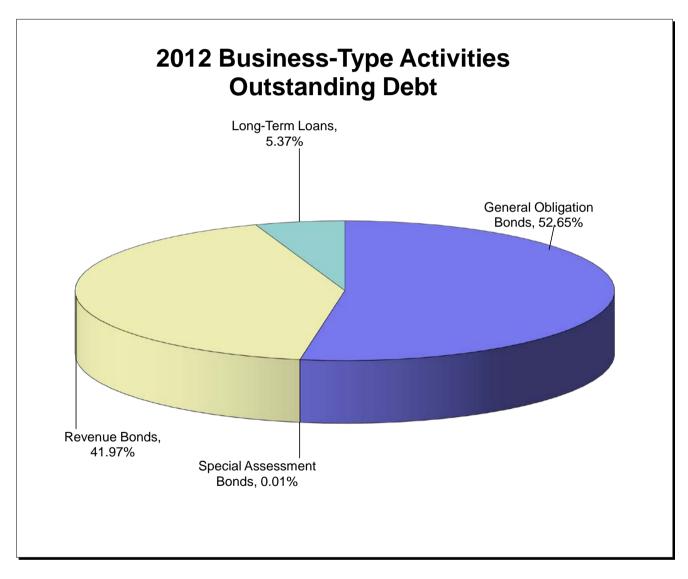
		Governmen	tal Activities		Business-Type Activities			
	General Obligation	Special Obligation	Special Assessment	Capital	General Obligation	Special Assessment		
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Bonds	Bonds		
2012	\$ 1,908,678	\$ 6,650,000	\$ -	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 289,959,039	\$ 33,910		
2011	2,784,129	8,280,000	-	5,499	241,120,418	38,755		
2010	4,684,385	9,950,000	-	13,360	240,904,495	48,600		
2009	8,644,298	10,835,000	10,600	20,790	248,478,531	139,887		
2008	8,546,260	12,405,000	18,473	27,813	208,599,184	602,867		
2007	10,773,156	18,160,000	26,346	49,377	181,206,249	689,993		
2006	12,967,014	19,685,000	36,013	25,062	125,682,165	767,269		
2005	15,173,626	21,270,000	47,680	29,405	135,808,286	833,696		
2004	16,043,767	22,960,000	59,347	34,046	98,655,989	899,419		
2003	18,416,222	20,200,000	71,014	64,144	92,206,570	1,036,398		



## Johnson County, Kansas Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

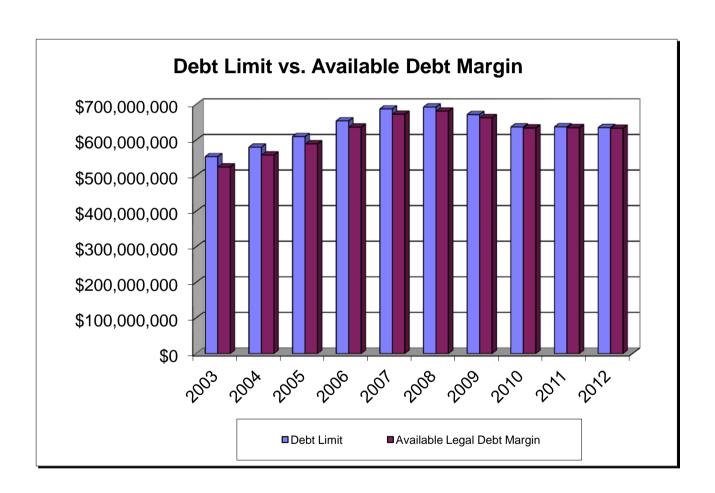
**Business-Type Activities** 

Revenue	Loan	Capital	Long-Tern	n Loans	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per	
Bonds	Payable	Leases	Wastewater	Airport	Government	Income	Capita	Year
\$ 231,109,024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,548,321	\$ 16,686	\$ 562,625,658	4.10%	\$1,004.84	2012
237,260,385	=	=	35,257,830	39,211	524,786,227	3.62%	956.18	2011
210,203,140	-	-	39,362,247	61,080	505,227,307	3.52%	928.42	2010
160,220,393	-	-	34,402,712	106,885	462,859,096	3.59%	852.82	2009
152,403,748	-	-	39,127,268	152,411	421,883,024	3.53%	788.57	2008
94,231,311	-	-	43,809,355	195,243	349,141,030	3.09%	663.84	2007
88,914,364	=	=	48,370,355	237,471	296,684,713	2.71%	574.65	2006
94,772,650	-	-	50,957,981	278,448	319,171,772	2.96%	639.01	2005
71,556,498	-	-	48,634,884	324,670	259,168,620	2.46%	530.84	2004
52,935,400	-	-	47,573,277	330,518	232,833,543	2.21%	494.13	2003



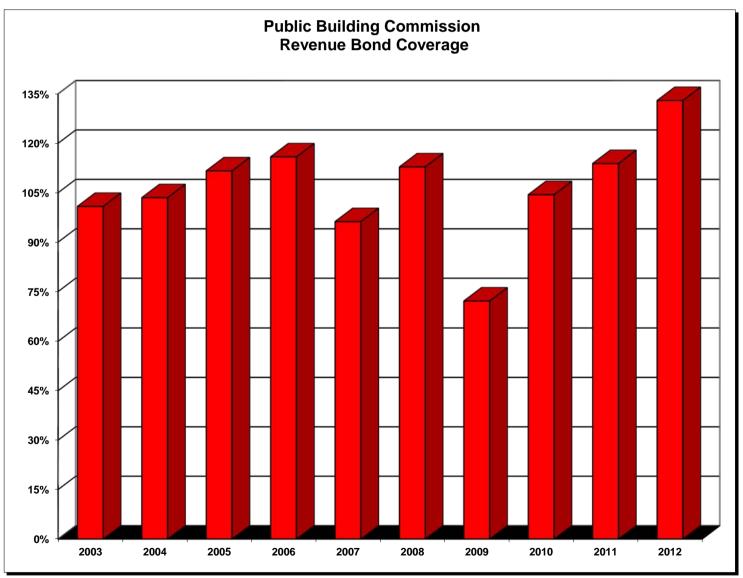
## Johnson County, Kansas Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				-	mount Set Aside for		Net	Available Legal	Total Net Debt Applicable to the
	Debt	0	utstanding	Re	epayment of	0	utstanding	Debt	Limit as a Percentage
Year	Limit		Debt		G.O. Debt		Debt	Margin	of Debt Limit
2012	\$ 634,977,376	\$	3,361,090	\$	1,589,392	\$	1,771,698	\$ 633,205,678	0.28%
2011	637,094,103		3,576,245		1,200,751		2,375,494	634,718,609	0.37%
2010	636,537,544		4,076,400		1,452,174		2,624,226	633,913,318	0.41%
2009	671,743,705		11,822,780		2,826,554		8,996,226	662,747,479	1.34%
2008	692,667,573		11,798,237		283,994		11,514,243	681,153,330	1.66%
2007	687,485,111		19,690,518		4,822,736		14,867,782	672,617,329	2.16%
2006	653,816,162		22,606,006		5,013,455		17,592,551	636,223,611	2.69%
2005	609,941,025		25,589,494		5,059,579		20,529,915	589,411,110	3.37%
2004	579,953,669		27,342,982		5,170,446		22,172,536	557,781,133	3.82%
2003	553,538,426		30,573,970		1,280,180		29,293,790	524,244,636	5.29%



# Johnson County, Kansas Public Building Commission Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

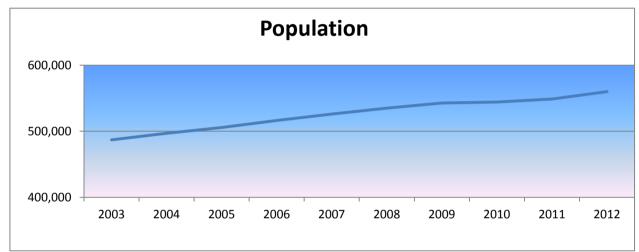
	Less: Gross Operating		Net Revenue Available for	Debt	Ser	vice Require		
Year	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principal		Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 28,239,865	\$ -	\$ 28,239,865	\$ 11,445,000	\$	9,790,327	\$ 21,235,327	133%
2011	21,005,623	-	21,005,623	9,455,000		8,993,865	18,448,865	114%
2010	16,437,670	-	16,437,670	8,725,000		7,018,786	15,743,786	104%
2009	10,627,731	-	10,627,731	7,430,000		7,303,112	14,733,112	72%
2008	11,422,827	-	11,422,827	6,200,000		3,923,101	10,123,101	113%
2007	10,209,731	-	10,209,731	6,615,000		3,994,571	10,609,571	96%
2006	11,086,909	-	11,086,909	5,940,000		3,626,645	9,566,645	116%
2005	8,519,430	-	8,519,430	4,900,000		2,731,474	7,631,474	112%
2004	6,298,763	-	6,298,763	4,205,000		1,880,574	6,085,574	104%
2003	8,004,802	-	8,004,802	6,555,000		1,382,913	7,937,913	101%

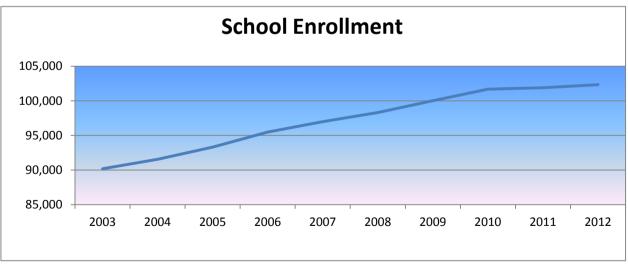


- (1) Gross Revenue includes nonoperating investment earnings.
- (2) Operating expenses do not include depreciation, amortization or interest expense.

# Johnson County, Kansas Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per Capita		Median Personal		Personal			K-12 School
Year	Population (1)		Income (1)		Age (1)			Income(1) **	_	Enrollment (2)
2012	559,913	*	\$ 58,131	*	36.60	*	\$	28,919,343	*	102,331
2011	548,837	*	56,550		36.50	*		28,132,818	*	101,899
2010	544,179		53,821		36.40			26,775,180		101,684
2009	542,737		52,472		35.70			26,104,071		100,020
2008	535,000		54,395		36.20			27,060,737		98,311
2007	525,938		54,110		36.00			26,918,953		96,991
2006	516,285		51,797		36.30			25,768,269		95,483
2005	505,578		47,809		35.90			23,784,296		93,316
2004	496,892		46,443		36.20			23,104,730		91,539
2003	486,943		44,124		35.80			21,668,847		90,175





<sup>\*</sup> County estimate based upon information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Census Bureau

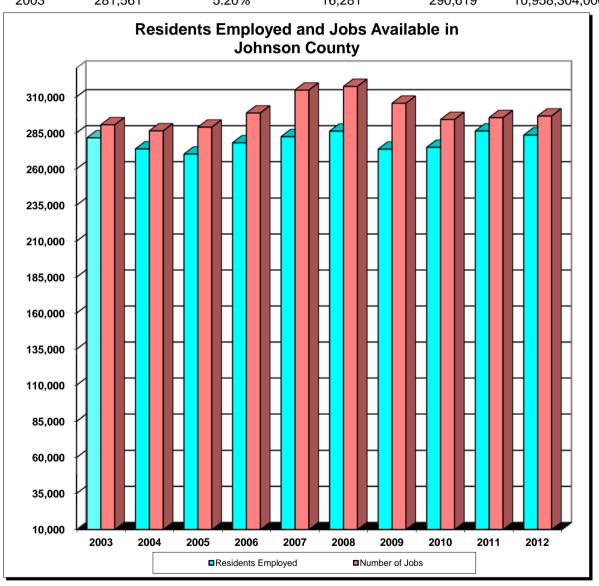
<sup>\*\*</sup> In Thousands

<sup>(1)</sup> Census Bureau

<sup>(2)</sup> Kansas Department of Education

# Johnson County, Kansas Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Residents	Unemployment	Number of	Number	Gross
Year	Employed (1)	Rate (1)	Employers (2)	of Jobs (2)	Payroll (2)
2012	283,455	5.20%	17,033	* 296,704 * \$	14,629,491,393 *
2011	286,295	5.90%	16,951	* 295,572 * \$	5 14,186,642,557 *
2010	274,963	6.50%	16,873	294,278	13,717,305,000
2009	273,682	6.80%	17,015	305,554	13,980,606,000
2008	286,187	4.40%	17,352	317,238	14,540,363,000
2007	282,346	3.90%	17,617	314,692	14,351,422,000
2006	278,108	4.10%	17,323	298,778	12,908,900,000
2005	270,262	4.60%	17,130	288,975	11,947,775,000
2004	273,859	5.00%	16,799	286,400	11,313,037,000
2003	281,561	5.20%	16,281	290,619	10,958,304,000



<sup>\*</sup> Estimated based upon prior years data.

<sup>(1)</sup> U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics and KS Dept. of Human Resources & Kansas Statistical Abstract.

<sup>(2)</sup> County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census and Kansas Statistical Abstract

## Johnson County, Kansas Principal Taxpayers and Employers

December 31, 2012

#### Principal Taxpayers

		2012			2003			
				Percentage of			Percentage of	
		Assessed		Total Assessed	Assessed		Total Assessed	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	
Kansas City Power and Light	Utility	\$ 78,859,768	1	1.05%	\$ 53,507,990	4	0.83%	
UCM/SREP-Corporate Woods	Real Estate	53,123,999	2	0.71%				
Oak Park Mall, LLC	Real Estate	43,039,969	3	0.57%	33,477,062	5	0.52%	
Southwestern Bell	Telecommunications	30,401,574	4	0.40%	73,153,127	2	1.13%	
HRPT Lenexa Properties Trust	Real Estate	24,150,490	5	0.32%	21,847,088	6	0.34%	
Leawood Town Center Plaza	Real Estate	23,008,252	6	0.31%	17,079,376	8	0.26%	
Kansas Gas Service	Utility	20,757,832	7	0.28%				
Sprint Corporation	Telecommunications	20,713,801	8	0.28%	122,227,081	1	1.89%	
Westar Energy	Utility	19,347,897	9	0.26%				
Perg Buildings, LLC	Shopping Center	17,848,470	10	0.24%	16,784,010	9	0.26%	
Knickerbocker Properties	Real Estate				54,647,410	3	0.84%	
Highwoods Realty Limited	Real Estate				19,463,100	7	0.30%	
ASP Lighton, LLC	Office Building				14,819,402	10	0.23%	
	<b>T</b> -4-1	<b>*</b> 004 050 050		4.400/	<b>*</b> 407.005.040		0.500/	
	Total	\$ 331,252,052	:	4.40%	\$ 427,005,646		6.58%	

Source: Johnson County Clerk and Appraiser's Office

Principal Employers

		2012			2003			
		Employees		Percentage of	Employees		Percentage of	
Employer	Type of Business	in County	Rank	Total Employment	in County *	Rank	Total Employment	
Sprint/Nextel	Telecommunications	8,000	1	2.82%	10,000	1	3.55%	
Olathe Unified School District	Public Education (K-12)	4,286	2	1.51%	3,200	6	1.18%	
Johnson County Government	Local Government	4,013	3	1.42%	3,400	5	1.25%	
Shawnee Mission School District	Public Education (K-12)	3,781	4	1.33%	3,900	4	1.43%	
Blue Valley School District #229	Public Education (K-12)	3,257	5	1.15%	2,200	8	0.81%	
Shawnee Mission Medical Center	Healthcare Services	3,013	6	1.06%	1,700	10	0.63%	
Garmin International Inc	Communication Equip Mfg	3,000	7	1.06%				
Johnson Co Community College	Public Education (Junior College)	2,784	8	0.98%	3,100	7	1.14%	
Black & Veatch	Engineering Services	2,381	9	0.84%	1,000	12	0.37%	
Farmers Ins-Cust Svc Ctr/Svc.Point	Insurance	2,145	10	0.76%				
OptumRX	Healthcare Services	2,000	11	0.71%				
United Parcel Service	Parcel Post	1,900	12	0.67%			0.00%	
Century Link	Telecommunications	1,800	13	0.64%				
Olathe Med Ctr	Healthcare Services	1,762	14	0.62%	1,000	18	0.37%	
City of Overland Park	City Government	1,303	15	0.46%				
Quest Diagnostics	Testing Laboratories	1,286	16	0.45%				
Reece & Nichols	Real Estate Agents & Brokers	1,162	17	0.41%				
Overland Park Regional Med Center	Healthcare Services	1,100	18	0.39%	1,000	19		
Convergys	Collection Agencies	1,070	19	0.38%				
Freightquote	Transportation	1,006	20	0.35%				
Yellow Corporation	Transportation				10,000	2	3.68%	
Leopoldstadt, Inc. (Favorite Nurses Inc.)	Healthcare Services				4,000	3	1.47%	
Harris Chemical North America	Chemical Products Mfg				2,000	9	0.74%	
Deffenbaugh Industries	Refuse Disposal				1,400	11	0.51%	
Employers Reinsurance Corp	Reinsurance				1,000	13	0.37%	
First Specialty Insurance	Insurance				1,000	14	0.37%	
Honeywell	Electronic Aviation Equipment				1,000	15	0.37%	
LabOne	Laboratory Testing				1,000	16	0.37%	
Layne Christensen Co.	Drilling				1,000	17	0.37%	
Universal Underwriters Group	Insurance				1,000	20	0.37%	
	Total	51,049		18.01%	53,900		19.32%	

<sup>\*</sup> Only estimates are available for 2003

Source: Above company information verified in at least two of the following sources.

<u>Dun & Bradstreet Million Dollar Database</u> <u>Reference USA Online Business Directory</u> <u>Sorkins Online Directory of Business & Government</u>

<u>Directory of Major Johnson County Employers 2012</u>, CERI, Overland Park, KS c. 2012

## Johnson County, Kansas Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year									
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*	2012*
<b>GOVERNMENTA</b>	L ACTIVITES:										
General Governn	<u>nent</u>										
Appraiser											
	Number of parcels appraised per year	225,847	230,097	235,517	240,904	241,450	239,705	243,540	246,091	244,287	243,871
Elections/Registra	ition										
· ·	Number of voter registration applications processed	93,925	125,650	34,965	52,486	62,411	126,118	40,000	113,506	67,701	163,000
Dublic Cofety											
Public Safety Public Safety Com	amunication										
Fublic Salety Coll	Calls dispatched for Fire and EMS units	37,744	40,659	41,512	41,629	44,240	45,745	44,445	48,959	51,906	52,425
	·										
Sheriff	Niverbox of manager assessed for eathering	000 400	CEO 404	000 400	CEO 40C	674 600	C24 E00	CO4 4EE	C24 724	E00 077	004.400
	Number of persons screened for entry into courthouse Inmates booked	686,468 15,386	650,121 16,281	630,423 16,851	652,126 17,831	671,690 19,079	631,588 17,637	601,155 17,732	631,731 16,616	589,377 15,660	601,160 15,970
	Number of calls for service (patrol)	37,338	33,534	41.753	49.972	45.934	41.814	56.642	46.098	43,635	44,510
	Number of calls for service (dispatch) (1)	129,488	133,803	156,157	173,732	231,049	226,385	247,855	312,548	316,444	322,770
	Number of 911 calls received (1)	35,370	38,362	64,396	38,339	43,492	41,352	50,793	90,677	92,823	94,680
Emergency Mana	gement & Homeland Security										
Emergency manag	Number of households receiving information annually	18,000	22,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	30,000	28,000	30,000	30,000
	Number of persons trained	250	600	800	800	900	900	900	1,600	1,600	1,600
Health and Huma	an Services										
Health and Enviro											
Number of tir	mes public accesses the department's internet home page	82,490	105,319	125,492	175,758	193,333	86,000	86,860	78,905	67,511	69,846
	Number of County citizens accessing services	43,420	41,470	36,527	39,704	39,825	34,501	49,835	40,456	41,670	36,539
Human Services											
Tiulilan Services	Number of home-delivered meals	132,061	145,770	145,792	150,782	139,266	209,388	219,587	218,345	204,813	200,000
	Number of households provided rental assistance	1,344	1,367	1,370	1,387	1,403	1,456	1,533	1,756	1,696	1,750
Culture and Reci	reation										
Library Operating	<u> </u>										
zwiany operating	Number of volunteer hours in support of Library	27,864	25,970	30,655	31,208	38,065	36,312	41,677	46,373	48,776	50,918
Museum											
	Number of Museum visitors (2)	24,599	28,051	85,959	98,852	113,679	97,792	92,774	85,707	99,656	109,642
<b>BUSINESS-TYPE</b>	ACTIVITIES:										
Transportation											
<u>rransportation</u>											
	Total annual ridership (transit/paratransit)	405,000	368,249	392,402	400,188	491,123	625,753	578,818	577,965	624,101	687,489
	Number of total miles all vehicles travel per day	8,100	8,200	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,300

Source: County Budget book and various department data
\* Some 2011 numbers estimated. All 2012 numbers are estimates.

Note: Indicators for Public Works, Planning and economic development, Airport, Unified Wastewater District, and Public Building Commission are not available.

<sup>(1)</sup> In mid-2010, the County took over Olathe dispatch calls causing the spike in the call volume. (2) In 2005, the Museum added electronic visitors to this statistic.

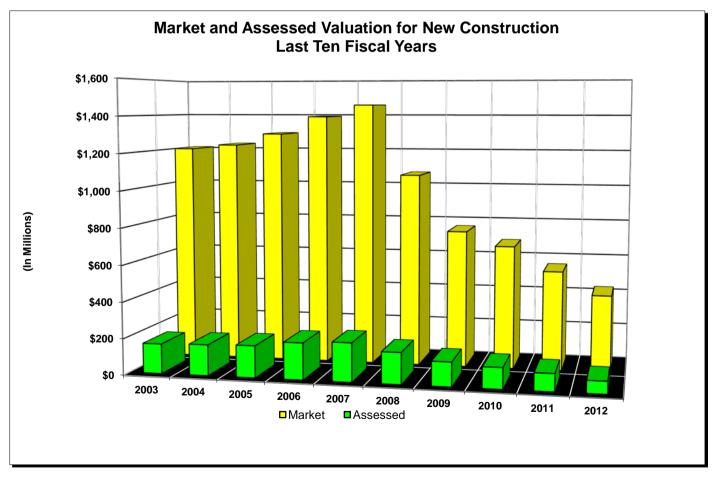
## Johnson County, Kansas Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES:										
General Government										
<u> </u>										
Department of Motor Vehicle buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Miles of hard surface pavement	267	270	273	279	275	252	256	246	246	239
Miles of gravel surface	243	240	239	234	237	224	220	214	214	192
Public Safety										
Med-Act Stations	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Jails	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Courthouse	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Health and Human Services										
Community Assistance Centers	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Culture and Recreation										
Number of Libraries	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Museums	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Parks	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	19
DUONIEGO TVDE ACTIVITIEG										
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:										
Airport										
Number of Airports	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Unified Wastewater District										
Total existing footage of sewer line	10,303,544	8,948,312	9,222,943	10,913,138	11,099,933	11,221,232	11,169,668	11,553,225	12,516,386	11,619,262
Total existing sewer permits	106,210	108,581	110,950	112,630	113,951	114,768	114,832	115,597	116,375	116,713
Water Treatment Plants	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6
Transportation										
Approximate Total of County Public Transportation Vehicles	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: County Budget book and various department data
Note: Indicators for Planning and economic development and Public Building Commission are not available.

# Johnson County, Kansas Value of New Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years

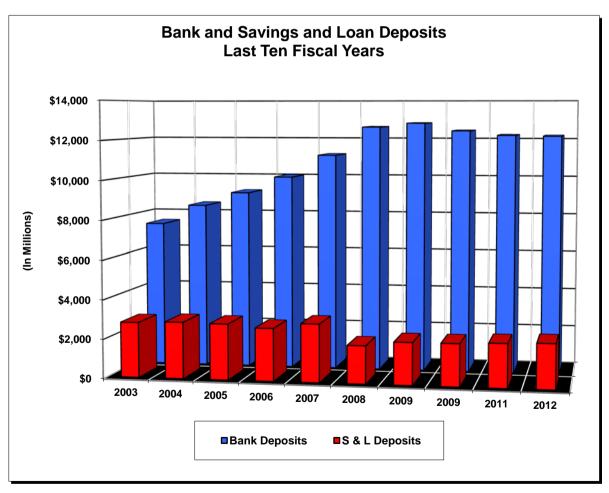
	Estimated Market Value		Estimated Market Value		Assessed Value of New Residential		Assessed Value of New Commercial		Number of Residential	Number of Commercial
Year	Residential		Commercial		Construction		Construction		Units	Units
2012	\$	279,751,350	\$	143,985,280	\$	32,171,408	\$	35,996,347	971	105
2011		309,558,000		239,354,260		35,599,202		59,849,369	990	122
2010		412,014,980		269,793,410		47,381,751		67,475,931	1,635	186
2009		441,090,900		316,355,810		53,713,313		78,812,125	1,957	274
2008		704,475,030		363,696,740		81,014,717		90,737,363	3,394	296
2007		1,125,588,542		332,491,034		129,443,110		83,132,723	5,809	235
2006		1,085,036,091		307,003,462		124,795,223		76,542,333	6,626	243
2005		1,099,564,723		194,495,107		126,448,643		48,556,550	6,970	209
2004		1,021,300,272		208,472,500		117,449,841		52,118,145	6,956	192
2003		1,021,727,478		185,176,360		117,498,269		46,276,165	6,774	213



Source: Johnson County Appraiser

# Johnson County, Kansas Bank and Savings and Loan Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years

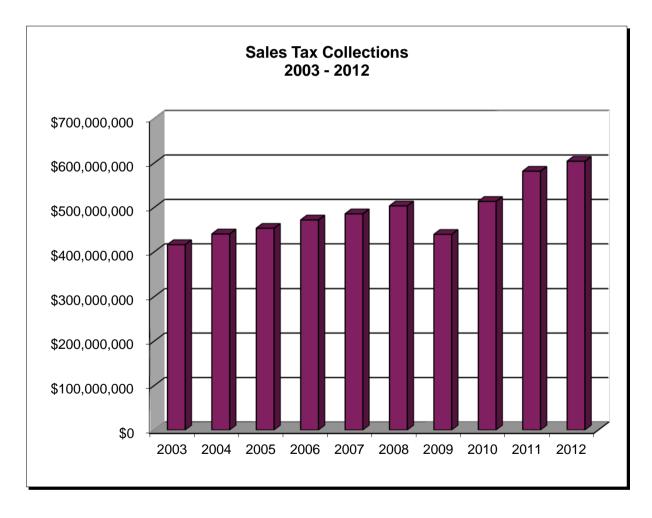
_	Commerc	cial Banks (1)	Savings & Loa	n Associations (1)		
·-	Number of	Deposits at	Number of	Deposits at		
Year	Institutions	June 30	Offices	June 30		
2012	60	\$ 12,182,000,000	25	\$ 2,271,000,000		
2011	62	12,221,000,000	28	2,217,000,000		
2010	59	12,443,000,000	31	2,148,000,000		
2009	59	12,831,000,000	32	2,147,000,000		
2008	57	12,627,000,000	29	1,920,000,000		
2007	55	11,158,000,000	33	2,947,000,000		
2006	54	10,005,000,000	30	2,671,000,000		
2005	50	9,162,000,000	39	2,836,000,000		
2004	49	8,474,000,000	38	2,869,000,000		
2003	48	7,478,000,000	36	2,805,000,000		



<sup>(1)</sup> Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

# Johnson County, Kansas Gross Sales and Sales Tax Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Gross Sales	Increase (Decrease) Over 2003 Base	Increase (Decrease) Over Previous Year	Sales Tax Collections	Increase (Decrease) Over 2003 Base	Increase (Decrease) Over Previous Year
2012	\$17,797,465,950	21.78%	0.69%	\$603,983,852	45.09%	3.85%
2011	17,676,256,038	20.95%	2.31%	581,574,152	39.71%	13.23%
2010	17,277,764,708	18.23%	5.36%	513,604,956	23.38%	16.90%
2009	16,398,273,736	12.21%	-12.99%	439,369,571	5.55%	-12.73%
2008	18,847,164,942	28.97%	1.76%	503,453,890	20.94%	3.67%
2007	18,521,838,590	26.74%	3.13%	485,638,096	16.66%	2.93%
2006	17,959,207,000	22.89%	7.70%	471,825,678	13.34%	4.11%
2005	16,675,407,614	14.11%	8.37%	453,186,261	8.87%	2.93%
2004	15,386,869,645	5.29%	5.29%	440,296,225	5.77%	5.77%
2003	14,614,024,833			416,276,770		



Source: Kansas Department of Revenue State Planning & Research

## Johnson County, Kansas Payroll By Industry and

#### **Tax Rates for Selected Kansas Counties**

December 31, 2012

#### **Payroll By Industry**

Type of Industry	Number of Employees	Number of Firms	Gross Payroll
Manufacturing and Mining	20,624	516	\$ 1,066,964,000
Utilities	355	13	28,259,000
Contract Construction	12,964	1,435	687,965,000
Transportation and Warehousing	12,171	308	395,138,000
Wholesale Trade	21,656	1,291	1,256,010,000
Retail Trade	35,728	1,860	918,860,000
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	30,370	2,579	1,892,565,000
Information	21,297	437	1,759,316,000
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	27,436	2,681	1,753,120,000
Management and Administrative Support Services	32,799	1,322	1,573,693,000
Social Assistance and Educational Services	38,231	1,849	1,634,504,000
Accommodation and Food Services	23,906	1,108	355,287,000
Other Services	12,443	1,214	315,531,000
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	4,282	235	79,609,000
Ti	otal 294,262	16,848	\$ 13,716,821,000

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Excludes government employees and self-employed individuals.

#### 2012 Tax Rates for Selected Kansas Counties (1)

	Lowest Tax Rates			Highest Tax Rates		
	County	Tax		County	Tax	
Rank	Name Name	Rate *	Rank	Name	Rate *	
1	Johnson	17.717	96	Republic	104.656	
2	Pottawatomie	25.975	97	Woodson	105.054	
3	Sedgwick	29.447	98	Stanton	107.674	
4	McPherson	31.255	99	Chautauqua	109.858	
5	Harvey	31.449	100	Lincoln	110.425	
6	Haskell	32.590	101	Phillips	115.701	
7	Thomas	34.162	102	Elk .	124.936	
8	Saline	34.823	103	Greeley	126.020	
9	Barton	34.865	104	Jewell	128.956	
10	Seward	34.891	105	Smith	129.503	

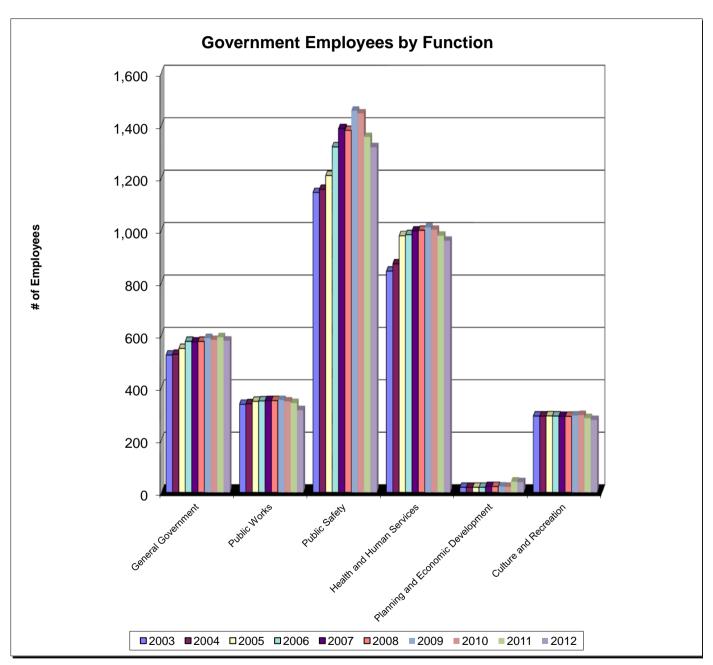
Source: League of Kansas Municipalities

<sup>\*</sup> Per \$1,000 assessed valuation

<sup>(1)</sup> Taxes levied in 2011 are due December 20, 2011 but may be paid 50% by December 20, 2011 and 50% by May 10, 2012.

## Johnson County, Kansas Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

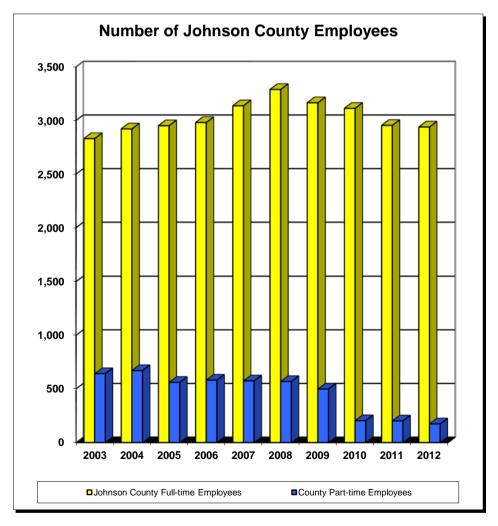
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
General Government	524	527	549	576	574	576	589	582	592	579
Public Works	336	338	347	349	350	350	352	347	341	314
Public Safety	1,144	1,156	1,209	1,318	1,388	1,381	1,456	1,446	1,356	1,317
Health and Human Services	844	872	979	983	997	1,000	1,011	1,002	979	960
Planning and Economic Development	19	19	19	19	22	22	22	21	41	39
Culture and Recreation	291	291	292	291	290	290	293	295	283	276
Total	3,158	3,203	3,395	3,536	3,621	3,619	3,723	3,693	3,592	3,485



Source: County Budget Department

#### Johnson County, Kansas Number of Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Number of Johnson	Number of Johnson
County	County
Full-time	Part-time
<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>
2,939	174
2,954	202
3,113	204
3,165	499
3,289	569
3,137	575
2,981	582
2,951	561
2,921	671
2,831	642
	Johnson County Full-time Employees 2,939 2,954 3,113 3,165 3,289 3,137 2,981 2,951 2,951



Source: Johnson County Payroll System.

## Johnson County, Kansas County Road System and

## **Unified Wastewater District Statistics**

December 31, 2012

#### **County Road System**

Pav	vement	Area
Hard surface Gravel surface Total miles:	239 miles 192 miles 431 miles	480 square miles

Source: Johnson County Public Works

#### **Unified Wastewater District**

	Footage o	f Sewer Line	Sewer	er Permits	
	Added in		Issued in		
Sewer District	2012	Total	2012	Total	
Blue River Main	33,053	1,413,940	415	13,496	
Douglas L Smith/Middle Basin	422	952,538	35	11,109	
Kansas City, Missouri	2,376	2,144,763	48	1,383	
Mill Creek Regional	11,774	2,760,205	433	19,097	
Mission Main	581	1,391,649	24	18,658	
New Century Air Center	2,746	117,686	7	399	
Tomahawk	3,168	1,541,014	107	35,717	
Turkey Creek	-	1,297,467	47	16,854	
TOTAL	54,120	11,619,262	1,116	116,713	

Source: Johnson County Unified Wastewater District

## Johnson County, Kansas Summary of Insurance in Force December 31, 2012

Company	Term	Coverage	Liability
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Mobile Construction Equipment and Radio Equipment	\$ 22,958,694
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	EDP Equipment incld Telephone Equipment	19,394,339
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Voting Machines	6,069,550
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Emergency Equipment	5,087,318
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Fine Art - Museum	2,938,930
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Real & Personal Property	737,926,904
Factory Mutual Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Boiler & Machinery	Included
Columbia Casualty Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Law Enforcement Professional Liability - Sheriff's Operations (1)	1,000,000
Columbia Casualty Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Law Enforcement Professional Liability - Sheriff's Operations (2)	2,000,000
Columbia Casualty Co.	04/12/12 - 04/12/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Community Corrections Adult Services (1)	500,000
Columbia Casualty Co.	04/12/12 - 04/12/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Community Corrections Adult Services (2)	1,000,000
Columbia Casualty Co.	07/01/12 - 07/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Community Corrections Juvenile Services (1)	1,000,000
Columbia Casualty Co.	07/01/12 - 07/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Community Corrections Juvenile Services (2)	2,000,000
Self-Insured	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Workers' Compensation & Employers Liability (4)	400,000/500,000
Safety National	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Workers' Compensation Specific Excess - Self-Insured Retention	Statutory Limit
Safety National	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Employers' Liability (4)	500,000
Hartford Ins. Group	08/26/12 - 08/26/13	Public Official Bond - County Treasurer	1,750,000
Hartford Ins. Group	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Public Official Bond - Health Officer	1,000
Hartford Ins. Group	01/18/12 - 01/18/13	Public Official Bond – Mental Health Board Treasurer	10,000
Liberty Mutual Ins. Co.	11/15/12 - 11/15/13	Public Official Bond - County Engineer	2,500
Hartford	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Public Employees Blanket Bond & Faithful Performance Bond (1)	1,750,000
Hartford	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Theft Disappearance and Destruction (1)	1,750,000
Federal Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Fiduciary Liability (1)	1,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability - JCDS (1)	1,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability – JCDS (2)	3,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Adolescent Center for Treatment (1)	1,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Premises & Professional Liability - Adolescent Center for Treatment (2)	3,000,000
Old Republic	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Airport Liability (1),(2)	10,000,000
Genesis Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Excess Automobile Liability - Self-Insured Retention: \$350,000 (3),(4)	500,000
Genesis Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Excess General Liability - Self-Insured Retention: \$350,000 (1),(3)	500,000
Genesis Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Excess General Liability - Self-Insured Retention: \$350,000 (2)	1,000,000
Genesis Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Public Officials E&O incld – Employment Practices Liability Self-insured Retention: \$350,000 (1)	1,000,000
Genesis Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Public Officials E&O incld – Employment Practices Liability Self-insured Retention: \$350,000 (2)	2,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Professional Liability - Mental Health (1)	1,000,000
Philadelphia Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Professional Liability - Mental Health (2)	3,000,000
Lexington Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Professional Liability - Public Health (1)	1,000,000
Lexington Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Professional Liability - Public Health (2)	3,000,000
Steadfast Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Switch Engine Physical Damage	480,000
Steadfast Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Switch Engine Liability (1)	1,000,000
Steadfast Ins. Co.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Switch Engine Liability (2)	3,000,000
Navigators Specialty Ins.	01/01/12 - 01/01/13	Data Security/Cyber Liability (1),(2)	1,000,000
Ace American Ins. Co.	04/04/12 - 04/04/13	Underground Storage Tanks	1,000,000
American Safety Risk	05/09/12 - 05/09/13	Contractor's Pollution Liability – Weatherization Program (1),(2)	500,000
Lloyds of London	07/01/12 - 7/01/13	Student Volunteer Personal Liability	1,000,000
QBE (Cigna) Ins Corp	07/01/12 - 7/01/13	Student Volunteer Accident Insurance	50,000

<sup>(1)</sup> per occurrence, (2) aggregate, (3) combined single limit and (4) each accident

Source: Johnson County Risk Management